Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2020



Photo courtesy of Claire Budd Meacham Park Memorial Park

City of Kirkwood, Missouri

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020



Report issued by the Finance Department

Sandra F. Stephens Finance Director

Jennifer L. Forgy Assistant Finance Director

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City of Kirkwood

Introductory Section



September 15, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of Kirkwood, Missouri:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Kirkwood (City), Missouri, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, is hereby submitted. The City of Kirkwood's Finance Department prepared this report. The management of the City is responsible for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation of the financial statements and other information presented herein. We believe the presentation is accurate in all material respects and includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the City's financial activities.

This report has been prepared following the guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). This association awards Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to those governments whose annual financial reports are judged to conform substantially with the high standards of public financial reporting including generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. It is our belief that the accompanying Fiscal Year 2020 Financial Report meets these program standards, and it will be submitted to the Government Finance Officers Association for review.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Kirkwood is located in St. Louis County, approximately 14 miles west of the City of St. Louis. The City covers approximately 9.1 square miles and is bounded by Interstate 44 on its southern boundary and traversed by Interstate 270 near its western boundary. Together, the interstate highways provide excellent access to all parts of the St. Louis metropolitan area.

Kirkwood was the first planned suburban residential area west of the Mississippi River. The City was established in 1853, incorporated in 1865, re-incorporated as a fourth class city in 1899, and as a third class city in 1930. In 1984, the City became a home rule city as permitted under a 1971 amendment to the Missouri Constitution.

Known as "The Green Tree City," the City is an attractive suburban residential community with tree-lined streets, a vibrant downtown shopping district, and a highly rated public school system. The City has a diverse economic base, which includes several large retailers, limited industries, and many small specialty shops. Kirkwood also is a scheduled daily stop on Amtrak's St. Louis to Kansas City route.

Missouri State Law and City ordinances require annual budgets to be prepared for the General and Special Revenue Funds on a basis that approximates generally accepted accounting principles. For the period covered by this annual financial report, budgetary control over expenditures was exercised by the City Council throughout the entire fiscal year. The City Council could amend the budget throughout the year provided total expenditures appropriations did not exceed projected revenues plus unencumbered reserves.

Appropriation transfers were made within or between departments with the approval of the Chief Administrative Officer. All budget amendments in excess of the original budget were approved by City ordinances or by transfer from an amount appropriated for contingencies. A City policy, which is not required by state statute, requires all budget amendments or transfers of \$10,000 or more be approved by ordinance. Therefore, the legal level of budgetary control is established by law at the sub object or account level.

The City's accounting system provides for internal controls to ensure that assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and are properly accounted for. The City has designed a comprehensive set of internal controls to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

It is the opinion of management that the internal controls utilized are adequate and provide for the safeguarding of assets and assure proper recording of financial transactions.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

In order to continue to deliver the high quality of life for our citizens, we must have strong stewardship of our finances. The City's finance staff monitors closely the day to day cash flow and budget expenditures. Our strong fund balances are one of the primary reasons the City of Kirkwood has been able to maintain and keep the Aa2 bond rating. This is only one level from the highest rating possible. The strong investment grade bond rating has allowed the City broad access to the credit markets over the years and provided opportunity to borrow funds at some of the lowest possible borrowing costs, which can and will save our citizens hundreds of thousands of dollars whenever new debt is issued. We must strive to maintain and build our strong fund balances citywide.

We continue to evaluate opportunities to create and drive new revenue streams for the City. Opportunity abounds in the controlled redevelopment of our commercial corridors. The Envision Kirkwood 2035 Plan will guide development that is sustainable, and

complimentary to the character and current land uses throughout the City for years to come. Through the implementation of the Downtown Master Plan, the City will benefit by engaging in strategic investment through the SBD, and directing quality development to underutilized locations of the downtown area. This is exemplified by the new Performing Arts Center which, along with The Magic House, St. Louis Children's Museum, will act as an anchor for an arts and entertainment sector in downtown. These investments will provide the seeds of change to more fully realize great potential in underdeveloped sites.

The City needs to refocus its efforts regarding economic development opportunities. The Zoning and Code Subcommittee of City Council is working diligently to update our zoning code to allow flexibility in certain redevelopment situations. This will be a key piece of the puzzle in securing quality private investment in some of the City's more difficult to develop properties. Obtaining highest and best use on these underutilized land parcels will grow the property and sales tax bases to provide the highest quality services our citizens' demand and expect.

Threats to the City's fiscal health do not end at the economy or the weather they now include a global pandemic. In March 2020 the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of COVID-19 coronavirus a global pandemic. As a result, economic uncertainties have arisen which could adversely affect financial stability. City Council adopted a fund balance policy to provide long-term financial stability during times of uncertainty, and over the years have built up the General Fund fund balance.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

State statutes and the City Charter require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Hochschild, Bloom & Company, LLP was selected by the City Council for this year's audit. The external auditors met with the City's Audit Committee at the start of fieldwork and at the conclusion of fieldwork. The Audit Committee met together and privately with the external auditors and management to ensure review and oversight. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial reporting to the City of Kirkwood, Missouri, for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United Sates and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. The preparation of the CAFR was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance department. Each member of the department and all City employees who

supplied information have our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership, interest and support of the Mayor, City Council and Chief Administrative Officer, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Sandra Stephens Sandra Stephens

Director of Finance

CITY OFFICIALS

MAYOR

Timothy Griffin

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Maggie Duwe

Ellen Edman

Nancy Luetzow

Wallace Ward

Kara Wurtz

Mark Zimmer

COUNCIL STAFF

Laurie Asche

City Clerk

ADMINISTRATION

Russell Hawes

Chief Administrative Officer

Georgia Ragland

Asst. Chief Administrative Officer

Fredrick Doss

Public Information Officer

DEPARTMENT HEADS

Sandra Stephens

Finance Director

David Weidler

Purchasing Director

Kevin Campe

Information Systems Director

Brian Murphy

Police Chief

James Silvernail

Fire Chief

Mark Petty

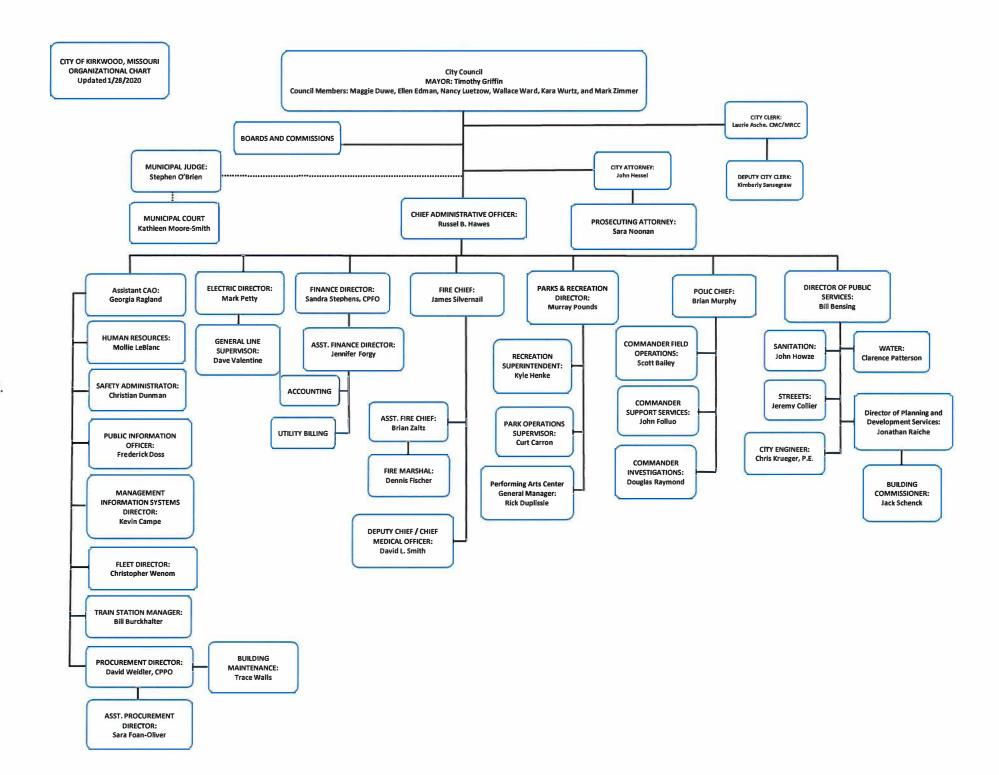
Electric Director

Bill Bensing

Public Services Director

Murray Pounds

Parks and Recreation Director





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Kirkwood Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

March 31, 2019

Chartophe P. Morill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Kirkwood

Financial Section



Hochschild, Bloom & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants Consultants and Advisors

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 15, 2020

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **CITY OF KIRKWOOD**, **MISSOURI** (the City) as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that our audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of March 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic

financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2020 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mochaelld, Bloom + Company LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Chesterfield, Missouri

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

As management of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD, we offer readers of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD for the fiscal year ended MARCH 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i through v of this report. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$137,810 (net position). Of this amount, \$99,734 is net investment in capital assets; \$28,606 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. While \$9,470 is restricted for a specific use (see NET POSITION, page 17).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,477 a decrease of \$14,818 in comparison with the prior year. This decrease is due primarily to the use of bond proceeds received in fiscal year 2018 for the performing arts center, and general government capital improvements. A total of \$6,571 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). While \$18,906 has been assigned for a specific use (see FUND BALANCES, page 19).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, nonspendable, assigned, and unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$8,269, or 33 percent of total general fund annual operating expenditures.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, nonspendable, assigned, and unassigned net position for our business-type activities were \$53,009. Electric and Water funds both had an increase in net position. Sanitation fund had a decrease in net position of \$538.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S basic financial statements. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Overview of Financial Statements (continued)

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD include general government, public safety, highways and streets, economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD include Water, Sanitation and an Electric Distribution operation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the CITY OF KIRKWOOD itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Industrial Development Authority for which the CITY OF KIRKWOOD is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported by the City.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Overview of Financial Statements (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The CITY OF KIRKWOOD maintains 9 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, public park board, police & fire property tax pension and our two voter approved capital improvement funds which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The CITY OF KIRKWOOD adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, public parks, and P&F property tax pension fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general, public parks, and P&F property tax pension fund. Due to the management controls adopted, which provide for the budget to be controlled at a detail greater than the statutory level of control, the legal level of budgetary control for all governmental funds is established at the sub object level. Compliance with the legal level of budgetary control is demonstrated through the issuance of a separate report, which is available for inspection on the city's web site www.kirkwoodmo.org or at the Finance Department.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 22 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Sanitation and for its Electric Distribution operation. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S various functions. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD uses internal service funds to account for the maintenance & repair of its vehicles and equipment, worker's compensation program and to self-insure for our healthcare needs. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water distribution, Sanitation and for the Electric Distribution operation, the three of which are considered to be major funds of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Overview of Financial Statements (continued)

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 26 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 and 28 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 76 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S budgetary comparisons. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 77.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, the nonmajor governmental funds budget comparisons, and internal service funds are presented in other supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 84 through 102 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$137,810 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S net positions (72 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) net of related debt. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The second largest portion of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S net position is the unrestricted portion of net position (21 percent).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

The following table reflects the condensed statement of net position as of MARCH 31, 2020:

City of Kirkwood's Net Position

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities					Total			
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020			
ASSETS		7.5							
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 47,485 66,559	\$ 33,553 81,998	\$25,867 38,334	\$ 21,556 44,015	\$ 73,352 104,893	\$ 55,109 126,013			
Total Assets	114,044	115,551	64,201	65,571	178,245	181,122			
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES									
Deferred charge on Refunding			98	<u>, 111</u>	98	111			
LIABILITIES									
Long-term liabilities Outstanding Other liabilities	25,759 4,861	24,399 6,351	12,096 1,494	11,306 1,367	37,855 6,355	35,705 7,718			
Total Liabilities	30,620	30,750	13,590	12,673	44,210	43,423			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	65,595 8,679 9,150	66,613 9,228 8,960	27,883 683 22,143	33,121 242 19,646	93,478 9,362 31,293	99,734 9,470 28,606			
Total Net Position	\$ 83,424	\$ 84,801	\$ 50,709	\$ 53,009	\$134,133	\$137,810			

A portion of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S Governmental Activities net position (10 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net positions* \$8,960 (11 percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the CITY OF KIRKWOOD is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole, business type activities as well as for its component unit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

The CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S net position increased by \$3,677 during the current fiscal year as a result of the activity shown in the following table:

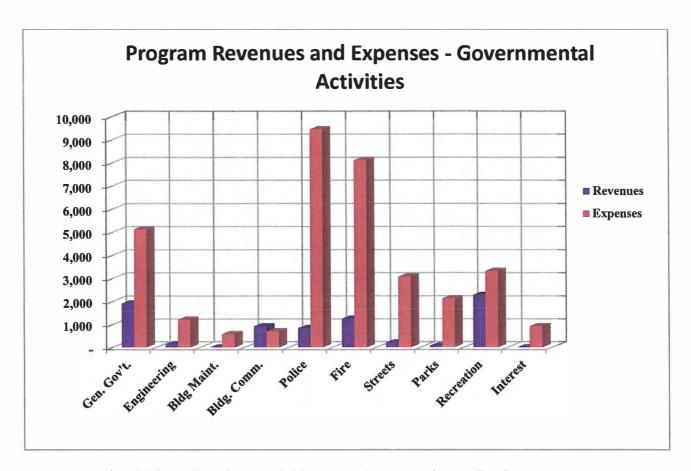
City of Kirkwood's Changes in Net Position

	Govern Activ			ss-type vities	To	tal
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Revenues: Program Revenues:	: -					
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 6,893	\$ 6,763	\$ 37,438	\$ 34,625	\$ 44,331	\$ 41,388
contributions Capital grants and	199	374		53	199	427
contributions General Revenues:	452	539	362	3,222	814	3,761
Property taxes	5,228	4,774			5,228	4,774
Other taxes	19,485	19,701			19,485	19,701
Other revenues	1,188	1,273	669	716	1,857	1,989
Total Revenues	33,445	33,424	38,469	38,616	71,914	72,040
Expenses:						
General government	5,986	5,131			5,986	5,131
Engineering	1,043	1,218		22	1,043	1,218
Building maintenance	513	587		- mw	513	587
Building commissioner	739	705		1755	739	705
Police	9,106	9,457			9,106	9,457
Fire	7,209	8,110	3.000	3.00	7,209	8,110
Streets	3,623	3,085		-22	3,623	3,085
Parks	2,065	2,137	1 (****)	· ·	2,065	2,137
Recreation	2,980	3,329	-	-	2,980	3,329
Interest on long-term debt	1,007	926			1,007	926
Electric	***		26,114	24,987	26,114	24,987
Water			4,967	5,147	4,967	5,147
Sanitation			2,604	3,544	2,604	3,544
Total Expenses	34,271	34,685	33,685	33,678	67,956	68,363
Increase (decrease) in net position before						
transfers	(826)	(1,261)	4,784	4,938	3,958	3,677
Transfers	2,433	2,638	(2,433)	(2,638)		
Increase (decrease)						
in net positions	1,607	1,377	2,351	2,300	3,958	3,677
Net Position- April 1	81,817	83,424	48,358	50,709	130,175	134,133
Net Position-March 31	\$ 83,424	\$ 84,801	\$ 50,709	\$ 53,009	\$134,133	\$137,810

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

The following exhibit presents expenditures and program revenues of governmental activities:



Governmental activities and Business activities showed growth this past fiscal year.

