

APPENDIX H

Stormwater Pollution Prevention for Small Residential Construction Sites

Why do stormwater discharges from construction activities matter?

When it rains, stormwater washes over the loose soil on a construction site, along with various materials and products being stored outside. As stormwater flows over the site, it can pick up pollutants like sediment, debris, and chemicals from that loose soil and transport them to nearby storm sewer systems or directly into rivers, lakes, or coastal waters. EPA works with construction site operators to make sure they have the proper stormwater controls in place so that construction can proceed in a way that protects your community's clean water and the surrounding environment.

What Defines a Small Residential Construction Site?

A small residential construction site is a residential lot is a lot or grouping of lots being developed for residential purposes that will disturb less than 1 acre of land, but that is part of a larger residential project that will ultimately disturb greater than or equal to 1 acre.

What are ten steps to Stormwater Pollution Prevention on Small Residential Construction Sites?

The purpose of good housekeeping is to prevent daily construction activities from causing pollution. The following steps and detailed graphic on the next page are ten steps, some used in Kirkwood's Tree and Residential Infill programs, which are good practices to reduce stormwater pollution.

1. Protect any areas reserved for vegetation or infiltration and preserving existing trees	6. Install inlet controls
2. Stockpile you soil	7. Install a concrete / stucco washout basin
3. Protect construction materials from run-on and runoff	8. Maintain a stabilized exit pad
4. Designate waste disposal areas	9. Post your stormwater BMP site plan
5. Install perimeter controls on downhill lot line	10. Site stabilization