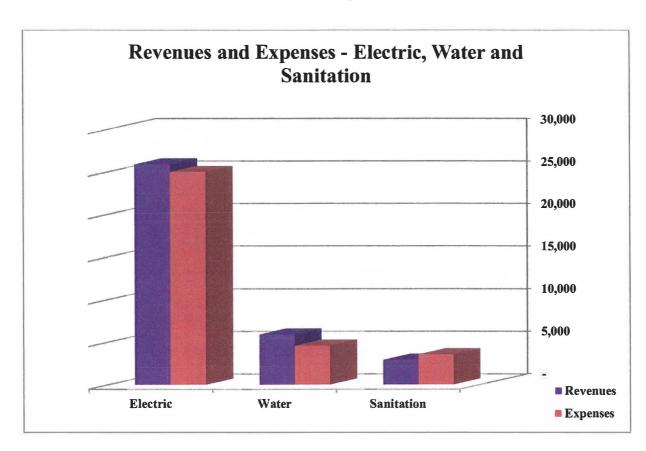
Overall governmental revenues have remained flat with a small increase however the City is still concerned because of the future economic downturn relating to COVID-19.

Business-type Activities. Our Water and Electric, business-type activities showed a positive increase in net position. The largest increase was in the electric fund which had an increase in net position of \$2,617. The Sanitation, business-type activity had a decrease in net position of (\$538).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Business-type Activities (continued)

- Operational revenues for electric, water, and sanitation services decreased by \$2,760 compared to our last fiscal year. Operating expenses compared to the last fiscal year decreased by \$45. The rainy spring and mild summer decreased usage so we sold less electricity and water.
- The Water Distribution System purchases 100% of its water from Missouri American Water Company. The water is delivered to Kirkwood through five separate interconnects and a long term contract with Missouri American Water system have made our system more reliable, in addition to providing the City with predictable costs.
- Sanitation had a \$367 change in net position in 2019. Sanitation's change in net position in 2020 is a decrease of (\$538). Sanitation's decrease is attributed the implementation of automated solid waste collection services during 2020 which included an expenditure of \$475 for roll carts. The roll carts were not capitalized.

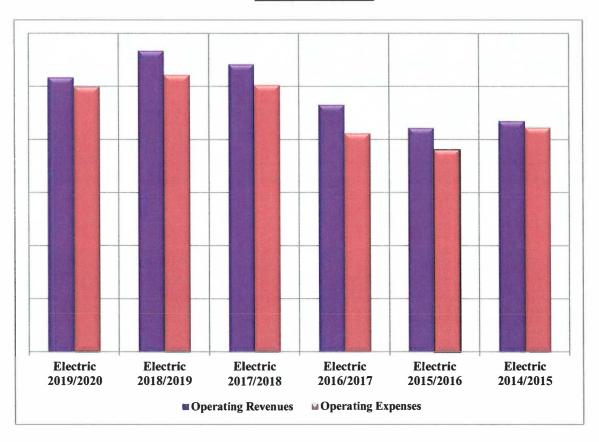


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued)

ELECTRIC FUND



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the CITY OF KIRKWOOD uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$25,477, a decrease of \$14,818 in comparison with the prior year. This decrease is due to the use of bond proceeds received in a prior fiscal year and the general government capital fund using fund balance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (continued)

Approximately (26 percent, \$6,571) of this total ending fund balance constitutes unassigned *fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either assigned, nonspendable, or restricted. To indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) Nonspendable, inventory, and prepaid items (\$74), 2) Restricted, legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (\$18,832).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the general fund was \$8,269.

The fund balance of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S general fund increased by \$293 during the current fiscal year.

The fund balance of the Public Park Board decreased by (\$67) during the current fiscal year. A key factors in the increase was:

• Park capital projects went from \$339 in 2019 to \$442 in 2020.

The fund balance of the Police & Fire property Tax Pension Fund increased by \$99.

• We are maintaining the property tax rate however we historically continue to use fund balance. We hired on seven new firefighters and as a result of Proposition P passing council gave all of our police officers a 6.25 salary increase. We are paying deferred contributions and Medicare for police and fire from the general fund. Council reversed the voluntary reduction in the police and fire property tax which increased our property tax collections by \$190. These actions have cut in half the deficit from previous years. In 2020 council authorized an operating transfer of \$200,000 from Prop P monies in the General Fund to the Police & Fire Property Tax Pension Fund.

The fund balance of the Capital Improvement Fund decreased by (\$536) during the current fiscal year. Key factors in the decrease were:

- Increased street expenditures used funds from the fund balance.
- Total capital expenditures increased by \$669 over 2019 totals.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (continued)

The fund balance of the Park Capital Improvement Fund decreased by \$14,313 compared to the previous fiscal year. A key factor in the decrease were:

• Use of bond proceeds issued in 2018 meant the decreased fund balance was used to fund the performing arts center construction.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$92, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. In 2020, the City retired the general obligation debt. The City will transfer the remaining money to the General Fund in FY2021 as allowed by law. Section 108.180 RSMo provide that any moneys remaining after the bonds have been paid shall be transferred to the "general revenue fund" of the City.

Proprietary Funds. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Proprietary funds at the end of the year increased by \$2,300. The total change in net position for the water fund was \$221, sanitation fund was (\$538) and \$2,617 in the electric fund. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the General Fund original budgeted expenditures and the final amended budgeted expenditures increased \$220. The variance between the final amended budget and actual results was \$1,438. Key factors for this variance are:

- The CITY OF KIRKWOOD annually budgets a contingency to be used for emergency purposes. In 2020 the original budget was \$450 and final budget was \$388. The contingency budget appropriations are transferred as needed throughout the fiscal year to the appropriate general ledger account.
- Personnel services variance was \$463. This is attributed to open staff positions and the time it took to fill the positions.
- The CITY OF KIRKWOOD budgeted for the interfund loan principal payment of \$120 to provide authorization. The actual principal payment is a balance sheet transaction and the actual results are not shown in the expenditure account.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of MARCH 31, 2020, amounts to \$126,013 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total increase in the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$21,120.

Additional information on the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S capital assets can be found in note 4 on pages 51 through 54 of this report.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the CITY OF KIRKWOOD had total debt outstanding of \$34,011. The remainder of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., leasehold revenue bonds) and notes.

City of Kirkwood's Outstanding Debt

		Goven	mental	l		Busines	ss-type					
		Acti	vities			Activ	ities			To	tal	
	20) <u>19</u>	<u>20</u>	20	2	019	20	20	20)19	<u>20</u>	020
General												
Obligation												
Bonds	\$	525	\$	-	\$	122	\$		\$	525	\$	
Certificates of												
Participation	\$23	3,515	\$23	3,035	\$	9,330	\$ 8,	,075	\$32	2,845	\$31	,110
Capital Leases	\$	446	\$	80	\$	2,631	\$ 2,	,407	\$:	3,077	\$ 2	2,487
Lease/Purchase	\$		\$	(44)	\$	***	\$	413	\$	-	\$	413

The CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S total debt decreased by (\$2,436) during the current fiscal year. The City issued \$523 in debt in the fiscal year ending MARCH 31, 2020.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD has available a 100% of the current debt limitation of \$96.912.

Additional information on the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S long-term debt can be found in note 6 on pages 61 through 67 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- While the Electric Fund is healthy our plan is to increase our profit margin by purchasing the lowest cost electric power possible to supplement our long term purchasing contract with Prairie State.
- Our sanitation fund is back on solid financial footing. However, in November 2019 the single stream recycling material market crashed causing the Sanitation Fund an operational increase of \$350. In FY2021, Council will be considering a rate adjustment.
- Council increased the water rates by 3% and will evaluate small increases for the next few years.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S budget for the 2020/2021 fiscal year. Subsequent to the adoption of the 2020/2021 fiscal year budget, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of COVID-19 coronavirus a global pandemic. As a result, economic uncertainties have arisen which could adversely affect financial stability. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD's Council and the Chief Administrative Officer implemented the following changes for the 2020/2021 fiscal year.

- Hiring freeze for all opened positions
- Budget reductions
 - o General Fund reduced \$550
 - o Capital Improvement Fund reduced \$1,851
 - Water Fund reduced \$106
 - Sanitation Fund reduced \$335
- Suspended the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S employer 2% deferred compensation match through March 31, 2021 further reducing the city-wide budget \$442.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Kirkwood, Finance Director, 139 S. Kirkwood Road Kirkwood, Missouri 63122-4303. Budget and Comprehensive Annual Financial Report documents are available online at - http://www.ci.kirkwood.mo.us/finance/finance.htm.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2020

	į.		Prima	ry Government				Component Unit			
	G	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	100000	Total	Dev	dustrial elopment uthority			
ASSETS:											
Cash and short-term investments	\$	32,358,422	\$	15,388,326	\$	47,746,748	\$	56,717			
Receivables:											
Taxes - net of uncollectible											
amount of \$11,163		3,195,858		~		3,195,858					
Services - net of uncollectible amounts of											
\$98,551 and \$48,949		558,457		2,128,435		2,686,892		-			
Interest		37,399		25,526		62,925		98			
Other		151,517		591,179		742,696		-			
Internal balances		(2,825,000)		2,825,000		-		×			
Inventories		69,230		597,418		666,648		-			
Prepaid items		6,893		1 = 1		6,893		-			
Capital assets:											
Nondepreciable		27,735,788		5,302,605		33,038,393		-			
Depreciable		54,262,342		38,712,535	_	92,974,877		-			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	115,550,906	\$	65,571,024	\$	181,121,930	\$	56,815			
			ri)		-						
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred charge on refunding	•		\$	110,933	\$	110,933	\$				
						110,933					
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	*	\$	110,933	\$	110,933	\$	-			
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable		3,133,020 301,420 488,416 876,996 394,864	\$	955,542 75,760 115,843	\$	4,088,562 377,180 604,259 876,996 394,864	\$	# # #			
				220 245				-			
Deposits and escrow funds Long-Term Liabilities:		1,156,092		220,345		1,376,437		-			
Due within one year		1,057,484		1,090,623		2,148,107		<u>;=</u>			
Due in more than one year	-	23,341,531		10,215,075		33,556,606					
TOTAL LIABILITIES		30,749,823		12,673,188		43,423,011		-			
NET POSITION:											
Net investment in capital assets		66,613,360		33,120,564		99,733,924					
Restricted for:				. ,		,					
		5,752,112		5%		5,752,112		- 2			
Capital projects				242,323		333,839		12			
Capital projects Debt service		91,510									
Capital projects Debt service Law enforcement.		91,516 188,109		,s_c		188.109					
Debt service		188,109				188,109 1,697,308					
Debt service Law enforcement Park operations		188,109 1,697,308		-		1,697,308					
Debt service		188,109 1,697,308 812,678		-		1,697,308 812,678					
Debt service		188,109 1,697,308 812,678 473,211		286 381 381 381		1,697,308 812,678 473,211					
Debt service		188,109 1,697,308 812,678		19,645,882		1,697,308 812,678		- - - - 56,815			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

					Net (Expens	e) Revenue and Changes i	in Net Position	Component
			Program Revenues			Primary Government		Unit
			Operating	Capital				Industrial
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Development
Functions	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority
Governmental Activities:								
General government and finance	\$ 5,131,198	\$ 1,927,144	\$	\$ 815	\$ (3,203,239)	\$ ⊕	\$ (3,203,239)	\$ (35,500
Engineering.	1,217,610	140,113	<u> </u>	343	(1,077,497)	/ <u> </u> -	(1,077,497)	-
Building maintenance	587,216		¥		(587,216)	\wideta	(587,216)	
Building commissioner	704,559	928,123			223,564	5.00	223,564	3
Police	9,456,735	565,889	241,998	37,464	(8,611,384)	247	(8,611,384)	-
Fire	8,110,315	1.166.837	92,874	543	(6,850,604)	35	(6,850,604)	
Streets	3,085,479	1,100,007	,2,0,,	215,031	(2,870,448)		(2,870,448)	
Parks	2,136,725	64,342		9,462	(2,062,921)	100	(2,062,921)	
Recreation	3,328,840	1,970,864	39,342	276,372	(1,042,262)	V25	(1,042,262)	
Interest and fiscal agent fees on long-term debt	926,160	1,570,004	33,342	270,372	(926,160)	100	(926,160)	-
Total Governmental Activities.	34,684,837	6,763,312	374,214	539,144	(27,008,167)		(27,008,167)	(35,500)
	34,004,037	0,703,312	374,214	339,144	(27,008,107)		(27,000,107)	(33,300)
Business-Type Activities:	24.007.500	25,000,505		2 150 022		4.052.020	4.072.020	
Electric	24,986,588	25,880,585		3,179,933		4,073,930	4,073,930	~
Water	5,147,469	5,891,348		42,324	*	786,203	786,203	-
Sanitation	3,543,528	2,853,937	52,500			(637,091)	(637,091)	·
Total Business-Type Activities	33,677,585	34,625,870	52,500	3,222,257		4,223,042	4,223,042	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 68,362,422	\$ 41,389,182	\$ 426,714	\$ 3,761,401	\$ (27,008,167)	\$ 4,223,042	\$ (22,785,125)	\$ (35,500)
	504771R-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	General Revenues:		2				
		Property taxes lev						
		General purpos	ses		\$ 2,364,982	\$	\$ 2,364,982	\$ -
		Park			1,051,285	9	1,051,285	-
		P&F Property	Tax Pension		1,214,424	₹ 3	1,214,424	
		Special busines	ss district		142,723	€:	142,723	
		Sales tax levied for	or:				-	
		General purpos	ses		6,699,008	4	6,699,008	¥
		Capital improve	ement purposes		2,262,559	-	2,262,559	2
		Park and storm	water purposes		2,661,834		2,661,834	
		Gasoline/motor ve	hicle sales tax		1,117,653	(#);	1,117,653	
		Utility gross recei	pts		4,070,862	5475	4,070,862	-
		Cigarette taxes			57,133	C <u>2</u> ()	57,133	2
		Highway, road and	d bridge		925,709	7.0	925,709	,
		County public safe	ety		1,516,063		1,516,063	-
		Franchise taxes	•		389,701	2	389,701	2
			ments		730,603	613,407	1,344,010	1,825
			pital assets		5,136	102,170	107,306	-,
			pitar abbetonininin		536,971	102,170	536,971	
		Transfers in (out)			2,638,479	(2,638,479)	330,571	
		TOTAL GENERA			3,000,	2,000,17)		-
		AND TRANSF	■ RS		28,385,125	(1,922,902)	26,462,223	1,825
		CHANGE IN NET P	OSITION		1,376,958	2,300,140	3,677,098	(33,675)
						, ,	, ,	90,490
		NET POSITION BEG	GINNING OF YEAR	•••••••	83,424,125	50,708,629	134,132,754	90,490

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2020

		Winter		Nonmajor Funds			
	General	Public Park Board	P&F Property Tax Pension	Capital Improvement	Park Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:							
Cash and investments (including cash equivalents):							
Held by trustees	\$	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ 10,661,978	\$	\$ 10,661,978
Restricted	1,142,170	25,000	(9)	26,754		*	1,193,924
Unrestricted	9,916,232	1,597,801	719,840	2,127,008	3,390,280	960,013	18,711,174
Receivables, net of allowances where applicable:							
Taxes	2,168,019	112,861	130,375	336,508	395,892	52,203	3,195,858
Interest	18,968	2,783	1,239	3,700	5,829	1,652	34,171
Ambulance	558,457	8	(#1	•	300	*	558,457
Other	41,233		123	76,431	121	23,896	141,560
Inventory	67,296	-	-		9	+	67,296
Prepaid items	6,893						6,893
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 13,919,268	\$ 1,738,445	\$ 851,454	\$ 2,570,401	\$ 14,453,979	\$ 1,037,764	\$ 34,571,311
LIABILITIES:							:::
Accounts payable	\$ 333,937	\$ 13,668	\$ 34.923	\$ 225,771	\$ 2,459,411	\$ 8,332	\$ 3.076,042
Accrued wages and vacation payable	440,943	23,406	3,788	(96)	-,,	4,661	472,798
Advance to other funds	2,655,000	,	-,	020	170,000	121	2,825,000
Deposits payable	1,142,170	25	65		170,000	13,832	1,156,092
Unearned revenue	345,396	4,038				45,430	394,864
Total Liabilities	4,917,446	41,137	38,776	225,771	2,629,411	72,255	7,924,796
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable revenue-taxes.	732,830	24,137	28,045	166,414	195,781	9,594	1,156,801
Unavailable revenue-special assessment			,	12,925			12,925
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	732,830	24,137	28,045	179,339	195,781	9,594	1,169,726
FUND BALANCES:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventories	67,296			**		589	67,296
Prepaid items	6,893		*	•		340	6,893
Capital projects		£	9	2,165,291	11,628,787		13,794,078
Debt service		-		-3.5		91,516	91,516
Law enforcement	:+X	×	×		*	188,109	188,109
Park operations	23	1,673,171	92	:23	2	-	1,673,171
Police and fire pension		£	784,633	-	9		784,633
Sewer lateral						473,211	473,211
Special business district			*	3.50	*	203,079	203,079
Projected use of reserves	1,624,156	4			ė.	-	1,624,156
Unassigned:	6,570,647		·			27.	6,570,647
Total Fund Balances	8,268,992	1,673,171	784,633	2,165,291	11,628,787	955,915	25,476,789
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 13,919,268	\$ 1,738,445	\$ 851,454	\$ 2,570,401	\$ 14,453,979	\$ 1,037,764	\$ 34,571,311

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2020

Total fund balance - governmental funds	. \$	25,476,789
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$139,209,137 and the accumulated depreciation is \$57,211,007		81,998,130
Property taxes and special assessments assessed by the City, but not collected within 60 days of year end, are deferred within the fund financial statements. However, revenue for this amount is recognized in the government-wide statements		1,169,726
The internal service funds are used by the City to charge the cost of medical and worker's compensation insurance and city-wide vehicle and equipment maintenance and repair costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		829,701
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as liabilities within the fund financial statements. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. Discounts, premiums, and deferred amount on refunding are reported in the governmental fund financial statements when the debt was issued whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt as an adjustment to interest expense on the government-wide financial statements.		
Balances as of March 31, 2020 are: Accrued compensated absences, vacation	0) 0)	(24,673,263)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$_	84,801,083

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

			u.		N	Major Funds					1	Nonmajor Funds		
REVENUES:		General		Public Park Board		&F Property Fax Pension	h	Capital inprovement	In	Park Capital nprovement	Go	Other evernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Taxes, including interest and penalties	\$	17,157,523	\$	1,122,014	\$	1,296,015	\$	2,223,436	\$	2,615,807	\$	217,113	\$	24,631,908
Intergovernmental		618,378	Ψ	1,122,014	Ψ	1,250,015	Ψ	2,223,430	Ψ	18,322	Ψ	217,113	Ψ	636,700
Licenses, permits, fines and fees		2,229,992		73,803		-						626,482		2,930,277
Investment income		296,065		40,750		13,906		65,326		237,069		28,803		681,919
Charges for services.		3,134,049		141		2		-		2				3,134,049
Grants.		97,597		0.00		-		219,830		258,050				575,477
Other		822,83 5		(4)				20,971		200,000		43,912		887,718
Total Revenues		24,356,439	-	1,236,567	_	1,309,921		2,529,563	=	3,129,248	_	916,310		33,478,048
EXPENDITURES:														
Current:														
General government and finance		3,579,208		1000		-				6,825		558,744		4,144,777
Engineering.		1,192,600		10-2		-		-		-		200		1,192,600
Building maintenance		530,416		0.0		-		-		2		(4)		530,416
Building commissioner.		701,174		19		4				≥		421		701,174
Police		8,369,957				713,392		2		-		9,505		9,092,854
Fire		6,604,272				697,823				-		1 = 3		7,302,095
Streets		1,542,292		1.60		~		38		-		(4)		1,542,292
Recreation		2,304,381		1040		2		2		2		54.1		2,304,381
Parks		9		1,512,507		£		- 3		8				1,512,507
Capital outlay		61,573		442,159		-		4,679,999		15,254,374		75,401		20,513,506
Debt Service:														
Principal retirement		2		020		2		365,253		480,000		525,000		1,370,253
Interest and fiscal charges	••	83,250		: • ·				4,779	-	848,636		17,588		954,253
Total Expenditures	===	24,969,123		1,954,666	-	1,411,215		5,050,031		16,589,835		1,186,238		51,161,108
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(612,684)	_	(718,099)	-	(101,294)	-	(2,520,468)	-	(13,460,587)		(269,928)	-	(17,683,060)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):														
Transfers in		1,283,043		627,947		200,000		1,801,747		-		S ₂		3,912,737
Transfers out		(377,880)		36		8		9		(852,554)		(23,629)		(1,254,063)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		8		213		-		137,353		158				137,724
Insurance recoveries		187		23,204		(F)		45,473	_			:=	_	68,864
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		905,350	·	651,364	_	200,000		1,984,573	_	(852,396)		(23,629)	_	2,865,262
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		292,666	3	(66,735)	63	98,706		(535,895)		(14,312,983)	9,	(293,557)		(14,817,798)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		7,976,326		1,739,906		685,927		2,701,186		25,941,770		1,249,472		40,294,587
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	8,268,992	\$	1,673,171	\$	784,633	\$	2,165,291	\$	11,628,787	\$	955,915	\$	25,476,789

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(14,817,798)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, for general and infrastructure, are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Donated assets are not recorded in the governmental funds but are recognized as revenue in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays and donated capital assets in the current period. Capital outlays	19,186,266 (3,542,399)		15,643,867
In the statement of activities, the gain (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The fund financial statements recognize only the proceeds from the sale of those assets			(204,563)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt. Repayment during the current year: Bond principal	1,005,000 365,253 25,647		1,395,900
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds financial statements, expenditures are not recognized for transactins that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, howevere, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenes, and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. The net changes of these items are: Accrued interest on bonds	2,446		(31,196)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the risk management and fleet services activities to individual funds. The adjustments for the internal service fund "close" the fund by charging additional amounts to participating activities to completely cover the internal service fund's costs for the year.			
Total net decrease for the internal service fund			(445,709)
Property tax revenues, sales tax revenues and special assessment revenue received prior to the year for which they are being levied are reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of			
activities. Deferred revenues increased this year		_	(163,543)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	1,376,958

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS MARCH 31, 2020

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Gov	rernmental
Current Assets: Cash and investments: Restricted			Electric		Water		Sanitation		Total	I	nternal
Restricted	ASSETS:			577				ři.		-	
Restricted.											
Held by trustees	Cash and investments:										
Unrestricted		\$	192,891	\$		\$		\$		\$	(a)
Receivables, net of allowances: Services.	,						,		,		
Services			7,420,959		6,033,269		1,200,571		14,654,799		1,773,540
Interest			1 400 (00		452.251		252 455		0.100.405		
Other. 517,099 - 74,080 591,179 9,957 Inventory. 454,242 127,110 16,066 597,418 1,934 Advance to other funds. 2,740,000 85,000 - 2,825,000 - Total Current Assets. 12,740,913 7,191,251 1,623,720 21,555,884 1,806,465 Noncurrent Assets. 2,121,240 1,623,720 21,555,884 1,806,465 Noncurrent Assets. 2,121,241 1,34,057 5,302,605 - Land and construction in progress. 5,102,901 65,647 134,057 5,302,605 - Machinery and equipment. 3,207,029 1,542,826 3,357,491 8,107,346 - Less: Accumulated depreciation. (6,286,620) (7,218,250) (1,961,959) (15,466,829) - Total Assets. 31,690,999 30,303,492 3,576,623 65,571,024 1,806,465 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES: 1,043,33 - 110,933 - 110,933 - Deferred charge on refunding. - 1											2 222
Inventory					10,417						,
Advance to other funds					127 110						
Total Current Assets							16,066				1,934
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Capital Assets: Land and construction in progress				-		7	1 622 720	_		_	1 906 465
Capital Assets: Land and construction in progress. 5,102,901 65,647 134,057 5,302,605 5 Buildings and system. 16,926,686 28,722,018 423,314 46,072,018 6 Machinery and equipment. 3,207,029 1,542,826 3,357,491 8,107,346 6 Less: Accumulated depreciation. (6,286,620) (7,218,250) (1,961,959) (15,466,829) 5 Total Noncurrent Assets. 18,949,996 23,112,241 1,952,903 44,015,140 6 Total Assets. 31,690,909 30,303,492 3,576,623 65,571,024 1,806,465 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES: Deferred charge on refunding. 110,933 110,933 110,933 1 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 110,933 7 110,933 7 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 442,038 441,088 72,416 955,542 56,978 Accrued wages and vacation. 102,385 48,988 33,144 184,517 37,763 Accrued interest payable. 442,038 44,201 7 220,345 7 Claims payable on restricted assets. 196,144 24,201 7 220,345 7 Claims payable current. 690,000 7 690,000 7 Bonds payable current. 690,000 7 690,000 7 Total Current Liabilities: 740,567 1,506,056 211,490 2,458,113 971,737 Noncurrent Liabilities: 9,158 9,889,892 316,025 10,215,075 5,027 Total Noncurrent Liabilities. 9,158 9,889,892 316,025 10,215,075 5,027 Total Noncurrent Liabilities. 9,158 9,889,892 316,025 10,215,075 5,027 Total Liabilities. 749,725 11,395,948 527,515 12,673,188 976,764 NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets. 18,949,996 12,631,139 1,539,429 33,120,564 - Restricted for debt service. 18,949,996 12,631,139 1,539,429 33,120,564 - Restricted for debt service. 11,991,188 6,145,015 1,509,679 19,645,882 829,701	Total Current Assets	_	12,740,913	_	7,191,231	_	1,023,720	_	21,333,884		1,800,403
Land and construction in progress 5,102,901 65,647 134,057 5,302,605 Buildings and system. 16,926,686 28,722,018 423,314 46,072,018 - Less: Accumulated depreciation. (6,286,620) (7,218,250) (1,961,959) (15,466,829) - Total Noncurrent Assets. 18,949,996 23,112,241 1,952,903 44,015,140 - Total Assets. 31,690,909 30,303,492 3,576,623 65,571,024 1,806,465 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES: Deferred charge on refunding. - 110,933 - 110,933 - Total Deferred Outflow of Resources. - 110,933 - 110,933 - LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: - 110,933 - 110,933 - Accrued wages and vacation. 102,385 48,988 33,144 184,517 37,663 Accrued interest payable. - 69,551 6,209 75,760 - Claims payable. - 232,228 99,721 <											
Buildings and system			5 102 001		65 617		124.057		5 202 605		
Machinery and equipment. 3,207,029 1,542,826 3,357,491 8,107,346 - Less: Accumulated depreciation. (6,286,620) (7,218,250) (1,961,959) (15,466,829) - Total Noncurrent Assets. 18,949,996 23,112,241 1,952,903 44,015,140 - Total Assets. 31,690,909 30,303,492 3,576,623 65,571,024 1,806,465 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES: Deferred charge on refunding. - 110,933 - 110,933 - Total Deferred Outflow of Resources. - 110,933 - 110,933 - LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accrued wages and vacation 102,385 48,988 33,144 184,517 37,763 Accrued interest payable. 442,038 441,088 72,416 955,542 56,978 Acrued interest payable from restricted assets. 196,144 24,201 - 20,345 - Claims payable. - - 232,228 99,721					,		,				-
Less: Accumulated depreciation. (6,286,620) (7,218,250) (1,961,959) (15,466,829)) <u>#</u> 3
Total Noncurrent Assets. 18,949,996 23,112,241 1,952,903 44,015,140 - Total Assets. 31,690,999 30,303,492 3,576,623 65,571,024 1,806,465 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES: Deferred charge on refunding. - 110,933 - 110,933 - Total Deferred Outflow of Resources. - 110,933 - 110,933 - LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable. 442,038 441,088 72,416 955,542 56,978 Accrued wages and vacation. 102,385 48,988 33,144 184,517 37,763 Accrued interest payable. - 69,551 6,209 75,760 - Deposits payable from restricted assets. 196,144 24,201 - 220,345 - Claims payable. - - 232,228 99,721 331,949 - Capital lease payable - current. - 232,228 99,721 331,949 -											1970
Total Assets	Less: Accumulated depreciation	_	(0,280,020)	_	(7,218,230)	_	(1,961,939)	_	(13,400,829)		
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES: Deferred charge on refunding	Total Noncurrent Assets		18,949,996		23,112,241		1,952,903		44,015,140		
Deferred charge on refunding	Total Assets		31,690,909		30,303,492		3,576,623		65,571,024		1,806,465
Deferred charge on refunding	DECEMBED OUTELOW OF DECOMPOSE.										
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources - 110,933 - 110,933 - 110,933 -					110.022				110.022		
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable				_		_		-		_	
Current Liabilities: 442,038 441,088 72,416 955,542 56,978 Accorued wages and vacation. 102,385 48,988 33,144 184,517 37,763 Accrued interest payable. - 69,551 6,209 75,760 - Deposits payable from restricted assets. 196,144 24,201 - 220,345 - Claims payable. - - - 876,996 Capital lease payable - current. - - 232,228 99,721 331,949 - Bonds payable - current. - - 690,000 - 690,000 - Total Current Liabilities. 740,567 1,506,056 211,490 2,458,113 971,737 Noncurrent Liabilities: 9,158 4,158 2,272 15,588 5,027 Capital lease payable. - 2,174,648 313,753 2,488,401 - Bonds payable. - - 7,711,086 - 7,711,086 - Total Noncurrent Liabilities. 9,1	Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	_		_	110,933	-		_	110,933	-	
Accounts payable	LIABILITIES:										
Accrued wages and vacation	Current Liabilities:										
Accrued interest payable	Accounts payable		442,038		441,088		72,416		955,542		56,978
Deposits payable from restricted assets			102,385		48,988		33,144		184,517		37,763
Claims payable			~		69,551		6,209		75,760		3.00
Capital lease payable - current. - 232,228 99,721 331,949 - Bonds payable - current. - 690,000 - 690,000 - Total Current Liabilities. 740,567 1,506,056 211,490 2,458,113 971,737 Noncurrent Liabilities: 2 20,174,648 2,272 15,588 5,027 Capital lease payable. - 2,174,648 313,753 2,488,401 - Bonds payable. - 7,711,086 - 7,711,086 - Total Noncurrent Liabilities. 9,158 9,889,892 316,025 10,215,075 5,027 Total Liabilities. 749,725 11,395,948 527,515 12,673,188 976,764 NET POSITION: 18,949,996 12,631,139 1,539,429 33,120,564 - Net investment in capital assets. 18,949,996 12,631,139 1,539,429 33,120,564 - Restricted for debt service. - 242,323 - 242,323 - Unrestricted. 11,991,188 6,145,015 1,509,679 19,645,882 829,701 <td></td> <td></td> <td>196,144</td> <td></td> <td>24,201</td> <td></td> <td>₹78</td> <td></td> <td>220,345</td> <td></td> <td>5.57</td>			196,144		24,201		₹ 7 8		220,345		5.57
Bonds payable - current			8		Ē		3				876,996
Total Current Liabilities. 740,567 1,506,056 211,490 2,458,113 971,737 Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences. 9,158 4,158 2,272 15,588 5,027 Capital lease payable. - 2,174,648 313,753 2,488,401 - Bonds payable. - 7,711,086 - 7,711,086 - 7,711,086 Total Noncurrent Liabilities. 9,158 9,889,892 316,025 10,215,075 5,027 Total Liabilities. 749,725 11,395,948 527,515 12,673,188 976,764 NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets. 18,949,996 12,631,139 1,539,429 33,120,564 - Restricted for debt service. - 242,323 - 242,323 - 242,323 - Unrestricted. 11,991,188 6,145,015 1,509,679 19,645,882 829,701			2				99,721				1
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences 9,158 4,158 2,272 15,588 5,027 Capital lease payable - 2,174,648 313,753 2,488,401 - Bonds payable - 7,711,086 - 7,711,086 - Total Noncurrent Liabilities 9,158 9,889,892 316,025 10,215,075 5,027 Total Liabilities 749,725 11,395,948 527,515 12,673,188 976,764 NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets 18,949,996 12,631,139 1,539,429 33,120,564 - Restricted for debt service - 242,323 - 242,323 - 242,323 - Unrestricted 11,991,188 6,145,015 1,509,679 19,645,882 829,701				_		_	-	_			
Compensated absences. 9,158 4,158 2,272 15,588 5,027 Capital lease payable. - 2,174,648 313,753 2,488,401 - Bonds payable. - 7,711,086 - 7,711,086 - Total Noncurrent Liabilities. 9,158 9,889,892 316,025 10,215,075 5,027 Total Liabilities. 749,725 11,395,948 527,515 12,673,188 976,764 NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets. 18,949,996 12,631,139 1,539,429 33,120,564 - Restricted for debt service. - 242,323 - 242,323 - Unrestricted. 11,991,188 6,145,015 1,509,679 19,645,882 829,701	Total Current Liabilities		740,567	_	1,506,056	_	211,490	_	2,458,113		971,737
Compensated absences. 9,158 4,158 2,272 15,588 5,027 Capital lease payable. - 2,174,648 313,753 2,488,401 - Bonds payable. - 7,711,086 - 7,711,086 - Total Noncurrent Liabilities. 9,158 9,889,892 316,025 10,215,075 5,027 Total Liabilities. 749,725 11,395,948 527,515 12,673,188 976,764 NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets. 18,949,996 12,631,139 1,539,429 33,120,564 - Restricted for debt service. - 242,323 - 242,323 - Unrestricted. 11,991,188 6,145,015 1,509,679 19,645,882 829,701	Noncurrent Liabilities:										
Capital lease payable			9,158		4,158		2,272		15,588		5,027
Bonds payable			: *								(+)
Total Liabilities	Bonds payable			_		_					
Total Liabilities	Total Noncurrent Liabilities		9,158		9,889,892		316,025		10,215,075		5,027
Net investment in capital assets. 18,949,996 12,631,139 1,539,429 33,120,564 - Restricted for debt service. - 242,323 - 242,323 - Unrestricted. 11,991,188 6,145,015 1,509,679 19,645,882 829,701	Total Liabilities		749,725		11,395,948		527,515		12,673,188		976,764
Net investment in capital assets. 18,949,996 12,631,139 1,539,429 33,120,564 - Restricted for debt service. - 242,323 - 242,323 - Unrestricted. 11,991,188 6,145,015 1,509,679 19,645,882 829,701	NET POSITION:					\:\					
Restricted for debt service			18,949,996		12,631,139		1,539,429		33,120,564		
Unrestricted			.,,				-,,				30
			11,991,188				1,509,679				829,701
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Busin	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Electric	Water	Sanitation	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds		
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Electric sales	\$ 21,316,337	\$	\$	\$ 21,316,337	\$ 1		
Electric wholesale sales	4,509,649	1. m	(m)	4,509,649	i .		
Water sales	(*):	5,132,221	9 7 00	5,132,221	-		
Sanitation fees	> *	1 - 1	2,835,518	2,835,518			
Charges for services	×:	-		(#c)	5,362,929		
Other	54,599	759,127	70,919	884,645	54,982		
Total Operating Revenues	25,880,585	5,891,348	2,906,437	34,678,370	5,417,911		
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Administrative and general	1,425,828	586,092	1,166,275	3,178,195	1,403,276		
Customer accounting	221,074	200,145	128,435	549,654	2		
Purchased power	19,443,620	1 <u>2</u>	S20	19,443,620	=		
Purchased water	-	1,122,804	·	1,122,804	2		
Distribution maintenance	2,522,811	1,896,846	-	4,419,657	5		
Maintenance and supplies	726,236	28,984	521,276	1,276,496			
Pickup, hauling and disposal	-	(5)	1,418,684	1,418,684			
Claims and insurance premiums		1. *			4,491,952		
Depreciation	647,019	731,313	302,649	1,680,981			
Total Operating Expenses	24,986,588	4,566,184	3,537,319	33,090,091	5,895,228		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	893,997	1,325,164	(630,882)	1,588,279	(477,317)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Investment income	400,705	181,804	30,898	613,407	48,684		
Interest expense		(391,026)	(6,209)	(397,235)	40,004		
Debt issuance costs	,	(106,194)	(0,209)	(106,194)	_		
Gain (loss) on sales of property,		(100,194)		(100,194)	-		
plant and equipment	10,659	(84,065)	84,920	11,514			
Insurance recoveries	6,591	(04,003)	04,520	6,591	3,119		
	0,351		-	0,371	3,117		
Total Nonoperating Revenues	417.055	(200.491)	100 600	129 092	51 902		
(Expenses)	417,955	(399,481)	109,609	128,083	51,803		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	1,311,952	925,683	(521,273)	1,716,362	(425,514)		
Capital contributions-Federal subsidy	-	42,324		42,324	90		
Capital contributions-Capital grant	3,179,933	×		3,179,933	-		
Transfers in (out)	(1,874,688)	<u>(747,284)</u> .	(16,507)	(2,638,479)	(20,195)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,617,197	220,723	(537,780)	2,300,140	(445,709)		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	28,323,987	18,797,754	3,586,888	50,708,629	1,275,410		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 30,941,184	\$ 19,018,477	\$ 3,049,108	\$ 53,008,769	\$ 829,701		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Busin	unds	Governmental		
					Activities -
					Internal
	Electric	Water	Sanitation	Total	Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from customers	25,697,533	5,730,526	\$ 2,807,559	\$ 34,235,618	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services provided	538,875	34,233	35,184	608,292	5,362,929
Other receipts (payments)	(330,276)	159,639	88,111	(82,526)	61,074
Payments to suppliers	(21,616,748)	(2,794,418)	(1,912,754)	(26,323,920)	(5,341,746)
Payments to employees	(2,231,939)	(1,104,700)	(855,083)	(4,191,722)	(527,778)
Payments for interfund services	(218,364)	(275,529)	(442,960)	(936,853)	(23,155)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)					
Operating Activities	1,839,081	1,749,751	(279,943)	3,308,889	(468,676)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Transfers out	(1,874,688)	(747,284)	(16,507)	(2,638,479)	(20,195)
Receipt (payment) of interfund borrowing	205,000	85,000	+	290,000	
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)					
Noncapital Financing Activities	(1,669,688)	(662,284)	(16,507)	(2,348,479)	(20,195)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition and construction of					
capital assets	(5 154 616)	(1 992 201)	(452,547)	(7,490,454)	
Proceeds from sale of property,	(5,154,616)	(1,883,291)	(432,347)	(7,490,434)	-
plant and equipment	26,498	23,010	90,546	140,054	
Capital grants	3,179,933	23,010	90,540	3,179,933	-
Insurance recoveries.	6,591				2 110
	0,391	42 224	-	6,591	3,119
Capital contribution-Federal subsidy		42,324	(100 644)	42,324	
Principal paid on debt and capital leases	-	(904,397)	(109,644)	(1,014,041)	-
Refunding of certificates of participation, Net	> * €	(435,018)	522 119	(435,018)	(-
Proceeds from capital lease		(401 154)	523,118	523,118	
Interest paid on bonds and capital leases		(401,154)		(401,154)	
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Capital	(1.041.504)	(2 559 526)	51 472	(5 449 647)	2 110
and Related Financing Activities	(1,941,594)	(3,558,526)	51,473	(5,448,647)	3,119
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Interest received and unrealized gain/loss					
on cash equivalents	405,488	184,551	31,799	621,838	49,836
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,366,713)	(2,286,508)	(213,178)	(3,866,399)	(435,916)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,980,563	8,801,881	1,472,281	19,254,725	2,227,262
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 7,613,850	\$ 6,515,373	\$ 1,259,103	\$ 15,388,326	\$ 1,791,346

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	893,997	\$	1,325,164	\$	(630,882)	\$	1,588,279	\$	(477,317)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in assets:		647,019		731,313		302,649		1,680,981		-
Service receivable		410,422		31,578		7,224		449,224		
Miscellaneous receivables		(386,797)		822		17,191		(368,784)		(3,408)
Inventory		61,898		3,952		74		65,924		498
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:										
Accounts payable		182,754		(355,816)		30,683		(142,379)		2,873
Accrued wages and vacation		27,867		12,088		(6,882)		33,073		7,441
Deposits held for others		1,921		650		-		2,571		-
Claims Payable		120				2				1,237
Total adjustments	$\overline{}$	945,084		424,587		350,939	_	1,720,610		8,641
	_									
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)										
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	1,839,081	\$	1,749,751	\$	(279,943)	<u>\$</u>	3,308,889	\$	(468,676)
NONCASH OPERATING, FINANCING AND										
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:										
Debt Financing:										
Par value of debt issued	\$	-	\$	3,335,000	\$	-	\$	3,335,000	\$	
Premium		·		268,862				268,862		180
Costs of issuance		127		(106,194)		_		(106,194)		1774
				(3,932,686)						
Defeased debt	_		_	(3,932,080)	_		_	(3,932,686)	_	
REFUNDING OF CERTIFICATES OF										
PARTICIPATION, NET	\$	3	\$	(435,018)	\$	-	_\$	(435,018)	\$	- 3

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS MARCH 31, 2020

	Pension Trust	Agency
ASSETS:		
Cash and investments:		
Held by trustees:		
Short-term reserves	\$ 6,287,106	\$ -
Bond funds	4,263,699	<u>-</u>
Balanced funds	16,331,199	-
Domestic stock funds	21,921,452	=
International stock funds	4,902,418	2
Money market funds	2,392,353	=
Specialty stock fund	235,949	-
TIAA traditional annuity option	3,029,403	~
TIAA brokerage option fund	690,035	-
Restricted	10,574	7,871
Receivables, net of allowances:		
Interest	1,895	-
Other	-	231
Contribution receivable	52,998	
Total Assets	60,119,081	8,102
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	25,938	177
Deposits payable	23,730	7,925
Deposits payable		1,525
Total Liabilities	25,938	8,102
NET POSITION:		•
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 60,093,143	\$ -

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

ADDITIONS:	Pension Trust Fund
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 1,987,095
Employee, net of refunds	633,280
Rollover contributions.	71,666
	. 1,000
Total Contributions	2,692,041
Investment income:	
Interest and dividends.	2,799,242
Net depreciation in the fair value of	2,777,242
plan investments.	(7,810,791)
Total investment income.	(5,011,549)
	(0,011,015)
Less: investment expenses	31,107
Net investment income.	(5,042,656)
Total Additions	(2,350,615)
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefit payments	4,044,032
Benefit payments	7,011,032
Administrative and general expenses:	
Insurance, taxes and other premiums	167,824
Professional fees.	80,897
Total administrative	
and general expenses	248,721
Total Deductions	4,292,753
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(6,643,368)
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	
BEGINNING OF YEAR	66,736,511
END OF YEAR	\$ 60,093,143

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Kirkwood, Missouri (the "City") was formally established as the Town of Kirkwood in 1853. In 1865, the citizens requested and received a charter from the Missouri State Legislature. As a result of being incorporated, Kirkwood became a village governed by a Board of Trustees elected by the voters. The City now operates under a charter form of government adopted in 1983 in accordance with the provisions of the Missouri Constitution. The governing body is comprised of a mayor and six council members who appoint a chief administrative officer who is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the City. The City provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), engineering, streets, vehicle, building maintenance, electric, water, sanitation, parks and recreation and general administrative services.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The City's financial reporting entity has been determined in accordance with governmental standards for defining the financial reporting entity and identifying entities to be included in its basic financial statements. These standards identify the City's financial accountability for potential component units as the primary, but not only, criteria for inclusion. The City's financial reporting entity consists of the City of Kirkwood (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's financial reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Blended Component Units

The following component units are legally separate from the City; however, the activities are so intertwined with the City as the primary government that they are, in substance, the same as the primary government. As such, the balances and transactions of the component units are blended into the accompanying basic financial statements and reported in a manner similar to the balances and transactions of the City itself.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Reporting Entity (continued)

City of Kirkwood, Missouri Public Facilities Authority (PFA)

The PFA is a not-for-profit corporation created by Ordinance of the City Council, organized and existing under the laws of the State of Missouri. Board members are appointed by the Mayor of the City and must be approved by Council. The purpose of the PFA is to facilitate the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements and facilities solely for the benefit of the City of Kirkwood, Missouri. Funding of such capital improvements and facilities is provided through the issuance of leasehold revenue bonds. The PFA is accounted for as if it were part of the City's operations because it was established to provide services exclusively to the City. The activities and accounts of the PFA have been blended into the City's Park & Storm Water Improvement fund.

Downtown Special Business District (SBD)

The SBD was created by Ordinance of the City Council, organized and existing under the laws of the State of Missouri. The SBD is reported as a blended component unit because the City Council retains governance over the SBD and appoints the members to the Downtown Kirkwood Special Business District Advisory Commission. In addition, the City Council retains operational responsibility in approving and amending the SBD's budget, levies the SBD property taxes, and is responsible for fiscal management. The resources of this fund are utilized for the enhancement of the SBD; promote retail trade, and development within the SBD, for the substantial benefit of maintaining and/or increasing the economic activity taxes (EATs) which are used by the City in providing governmental services.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The discretely presented component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the City's other component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that is it legally separate from the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Industrial Development Authority of the City of Kirkwood, Missouri (IDA)

The IDA is a not-for-profit corporation established by an Ordinance of the City Council and formed under RSMo. Chapter 349, *The Industrial Development Corporations Act*. It is designed to develop, advance, encourage and promote commercial, industrial and manufacturing facilities in the City. The IDA Board of Directors are appointed by the Mayor with consent of the City Council. The City provides the IDA financial and administrative support. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the IDA. Schedules for the IDA are included in the "Other Supplementary Information" section.

Related Organizations

The City's officials are also responsible for appointing members to the boards of other organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making such appointments. The Mayor or the City Council appoints a majority of the governing members of the Municipal Library District of Kirkwood and the Kirkwood Housing Authority. These related organizations are not included as component units within the City's financial reporting entity.

The Public Park Board is an agency of the City with its Board members appointed by the Mayor and the City Council. The Park Board has the authority to adopt and amend its own budget only. The City sets and levies the Park Board's property taxes and holds all corporate powers. The Public Park Board is therefore not a legal entity and is accounted for as a separate special revenue fund.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods and/or services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes, unrestricted interest earnings and other items that are not generated by programs are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Following the government-wide financial statements are separate financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other governmental funds are reported in one column labeled "Other Governmental Funds". The total fund balances for all governmental funds is reconciled to total net position for governmental activities as shown on the statement of net positions. The net change in fund balance for all governmental funds is reconciled to the total change in net positions as shown on the statement of activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City has three enterprise (business-type activity) funds which are all considered major funds. Additionally, the City has internal service funds which are reported in a separate column on the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with self-balancing accounts. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position rather than upon net income. The following are the City's governmental major funds:

<u>General</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Public Park Board</u> - Used to account for property tax proceeds restricted specifically for park operations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

<u>P&F Property Tax Pension</u> - Used to account for property tax proceeds restricted specifically for police officers and firefighters pension.

<u>Capital Improvements</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or improvements.

<u>Park Capital Improvements</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the construction of the City's recreation/facilities complex.

The other governmental funds of the City are considered nonmajor. They are special revenue funds which account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes, the capital project funds which account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and the debt service fund which is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income, changes in net positions (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

The following are the City's proprietary fund types:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City has three enterprise funds which are all considered major funds as follows:

<u>Electric</u> - The electric fund is used to account for the billing and collection of charges for electric services for customers of the electric utility system. Revenues are used to pay for both operating expenses and capital expenditures to maintain these services.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Proprietary Funds (continued)

<u>Water</u> - The water fund is used to account for the billing and collection of charges for water services for customers of the waterworks system. Revenues are used to pay for both operating expenses and capital expenditures to maintain these services.

<u>Sanitation</u> - The sanitation fund is used to account for the provision of solid waste collection to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City. Three internal service funds have been established to account for the payment of medical insurance, workers' compensation and city-wide vehicle and equipment maintenance and repair costs.

Fiduciary Fund Type - Trust and Agency Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Pension trust funds are accounted for and reported similar to proprietary funds. The pension trust funds account for the City's Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Employees' Pension Plan. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. The City's agency fund accounts for municipal court collections for bail bonds.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds used the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions (continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. For the City, available means expected to be received within 60 days of year end.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, licenses and permits, interest, grants and rentals. For the City, available for these revenue sources means expected to be received within 30 days of year end.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool available to all City funds. For financial reporting purposes, investments are allocated in proportion to each fund's cash balance to the total cash balance.

Investments are shown at fair value. Fair value is determined by closing market prices at year-end as reported by the investment custodian.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond March 31, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Certain park program fees received before eligibility requirements are met are reported as unearned revenues in the government-wide financial statements as well as the governmental fund statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which have not matured are recognized when paid. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts equal to the estimated collection losses that will be incurred in collection of its ambulance, court fines, property tax and enterprise fund services receivable. The estimated losses are based on historical collection experience coupled with a review of the current status of the existing receivables. The City follows the practice of writing off uncollectible accounts as they are incurred for all other receivables.

Inventory

Inventory recorded in the general fund is valued at average cost, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory is recorded as expenditures as the individual inventory items are utilized. The reserve for inventory is equal to the inventory capitalized to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for appropriation.

Inventory recorded in the enterprise funds are valued at average cost using a first-in, first-out method, and consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and construction of distribution systems.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, including infrastructure, are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not enhance functionality or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30 - 40 years
Building improvements	5 - 30 years
Distribution system	20 - 75 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 15 years
Automotive equipment	3 - 10 years
Streets, bridges and sidewalks	20 - 75 years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums or discounts, and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using the straight-line method and the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported adjusted by the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Compensatory Time, and Sick Leave

City employees earn vacation based upon their years of continuous service on a calendar year basis. Accrued vacation time is payable to employees upon termination. Based on the policy of the City, all of the accrued vacation is due within one year and is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as a short-term liability. A liability is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements when payment is due.

City employees may earn compensatory time in lieu of overtime pay at the discretion of the Department Head. Accrued compensatory time is payable to employees upon termination. Based on the policy of the City, no employee shall be permitted to accrue more than forty (40) hours of compensatory time with the exception of law enforcement and fire protection personnel who shall not be permitted to accrue more than one hundred twenty (120) hours of compensatory time. A liability is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements when payment is due.

Sick leave accrues each month of continuous service, subject to a maximum of 130 days, and is payable during periods of illness. The City does not accrue nor is obligated for payment of accumulated sick days.

Capital Contributions

Capital contributions in the enterprise funds represent government grants, contributions and other aid to fund capital projects. In accordance with GASB 33, capital contributions are recognized as revenue when the expenditure is made and amounts became subject to claim for reimbursement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Interfund Transactions

In the fund financial statements, the City has the following types of transactions among funds:

Transfers

Legally required transfers are reported when incurred as "transfers in" by the recipient fund and as "transfers out" by the disbursing fund.

Interfund Services Provided/Used

Charges or collections for services rendered by one fund for another are recognized as revenues (interfund services provided) of the recipient fund and expenditures or expenses (interfund services used) of the disbursing fund. These transactions are recorded as interfund services provided and used because they would be treated as revenue and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the city.

Certain internal payments are treated as program revenues, such as internal services provided and used. Certain internal payments are treated as a reduction of expense, such as reimbursements.

Elimination of interfund activity has been made for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position are displayed in three components as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - This consists of assets that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This consists of assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements the following classifications are used to define the governmental fund balances.

Nonspendable – This consists of the governmental fund balances that are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - This consists of the governmental fund balances that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – This consists of the governmental fund balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (ordinance) of the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned – This consists of the governmental fund balances that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The City Council has by resolution authorized the Chief Administrative Officer or their designee to assign fund balance. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Amounts that are available for any purpose and do not meet the definition of "nonspendable," "restricted," "committed," or "assigned; these positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the City will spend the least restricted dollars before the restricted dollars in the following order: Unassigned, Assigned, Committed, Restricted, and then Nonspendable.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Statement of Cash Flows

The proprietary funds considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end and revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City is governed by the deposit and investment limitations of state law. It is the policy of the City to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. The City's policy and state law authorize the following types of investments:

- a. United States Treasury Securities for which the full faith and credit of the United States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest.
- b. United States Agency Securities, including:
 - U.S. Government Agency Coupon and Zero Coupon Securities with no embedded options.
 - U.S. Government Agency Discount Notes purchased at a discount with maximum maturities of one (1) year.
 - U.S. Government Agency Callable Securities restricted to securities callable at par only with final maturities of five (5) years.
 - U.S. Government Agency Step-Up Securities where the coupon rate is fixed for an initial term. At coupon date, the coupon rate rises to a new, higher fixed term. Restricted to securities with final maturities of five (5) years.
 - U.S. Government Agency Floating Rate Securities where the coupon rate floats off one index. Restricted to coupons with no interim caps that reset at least quarterly.
 - U.S. Government Mortgage Backed Securities restricted to securities with final maturities of five (5) years.
- c. Repurchase agreements with commercial banks or government securities dealers. The purchaser in a repurchase agreement enters into a contractual agreement to purchase U.S. Treasury and government agency securities while simultaneously agreeing to resell the securities at predetermined dates and prices.
- d. Collateralized public deposits (Certificates of Deposits) issued by financial institutions which state that specified sums have been deposited for specified periods of time and at specified rates of interest. The certificates of deposit are required to be backed by acceptable collateral securities as dictated by state statute.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

- e. Bankers' Acceptances issued by domestic commercial banks possessing the highest rating issued by Moody's Investor Services, Inc. or Standard and Poor's Corporation.
- f. Commercial Paper issued by domestic corporations, which has received the highest rating issued by Moody's Investor Services, Inc. or Standard and Poor's Corporation. Eligible paper is further limited to issuing corporations that have total assets in excess of five hundred million dollars.

The deposits and investments held at March 31, 2020, and reported at fair value, are as follows:

	Carrying <u>Value</u>
Deposits: Demand deposits	\$ 11,415,027 4,015 2,046,492 13,465,534
Pooled Investments: Money Market Mutual Funds	11,178,761 12,283,503 3,312,538 3,422,481 2,926,649 1,232,444 34,356,376
Pension Trust Cash and Investments: Mutual funds: Short-Term reserves	6,287,106 690,035 3,029,403 4,902,418 16,331,199 4,263,699 2,392,353 235,949 21,921,452 60,053,614
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$107,875,524</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Туре	Carrying <u>Value</u>
Reconciliation to the Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments:	
Governmental Activities	\$ 32,358,422
Business-Type Activities	15,388,326
Component Unit	56,717
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and Investments:	
Held by trustees – Pension Trust Funds	60,053,614
Restricted:	
Pension Trust Funds	10,574
Agency Fund	7,871
	\$107,875,524

Since the investment strategies and associated risks for the City Pension Investment portfolios are substantially different than those of the remainder of the City, the investment disclosures for the Pension Investment Portfolios are presented separately.

Custodial Credit Risk- Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's bank deposits are required by state law to be secured by the deposit of certain securities specified at RSMo 30.270 with the City or trustee institution. As of March 31, 2020, the City's bank balance of \$13,465,534, including \$56,717 of the component unit, was fully insured by depository insurance and collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name or letter of credit with the City as beneficiary.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. The City's policy to minimize credit risk is to pre-qualify the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the City will do business and diversify the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. The City's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk this year.

Investment Interest Rate Risk - The City's policy to limit investment interest rate risk is to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations. Investments in bankers' acceptances and commercial paper shall mature and become payable not more than one hundred eighty days (180) from the date of purchase. All other investments shall mature and become payable not more than five (5) years from the date of purchase. Maturities of investments held at March 31, 2020 are as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

		No				Credit
Investment Type	Fair Value	<u>Maturity</u>	Less than 1	1-5	6 - 10	Risk
Brimany Covernment						
Primary Government:	£11 170 7/1	£11 170 7/1	\$	\$	•	NT-44-1
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$11,178,761	\$11,178,761	*	-	\$	Not rated
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	12,283,503	-	7,123,410	5,160,093		Not rated
Federal Farm Credit	3,312,538		3,000	3,312,538		AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	3,422,481		-	3,422,481		AAA
Federal Home Loan Banks	2,926,649			2,926,649		AAA
Federal National Mortgage						
Association	1,232,444	-	And I	1,232,444		AAA
Total Primary Government						
Investments	34,356,376	11,178,761	7,123,410	16,054,205		e e
Pension Trust:						
Money market funds	2,392,353	2,392,353		**		Not rated
Short-term reserve mutual funds	6,287,106	6,287,106				Not rated
TIAA brokerage	690,035	690,035				Not rated
TIAA traditional annuity option	3,029,403	3,029,403		-		Not rated
International stock fund	4,902,418	4,902,418				Not rated
Balanced funds	16,331,199	16,331,199	-		~=	Not rated
Specialty stock fund	235,949	235,949				Not rated
Domestic stock fund	21,921,452	21.921.452	2200	1240		Not rated
Bond funds	21,721,432	21,721,132				Not lated
Vanguard Total Bond Market						
Index	2,436,254	122	7040	-	2,436,254	AA
Nuveen Symphony Floating	2,430,234		-		2,430,234	AA
	224 222		224 222			В
Income	334,322	:	334,322		1 402 122	_
Loomis Sayles Core Plus Bond Y	1,493,123	55 500 015	224 222		1,493,123	BBB
Total Pension Trust Investments	60,053,614	55,789,915	334,322		3,929,377	
Total Investments	\$ 94,409,990	\$66,968,676	\$ 7,457,732	\$16,054,205	\$3,929,377	

Investment Credit Risk - The City's investment policy and state law limit its investment choices, as documented above.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is required to be disclosed by the City for any single investment that represents 5% or more of total investments (excluding investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the US Government, investments in mutual funds, investments in external investment pools and investments in other pooled investments).

It is the City's policy to diversify the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. No more than 5% of the total fair value of the portfolio may be invested in bankers' acceptances issued by any one commercial bank and no more than 5% of the total fair value of the portfolio may be invested in commercial paper of any one issuer.

At March 31, 2020, the City had the following investments that were more than 5% of the City's total investments.

Description	Concentration
Federal Farm Credit	9.6%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	9.9%
Federal Home Loan Banks	8.5%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The City classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs using a matrix pricing technique; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The inputs and methodologies used for valuing investment securities are not necessarily an indication of risk associated with investing in those securities.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of March 31, 2020.

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Primary Government				
Investments by fair value level:				
Government securities:				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$3,422,481	3,422,481	22	
Federal Home Loan Banks	2,926,649	2,926,649		
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,232,444	1,232,444		-
Federal Farm Credit	3,312,538	3,312,538	-	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	12,283,503	9.55	12,283,503	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	23,177,615	10,894,112	12,283,503	
Investments not subject to fair value level classification:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	11,178,761			
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	2,046,492			
Total Primary Government Investments	\$36,402,868			
Fiduciary Fund				
Mutual funds:				
Bond funds	\$ 4,263,699	4,263,699	-	
Balanced funds	16,331,199	16,331,199	2	944
Domestic stock funds.	21,921,452	21,921,452		
International stock funds.	4,902,418	4,902,418	7 <u>22</u>	-
Specialty stock fund	235,949	235,949		
TIAA stable value	6,287,106		-	6,287,106
TIAA traditional annuity option	3,029,403			3,029,403
TIAA brokerage option funds	690,035	690,035	177	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	57,661,261	48,344,752		9,316,509
Investments not subject to fair value level classification:				
Restricted deposit.	10,574			
Money market mutual funds	2,392,353			
Total Fiduciary Fund Investments	\$60,064,188			
,				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Pension Trust Investments

The Pension Trust Funds are governed by Articles I and II, Chapter 18 ½ of the Kirkwood Code of Ordinance and state law. The Pension Trust funds consist of the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Employees' Pension Plan.

The Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan is authorized to invest in the following types of investments:

- a. Stock funds, which are primarily invested in common stocks of publicly traded companies, as well as securities that can be converted into common stocks.
- b. Bond funds that typically include U.S. Treasury obligations, obligations of government sponsored entities, Federal Agency obligations, corporate notes, debentures, preferred stocks, mortgage backed securities, asset backed securities, commercial paper and commercial bank Certificates of Deposit.
- c. Balanced funds that typically invest in a combination of stocks and bonds.
- d. Stable Asset funds that typically include contracts (GICs) issued by banks and top-rated insurance companies as well as synthetic GICs backed by top rated banks and insurance companies.
- e. Money market funds that typically invest in short term cash alternatives.

The Employees' Pension Plan is authorized to invest in Equity Securities and Fixed Income securities.

Custodial Credit Risk - The plans do not have a specific policy addressing custodial credit risk. Neither the Pension Trust's bank balances nor its investments were subject to custodial credit risk this year.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – The plans require active managers to manage the effective duration of their portfolio type comparable to their peers and relative to specific indices outlined in the Plan's policies. As of March 31, 2020, the Pension Trust investments of \$55,789,915 were in money market and mutual funds which have no maturity date. In addition, the Pension Trust held the following bond funds, Nuveen Symphony Floating Income (\$334,322), Vanguard Total Bond Market Index Fund (\$2,436,254), and Loomis Sayles Core Plus Bond Y (\$1,493,123) with an average maturity of 0.34, 6.4, and 6.6 years, respectively.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Pension Trust Investments

Investment Credit Risk - The plans investment policies limit its investment choices, as documented above. As of March 31, 2020, the Pension Trust investments of \$55,789,915 were in money market and mutual funds which are not rated. In addition, the Pension Trust held the following bond funds, Nuveen Symphony Floating Income (\$334,322), Vanguard Total Bond Market Index Fund (\$2,436,254), and Loomis Sayles Core Plus Bond Y (\$1,493,123) with average credit rating of B, AA, and BBB, respectively.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - Participation accounts are self-directed by the participants. Investments used to fund future uplift benefits for the two retirement plans are limited as follows:

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Plan

	Minimum	<u>Target</u>	Maximum
Equity Total:	55%	65%	75%
Mid Cap Equity	0%	10%	20%
Small Cap Equity	0%	10%	20%
International Equity	0%	15%	20%
Fixed Income:			
Including GICs	25%	35%	45%

Civilian Employees' Retirement Plan

Asset Class I	Pension Fund Guidelines	Range
Equity Investments	70%	60-80%
Fixed Income Investme	ents 30%	20-40%

Concentration of credit risk is not required to be disclosed for investments in mutual funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

3. PROPERTY TAX

The City's property tax is levied annually on or before October 1 based on the assessed valuation of all real and personal property located in the City as of the previous January 1. Assessed valuations are established by the St. Louis County Assessor. Kirkwood citizen's approved a 34 cent property tax to be used for General Government Services. Council certified 29.7 cents of this 34 cent authorization to generate approximately two million dollars in property tax revenues to be used for General Government services. The City's tax rate per \$100 of assessed valuation is levied as follows:

	Re	D1	
	Residential	Commercial	Personal <u>Property</u>
General government services Maintenance and operation	\$.239	\$.255	\$.258
of parks Police Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement Fund	.107	.114	.119
	<u>.117</u>	<u>.141</u>	<u>.180</u>
	<u>\$.463</u>	<u>\$.510</u>	<u>\$.557</u>

Additionally, the SBD levies an additional tax of \$0.381 per \$100 assessed valuation for businesses in the SBD.

Taxes are billed October 1, are due and collectible on December 31, and are delinquent and represent a lien on related property on January 1 of the following year. Taxes are billed, collected, and remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2020:

	Balance April 1, 2019	Additions And Transfers	Disposals And Transfers	Balance March 31, 2020
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and land rights	\$ 7,075,996	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,075,996
Construction in Progress	4,815,163	15,935,880	91,251	20,659,792
Total Capital Assets, Not Being				
Depreciated	11 901 150	15 025 990	01 251	27 725 700
Depreciated	11,891,159	15,935,880	91,251	27,735,788
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	28,643,219	224,308	49,813	28,817,714
Building improvements	17,996,705	69,458	13 5 0	18,066,163
Machinery and equipment	7,904,667	568,963	57,296	8,416,334
Automotive equipment	7,436,259	569,448	675,069	7,330,638
Infrastructure	47,351,248	1,909,460	418,208	48,842,500
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	109,332,098	3,341,637	1,200,386	111,473,349
Lass Assumulated Dannesistian Fam.				
Less – Accumulated Depreciation For:	17 100 (40	007 226	40.526	17 020 240
Buildings	17,100,640	887,236	49,536	17,938,340
Building improvement	5,526,099	670,226 452,886	48,256	6,196,325 5,619,843
Machinery and equipment	5,215,213	569,652	586,479	4,865,712
Automotive equipment	4,882,539	,		
Infrastructure	21,939,940	962,399	311,552	22,590,787
Total Accumulated Depreciation	54,664,431	3,542,399	995,823	57,211,007
			 	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	54,667,667	(200,762)	204,563	54,262,342
· · · · ·		A	W	
Governmental Activities,				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 66,558,826	\$15,735,118	\$ 295,814	\$81,998,130

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Business-Type Activities:	Balance April 1, 2019	Additions And Transfers	Disposals And Transfers	Balance March 31, 2020
Electric:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land and land rights Construction in Progress	\$ 154,994 3,793,043	\$ 4,040,512	\$ 	\$ 154,994 4,947,907
Total Capital Assets, Not Being				
Depreciated	3,948,037	4,040,512	2,885,648	5,102,901
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	297,891	12	· ·	297,891
Distribution system	12,732,053	3,915,875	19,133	16,628,795
Machinery and equipment	1,862,910	14,939	13,301	1,864,548
Automotive equipment	1,333,121	68,938	59,578	1,342,481
Traffic Lights/Street Lights	17,475		17,475	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	16,243,450	3,999,752	109,487	20,133,715
Less – Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	229,293	3,000	72	232,293
Distribution system	3,375,530	461,466	17,220	3,819,776
Machinery and equipment	1,573,339	43,277	11,971	1,604,645
Automotive equipment	546,700	138,577	55,371	629,906
Traffic Lights/Street Lights	8,388	699	9,087	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	5,733,250	647,019	93,649	6,286,620
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	10,510,200	3,352,733	15,838	13,847,095
Electric:				
Capital Assets, Net	14,458,237	7,393,245	2,901,486	18,949,996
Water:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and land rights	31,274	4	2	31,274
Construction in Progress	1,811,250	23,262	1,800,139	34,373
Total Capital Assets, Not Being				
Depreciation	1,842,524	23,262	1,800,139	65,647
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	545,433		4	545,433
Distribution system	24,548,228	3,526,434	144,835	27,929,827
Improvements other than buildings	246,758	141	_	246,758
Machinery and equipment	697,318	6,800	2,275	701,843
Automotive equipment	763,262	126,934	49,213	840,983
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	26,800,999	3,660,168	196,323	30,264,844

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Balance April 1, 2019	Additions And Transfers	Disposals And Transfers	Balance March 31, 2020
Business-Type Activities (continued): Water (continued):	2019	1141151616	7741101010	2020
Less - Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	112,174	15,099	\\ ```	127,273
Distribution system	5,465,471	587,317	37,988	6,014,800
Improvements other than buildings	161,950	10,203		172,153
Machinery and equipment	341,303	60,174	2,048	399,429
Automotive equipment	495,287	58,520	49,212	504,595
Total Accumulated Depreciation	6,576,185	731,313	89,248	7,218,250
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	20,224,814	2,928,855	107,075	23,046,594
Water:				
Capital Assets, Net.	22,067,338	2,952,117	1,907,214	23,112,241
Sanitation:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and land rights	134,057			134,057
Total Capital Assets, Not Being				
Depreciated	134,057			134,057
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	423,314	=	2	423,314
Machinery and equipment	655,145	8,650	=	663,795
Automotive equipment	2,453,723	443,898	203,925	2,693,696
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	3,532,182	452,548	203,925	3,780,805
Less – Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	140,718	13,376	-	154,094
Machinery and equipment	423,880	32,748	-	456,628
Automotive equipment	1,293,010	256,525	198,298	1,351,237
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,857,608	302,649	198,298	1,961,959
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	1,674,574	149,899	5,627	1,818,846
Sanitation:				
Capital Assets, Net	1,808,631	149,899	5,627	1,952,903
Business-Type Activities,				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 38,334,206	\$10,495,261	\$ 4,814,327	\$ 44,015,140

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Government Activities:		
General government	\$	403,088
Building maintenance		2,750
Building commissioner		8,597
Engineering		25,163
Police		262,267
Fire		521,690
Streets		1,216,279
Recreation		514,046
Parks	5	588,519
Total depreciation expense – governmental-type activities	_\$_	3,542,399
Total depreciation expense – governmental-type activities		3,542,399
		3,542,399
Business-Type Activities		
Business-Type Activities Electric	<u>\$</u> \$	647,019
Business-Type Activities Electric		647,019 731,313
Business-Type Activities Electric		647,019
Business-Type Activities Electric	\$	647,019 731,313 302,649
Business-Type Activities Electric		647,019 731,313

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Civilian

Effective April 1, 1987, the City enacted Ordinance No. 7627 which established the Employees' Pension Plan (PLAN). The PLAN is a defined contribution multiple employer plan which covers all non-uniformed employees of the City of Kirkwood, the Kirkwood Public Library, and the Kirkwood Housing Authority. Benefit and contribution provisions are established and amended by the City Council. Employees are eligible for participation upon completing 500 hours of service in a consecutive six month period. At March 31, 2020, there were 202 active Plan members, 50 retired members, and 2 disabled members.

The PLAN receives contributions from the City, in accordance with City ordinances, in an amount equal to 6.5% of each participating employee's gross wages. Vesting of employer contributions occurs after five years of service.

Nonvested participant accounts are forfeited to the PLAN upon termination of employment. The forfeited amounts reduce the City's required contribution in the year of termination. In the current year, the amount of forfeitures used for contributions was \$29,287.

Retirement benefits are paid either as a lump-sum, series of substantially equal installments, or an annuity with optional surviving spouse benefits. The PLAN purchases annuities for retirees who choose the annuity form of retirement payment. These annuities are not reflected in the assets of the PLAN. The PLAN also provides for disability and life insurance.

Participants may choose to have funds invested on their behalf in any one of the following, or any combination thereof, types of investments of open-end mutual funds: Short-term reserves, bond funds, balanced funds (stocks and bonds), domestic stock funds and international stock funds.

A summary of contributions and percentage of covered plan payroll of the City is presented below for fiscal year 2020:

Contributions required	\$	743,847
Less: Forfeitures used	_	29,287
Contributions made	\$	714,560
Contribution required as a percent of		
covered payroll - City		6.5%

The PLAN issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing: City of Kirkwood, 139 South Kirkwood Road, Kirkwood, Missouri 63122.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

Civilian Plan for Retirees of Previous Plan

Effective April 1, 1987, the City terminated its Civilian Employees Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (former plan) and established the defined contribution plan as described above. Annuities were purchased for all retired participants to provide benefits equal to the amount received under the terminated former plan. For active participants, initial contributions were made to the new defined contribution plan equaling the amount determined to be actuarially equivalent to the accrued benefits of the former plan. The remaining assets of the former plan were segregated in a separate fund and may be used for the following:

- Disability insurance premiums
- Group life insurance premiums
- Discretionary uplift benefits to retirees
- Certain administrative expenses of the plan

Effective April 1, 1988, the City enacted Ordinance No. 7788 which provides supplemental pension benefits to those retirees and terminated vested participants who had received annuity payments under the terminated former plan. The effects of this Ordinance were to increase monthly benefits to retirees who were receiving benefits prior to January 1, 1987 to 2% times the number of years retired (or portion thereof) at April 1, 1988. Ordinance No. 8160 subsequently provided a 7% increase in benefits to a retiree effective January 1, 1992.

Annuities were purchased for all retired and terminated vested participants to provide uplift benefits.

Effective January 1, 1996, the City enacted Ordinance No. 8474 which provides an additional monthly benefit increase by an amount equal to 5% of the amount of the monthly benefits being paid to such retirees as of July 1, 1995 for those retirees receiving benefits on or about April 1, 1987. Ordinance 8474 also provides a lump-sum retroactive payment equivalent to such monthly increase for the period from July 1, 1995 to December 31, 1995.

Annuities were purchased for all retired participants to provide uplift benefits.

Effective July 1, 1997, the City enacted Ordinance No. 8661 which provides an additional monthly benefit increase, in an amount equal to 5.5% of the amount of the monthly benefits being paid to such retirees as of July 1, 1997, for those retirees receiving benefits on or about April 1, 1987.

Annuities were purchased for all retired participants to provide uplift benefits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

Civilian Plan for Retirees of Previous Plan (continued)

During 2013, the City engaged a consulting actuary to perform a calculation as to the future benefit obligations of the segregated fund based upon the assumptions that current disability and group life insurance premiums and certain administrative expenses would continue for 50 or 100 years. The calculated reserve is as follows:

<u>50 Years</u> <u>100 Years</u>

Future benefit obligation \$2,376,043 \$2,711,538

Actuarial assumptions used in the calculation are as follows:

Interest rate on invested assets: 7.0% per annum
Inflation rate: 2.5% per annum
Mortality rates: 1983 GAM

LTD benefit changes: It was assumed that the

annual maximum benefit will be increased by 3.0%

per annum

Benefit payout period: 50 or 100 years Discount rate: 7.0% per annum

At March 31, 2020, the fair value of assets available to fund future uplift payments and other benefits was \$3,228,803 and are included in the accompanying fiduciary fund financial statements.

In August 2014, the City passed a resolution which authorizes the allocation of assets in excess of \$3.4 million from Trust II, the remaining assets of the former defined benefit pension plan, to current and certain former PLAN participants. During 2016, Trust II distribution in the amount of \$1,830,288 was made to eligible participants.

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan For Active Participants

Effective April 1, 1987, the City enacted Ordinance No. 7627 which established the Policemen's and Firemen's Pension Plan (PLAN). The PLAN is a defined contribution single employer plan which covers all City commissioned police officers and salaried fire fighters. Benefit and contribution provisions are established and amended by the City Council. Participation in the PLAN occurs upon completion of 500 hours of service in a consecutive six-month period. At March 31, 2020, there were 113 active Plan members, 30 retired members, and 5 disabled.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan For Active Participants (continued)

The PLAN is funded in accordance with City ordinances from taxes levied for such purpose and employee contributions. City contributions to participant accounts are established at an amount equal to the current social security rate for civilian employees, in addition to 6.5% of employee participant gross wages. Employee contributions are established at an amount equal to the current social security withholding percentages.

Vesting of employee contributions and initial account balances occurs immediately. Vesting of employer contributions occurs after five years of service. Retirement benefits are paid either as a lump-sum, a series of substantially equal installments, or as an annuity with optional surviving spouse benefits. The PLAN purchases annuities for retirees who choose the annuity form of retirement payment. These annuities are not included in the assets of the PLAN. The PLAN also provides for disability and life insurance.

Non-vested participant accounts are forfeited to the Plan upon termination of employment. The forfeited amounts reduce the City's required contributions in the year of termination. In the current year, the amount of forfeitures used for contributions was \$10,251.

Participants may choose to have funds invested on their behalf in any one of the following, or any combination thereof, types of investments of open end mutual funds: Equity bonds, bond funds, balanced funds, stable asset funds and money market funds.

A summary of contributions and percentage of covered Plan payroll of the City is presented below for fiscal year 2020:

Contributions made and required:

City contribution required	\$ 1	,282,786
Less: Forfeitures used		10,251
City contributions made	\$ 1	,272,535
Employees' contribution made and required	\$	633,280
Contribution required as a percent of covered payrol	1:	
City		12.7%
Employees		6.2%

The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing: City of Kirkwood, 139 South Kirkwood Road, Kirkwood, Missouri 63122.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan For Retirees of Previous Plan

Effective April 1, 1987, the City terminated its Policemen and Firemen Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (former plan) and established the defined contribution plan as described above. Annuities were purchased for all retired participants to provide benefits equal to the amount received under the terminated former plan. For active participants, initial contributions were made to the new defined contribution plan equaling an amount determined to be actuarially equivalent to the accrued benefits of the former plan. The remaining assets of the former plan were segregated in a separate fund and may be used for the following:

- Disability insurance premiums
- Group life insurance premiums
- Discretionary uplift benefits to retirees
- Certain administrative expenses of the plan

Effective April 1, 1988, the City enacted Ordinance No. 7788 which provides supplemental pension benefits to those retirees and terminated vested participants who had received annuity payments under the terminated former plan. Ordinance No. 8096 provided a 6% increase in benefits to a retiree effective October 1, 1991. The effects of these Ordinances were as follows:

- 1. Increased monthly benefits to retirees who were receiving benefits prior to December 31, 1977 to one-half the salary of a Kirkwood police officer at March 31, 1987.
- 2. Increased monthly benefits to retirees and terminated vested participants who retired under the former plan enacted in 1978 to reflect an additional rank accrual monthly benefit of \$38.50.

Effective June 30, 1995, the City enacted Ordinance No. 8431 which provides an additional monthly benefit increase in an amount equal to 6% of the amount of the monthly benefit being paid to such retirees as of June 30, 1995 for those retirees receiving benefits on or before April 1, 1987.

Effective July 1, 1997, the City enacted Ordinance No. 8661 which provides an additional monthly benefit increase, in an amount equal to 5.5% of the amount of the monthly benefits being paid to such retirees as of July 1, 1997, for those retirees receiving benefits on or before April 1, 1987.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan For Retirees of Previous Plan (continued)

Annuities were purchased for all retired and terminated vested participants to provide uplift benefits.

During 2013, the City engaged a consulting actuary to perform a calculation as to the future benefit obligations of the assumption that current disability and group life insurance premiums and certain administrative expenses would continue for 50 or 100 years. The calculated reserve was as follows:

<u>50 Years</u> <u>100 Years</u>

Future benefit obligation \$2,633,548 \$3,000,988

Actuarial assumptions used in the calculation are as follows:

Interest rate on invested assets: 7.0% per annum Inflation rate: 2.5% per annum Mortality rates: 1983 GAM

LTD benefit changes: It was assumed that the

annual maximum benefit will be increased by 3.0%

per annum

Benefit payout period: 50 or 100 years Discount rate: 7.0% per annum

At March 31, 2020, the fair value of plan assets available to fund future uplift payments and other benefits was \$3,248,075 and are included in the accompanying fiduciary fund financial statements.

In August 2014, the City passed a resolution which authorizes the allocation of assets in excess of \$3.5 million from Trust II, the remaining assets of the former defined benefit pension plan, to current and certain former PLAN participants. During 2016, Trust II distribution in the amount of \$2,065,750 was made to eligible participants.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2020:

	Original Issuance Amounts	Balance April 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance March 31, 2020	Current Portion
Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds: Series 2009 Refunding	\$ 4,185,000	\$ 525,000	\$	\$ (525,000)	\$	\$ -
Certificate of Participation: Series 2017	23,515,000	23,515,000	•	(480,000)	23,035,000	490,000
Capital Leases	1,083,722	446,053		(365,253)	80,800	80,800
Accrued compensated absences		560,759	1,571,119	(1,534,720)	597,158	486,684
	\$28,783,722	25,046,812	1,571,119	(2,904,973)	23,712,958	\$1,057,484
Add: Unamortized premium, net		711,704	(#)	(25,647)	686,057	
Total Governmental Activities		\$25,758,516	\$ 1,571,119	\$(2,930,620)	\$ 24,399,015	

For compensated absences, the general fund historically liquidates 93.0 percent, and the Park and Special Business District funds historically liquidate 4.5 percent and 2.0 percent respectively. The remaining 0.5 percent is liquidated in the Sewer Lateral, and internal service funds.

Business-Type Activities Certificate of Participation Series 2009 Series 2012 Refunding Series 2014 Series 2019 Refunding	\$ 6,450,000 3,520,000 3,605,000 3,335,000	\$ 4,195,000 2,340,000 2,795,000	\$ - 3,335,000	\$ (4,195,000) (175,000) (220,000)	\$ - 2,165,000 2,575,000 3,335,000	\$ 175,000 225,000 290,000
Capital Leases Lease/Purchase	3,154,391 523,188	2,631,273	523,118	(224,397) (109,644)	2,406,876 413,474	232,228 99,721
Accrued compensated absences		74,316	311,624	(301,678)	84,262	68,674
	\$17,943,248	12,035,589	4,169,742	(5,225,719)	10,979,612	\$ 1,090,623
Add: Unamortized premium, net		60,341	268,862	(3,117)	326,086	
Total Business-Type Activities		\$12,095,930	\$ 4,438,604	\$ (5,228,836)	\$11,305,698	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are obligations of the City, and the full faith credit, and resources of the City have been pledged to the payment of principal of and interest on the bonds and payable are comprised of the following issues:

On December 1, 2009, the City issued \$4,185,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 with interest rates ranging between 1.00% and 3.35%. The City issued the bonds to advance refund \$4,140,000 of the outstanding principal on the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2001, maturing on March 1, 2014 and thereafter.

Certificates of Participation, Governmental Activities

In December 2017, the City issued \$23,515,000 in Certificates of Participation Series 2019 ("COPS") for the purpose of providing funds to acquire, construct, furnish and equip a new performing arts center and improvements to facilities in Kirkwood Park including the renovation of the City's community center. The COPS mature on December 1, 2047 and bear interest at varying rates from 2% to 4%.

Principal and Interest Requirements on Long-Term Debt

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity on long-term debt outstanding (other than tax increment financing bonds) as of March 31, 2020 are as follows:

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Bonds Payable/ Certificates of Participation Principal Interest **Total** Year ending March 31, 2021 \$ 490,000 828,706 \$ 1,318,706 2022 505,000 814,006 1,319,006 2023 520,000 798,856 1,318,856 535,000 783,256 1,318,256 2024 2025 555,000 761,856 1,316,856 3,140,000 3,456,882 6,596,882 2026 - 2030..... 3,795,000 2,800,131 6,595,131 2031 - 2035..... 4,445,000 2,156,294 6,601,294 2036 - 2040..... 5,345,000 1,247,525 6,592,525 2041 - 2045..... 3,705,000 2046 - 2048..... 252,788 3,957,788 Total..... \$ 23,035,000 \$ 13,900,300 \$ 36,935,300

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Certificates of Participation, Business-type Activities

In June 2012, the City issued \$3,520,000 in Certificates of Participation Refunding Series 2012 ("COPS") for the purpose of providing funds to redeem in full the City's outstanding principal amount of \$3,410,000 on its Series 2005 COPS. The COPS mature on September 1, 2030 and bear interest at varying rates from 1.25% to 3.25%.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 authorizes the City to issue taxable obligations known as "Build America Bonds" to finance capital expenditures for which it could otherwise issue tax-exempt obligations and to elect to receive a subsidy payment on each payment date, from the United States Treasury equal to 35% of the amount of each interest payment on the Build America Bonds. The City made an irrevocable election to issue the Certificates as Build America Bonds. The US Treasury Interest Subsidy will be paid directly to the City. The City intends to apply, but has not pledged, the US Treasury Interest Subsidy to payment of the Certificates. Additionally, no holder of any Build America Bonds issued by the City will be entitled to any federal income tax credits associated with the Build America Bonds.

On September 1, 2009, Taxable Certificates of Participation ("COPS"), Series 2009, in the amount of \$6,450,000 were issued evidencing proportionate ownership interests in the right to receive basic rent to be paid by the City pursuant to an annually renewable Taxable Lease/Purchase Agreement.

The purpose of the Series 2009 Certificates is to finance the cost of constructing a water tower and all appurtenances thereto, the construction of water mains and the costs of delivery of the Series 2009 Certificates. The Series 2009 Certificates are taxable, bear interest rates ranging from 1.5% to 6.05% and mature September 1, 2030.

In conjunction with the issuance of these Certificates, the City entered into a base lease agreement to lease to UMB Bank, N.A. (the "Trustee") the real estate on which the water tower will be located. The Trustee has subleased the real estate and all improvements thereon back to the City pursuant to the Lease/Purchase Agreement. The base lease provides for, among other things, rental income equal to the COPS proceeds and a term that ends September 1, 2050 or after the City has paid either the option price or all the basic and supplemental rent payments. Terms of the Lease/Purchase Agreement include, among other things, rental payments equal to the principal and interest amounts of the COPS issuance including supplemental rental payments to cover trustee fees, taxes, repair and maintenance costs, insurance, and amounts needed to meet applicable reserve requirements. The Lease/Purchase Agreement also provides for an initial rental term ending March 31, 2010 with annual renewal options not to extend beyond September 1, 2030.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Certificates of Participation, Business-type Activities (continued)

On September 2014, the City issued \$3,605,000 in Certificates of Participation Series 2014 ("COPS") to finance an automated water meter reading system. The Series 2014 COPS mature on September 1, 2029 and bear interest rates varying from 2% to 3%.

In conjunction with the issuance of these Certificates, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement to lease from U.S. Bank N. A. (the "Trustee") the automated water meter reading system. The Trustee hereby demises, leases and lets to the City, and the City rents, leases and hires from the trustee, the equipment in accordance with the lease. The lease purchase agreement provides for, among other things, rental income equal to the 2014 COPS proceeds and a term that end September 1, 2029. The terms of the Lease/Purchase agreement include, among other things, rental payments equal to the principal and interest amounts of the COPS issuance. The Lease/Purchase Agreement also provides for an initial rental term ending March 31, 2020 with annual renewal options not to extend beyond September 1, 2029.

On September 16, 2019, the City issued \$3,335,000 in Certificates of Participation Series 2019 ("COPS") for the purpose of providing funds to redeem in full the City's outstanding principal amount of \$3,910,000 on its Series 2009 COPS. The COPS mature on September 1, 2029 and bear interest rate of 3%.

The refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 11 years by nearly \$531,237, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$424,586.

In conjunction with the issuance of these Certificates, the City entered into a base lease agreement to lease to UMB Bank, N.A. (the "Trustee") the real estate on which the water tower will be located. The Trustee has subleased the real estate and all improvements thereon back to the City pursuant to the Lease/Purchase Agreement. The base lease provides for, among other things, rental income equal to the COPS proceeds and a term that ends September 1, 2049 or after the City has paid either the option price or all the basic and supplemental rent payments. Terms of the Lease/Purchase Agreement include, among other things, rental payments equal to the principal and interest amounts of the COPS issuance including supplemental rental payments to cover trustee fees, taxes, repair and maintenance costs, insurance, and amounts needed to meet applicable reserve requirements. The Lease/Purchase Agreement also provides for an initial rental term ending March 31, 2020 with annual renewal options not to extend beyond September 1, 2029.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Certificates of Participation, Business-type Activities (continued)

The Certificates of Participation mature through 2031 as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending March 31,	Principal	_Interest_	Total
2021	\$ 690,000	\$ 227,572	\$ 917,572
2022	710,000	208,435	918,435
2023	735,000	188,354	923,354
2024	750,000	167,342	917,342
2025	770,000	145,493	915,493
2026 - 2030	4,220,000	362,274	4,582,274
2031	200,000	3,250	203,250
Total	\$ 8,075,000	\$1,302,720	\$ 9,377,720

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Capital Leases

In May 2017 the City of Kirkwood, Missouri entered into a capital lease for fire rescue pumper and an ambulance. The City will be lease financing one fire rescue pumper and one ambulance. The lease agreements qualify as capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The City received and accepted possession of the 2018 Freightliner M2 Osage Ambulance and the 2018 Pierce Dash Pumper in April 2018 and June 2018, respectively.

In May 2017 the City of Kirkwood, Missouri entered into a capital lease for power loaders and stretchers to be installed in ambulances. The City will be lease financing three Stryker power load systems with stretchers. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. There is no interest charged on this lease.

In August 2018 the City of Kirkwood, Missouri entered into a capital lease to construct the Swan pump station and associated water main replacement. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. As of March 31, 2020, the project has not been completed.

The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

	March 31, 2020			
	Gov	ernmental	Business	
	Activities		Activities	
Equipment	\$	136,376	\$	-
Vehicles		980,815		-
Distribution System				2,631,273
Less – Accumulated depreciation		193,720		,
Net Book Value	\$	923,471	\$	2,631,273
Vehicles		980,815 193,720	\$:=

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of March 31, 2020 are as follows:

For the Years Ended March 31	Activ	imental vities ount	Ac	Business Activities Amount	
2021	\$	81,143	\$	316,228	
2022		/ 		316,228	
2023		-		316,228	
2024		1		316,228	
2025				316,228	
2026		=		316,228	
2027		:=		316,229	
2028		-		316,229	
2029				316,229	
Subtotal		81,143		2,846,055	
Less – Amount representing interest		343		439,180	
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	80,800	\$	2,406,875	

Lease/Purchase

In August 2019 the City of Kirkwood, Missouri entered into a lease/purchase agreement to acquire sanitation roll carts. The lease/purchase was for \$523,118 with an interest rate of 2.4%. The lease/purchase matures August 15, 2023.

Legal Debt Margin

Under the statutes of the State of Missouri, the limit of bonded indebtedness is 10% of the most recent assessed valuation. The computation is as follows:

Assessed valuation - 2019 tax year ^a		<u>\$969,119,013</u>
Debt limit - 10% of assessed valuation	2=	\$ 96,911,901
Less: Amount available in debt service fund Bonded indebtedness applicable to debt limit		<u> </u>
Legal Debt Margin ^a Assessment Roll at Time of Billing		\$ 96 <u>,</u> 91 <u>1</u> ,901

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

7. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

(A) The following trustee held account has been established in accordance with the Indenture related to the Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2012 ("COPS"):

Revenue Fund

The Revenue Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to the trustee for payments in accordance with the trust Indenture. As of March 31, 2020, cash and investments in the Refunding COPS Series 2012 revenue fund was \$15.

Reserve Fund

The Indenture required that a Reserve Fund be established in the original amount of \$663,636. The amounts to be held in the reserve is determined thereafter on a yearly basis in accordance with the formula in the Indenture. At March 31, 2020, cash and investments in the Refunding COPS Series 2012 reserve fund was \$238,582.

(B) The following trustee held account has been established in accordance with the Indenture related to the Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2014 ("COPS"):

Revenue Fund

The Revenue Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to the trustee for payments in accordance with the trust Indenture. As of March 31, 2020, were no cash and investments in the Refunding COPS Series 2014 revenue fund.

Project Fund

The Project Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to pay project costs. Proceeds received from the sale of the bonds, after deposit into the Revenue Fund of the accrued interest, if any, shall be deposited into the Project Fund. As of March 31, 2020, were no cash and investments in the COPS Series 2014 project fund.

(C) The following trustee held account has been established in accordance with the Indenture related to the Certificates of Participation Series 2017 ("COPS"):

Revenue Fund

The Revenue Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to the trustee for payments in accordance with the trust Indenture. At March 31, 2020, cash and investments in the Refunding COPS Series 2017 revenue fund was \$123.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

7. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Project Fund

The Project Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to pay project costs. Proceeds received from the sale of the bonds, after deposit into the Revenue Fund of the accrued interest, if any, shall be deposited into the Project Fund. As of March 31, 2020, cash and investments in the COPS Series 2019 project fund was \$10,661,855.

(D) The following trustee held account has been established in accordance with the Indenture related to the Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2019 ("COPS"):

Revenue Fund

The Revenue Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to the trustee for payments in accordance with the trust Indenture. At March 31, 2020, cash and investments in the Refunding COPS Series 2019 revenue fund was \$3,726.

- (E) Certain assets are classified on the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds as restricted because of their use is limited. Contractor deposits can only be expended if a deposit is forfeited for noncompliance per the terms of the issued permit. Capital donation received by the Park Fund and Capital Improvement Fund must be used only for approved capital improvements.
- (F) The Electric and Water Fund, based on city ordinance, is required to collect a deposit from all commercial applicants and renters. The deposits can only be used in the event the consumer defaults on their accounts to pay outstanding balances. At March 31, 2020, utility deposits restricted total \$192,891 for the Electric Fund and total \$23,853 for the Water Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

8. RECONCILIATION OF INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The following represents a reconciliation of transfers between individual funds for the year ended March 31, 2020.

	Transfers From		Transfers To		Net Transfers	
Major Funds:						
General Fund	\$	(377,880)	\$ 1,2	283,043	\$	905,163
Special Revenue:						
Public Park Board		*	(627,947		627,947
P&F Property Tax Pension		÷	4	200,000		200,000
Capital Improvement:						
Capital Improvement		-	1,	801,747		1,801,747
Park Capital Improvement		(852,554)		-		(852,554)
Non-Major Funds		(23,629)		-		(23,629)
Major Enterprise Funds						
Electric		(1,874,688)) <u>=</u>)	(1	,874,688)
Water		(747,284)				(747,284)
Sanitation		(16,507)				(16,507)
Internal Service Funds		(20,195)		-		(20,195)
Total	\$	(3,912,737)	\$3,	912,737	\$	

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them primarily for operating or capital purposes.

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of March 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Interfund Receivable		Interfund Payable		
Major Funds					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,655,000	
Capital Projects					
Park Capital Improvement		-		170,000	
Major Enterprise Funds					
Electric		2,740,000		-	
Water		85,000			
Total	\$	2,825,000	\$	2,825,000	

The amounts due to or from individual funds represents interfund borrowings and arise in the normal course of business. Interfund borrowings are necessary due to the nature and timing of governmental receipts.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City, including its component units, use the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund to account for and finance risks for workers' compensation, general liability and property damage. For workers' compensation the City retains the risk for the first \$750,000 of an individual claim. Excess insurance coverage is purchased to cover individual claims in excess of \$750,000.

The City, including its component units, uses the Medical Self Insurance Internal Service Fund to account for and finance medical health coverage for eligible employees. For medical health insurance, the City retains the risk for the first \$100,000 of an individual claim. Excess insurance coverage is purchased to cover individual claims in excess of \$100,000.

The Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund is funded by charges to the City's other funds and is based primarily upon the contributing funds' claims experience. The Medical Self Insurance Internal Service Fund is funded by premiums established by City Council based upon recommendations from the City's benefit consultants. The City obtains periodic funding valuations from the claims-servicing companies managing the self-insurance programs and adjusts the charges to the various funds as required to maintain the appropriate level of estimated claims liability.

Changes in the internal service fund claims liability for the past two years are as follows:

	 Workers' Compensation		edical Self nsurance
Liability – March 31, 2018 Claims payments Claims incurred and changes to prior	\$ 652,898 (941,787)	\$	353,949 (2,741,256)
years estimates	 884,683		2,667,271
Liability – March 31, 2019 Claims payments Claims incurred and changes to prior	595,794 (496,999)		279,964 (2,731,095)
years estimates	 446,409		2,782,923
Liability – March 31, 2020	\$ 545,204	\$	331,792

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

9. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The City purchases commercial insurance policies for the following exposures including workers' compensation and medical health coverage:

Coverage Type	Coverage Limit	Deductible
Workers' Compensation	Statutory	\$ 750,000
General Liability	7,000,000	100,000
Auto Liability	7,000,000	100,000
Auto Physical Damage	1,475,000	25,000
Public Officials Liability	7,000,000	50,000
Law Enforcement Liability	7,000,000	50,000
Employee Benefits	7,000,000	50,000
Pollution Liability	2,000,000	50,000
City Administrator Bond	500,000	
Court Clerk Bond	50,000	
Property	62,869,638	25,000
Fiduciary Liability	5,000,000	10,000
Crime – Employee Theft	500,000	25,000
Cyber Liability	1,000,000	5,000
Flood	48,400	5,000
Flood	150,000	1,250
Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield	100,000	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the current status of all legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

Federal Grants

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. It is the opinion of management that such reimbursements, if any, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

Major Supplier

The City has an agreement with a local utility company to be the City's sole provider of its water for resale. The agreement has fixed rates for each calendar year, with the contract expiring January 13, 2036. There are no minimum or maximum purchase commitments under the agreement.

The City obtains its capacity and energy requirements from various suppliers, including the Midwest Independent System Operator (MISO) and the Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission (MJMEUC).

During the fiscal year, the City's average cost of power was \$74.73 per megawatt hour. The City obtained 80% of its energy from the Prairie State Energy Campus, 15% of its power from MISO and 5% from Nextera.

Joint Venture

The City has entered into a multi-governmental arrangement creating an organization that is owned, operated, and governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the City retains an ongoing financial responsibility.

The Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission (MJMEUC) was formed under the laws of the state of Missouri for the purpose of procuring electric energy and capacity for the benefit of, and pursuant to the governance and direction of, MJMEUC's members. The governing body of each of the contracting municipalities appoints one MJMEUC Director and one alternate, who may be employees of the contracting municipality.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Joint Venture (continued)

MJMEUC has acquired an undivided ownership interest in the Prairie State Energy Campus, a two-unit, coal-fueled, mine-mouth generating station with an anticipated net capacity of approximately 1600 megawatts, and associated coal reserves and coal-mining facilities ("PSEC"), in Washington County, Illinois. The City's purchase percentage equates to 12.5 MW of unit power from each of the two PSEC units.

The first PSEC unit entered into commercial operation in June 2013 and the second unit began commercial operation in November 2013. Each unit is expected to have a useful service life of at least 40 years.

The City does not have any equity interests. The City will be responsible for its proportionate share of (a) the fixed and variable costs MJMEUC incurs in connections with its PSEC ownership, and (b) MJMEUC's administrative and other reasonable costs associated with its role as power supplier to the City.

The City paid approximately \$893,250 prior to commercial operation of the PSEC units. The City now pays approximately \$54.48/MWH for capacity and energy from the units prior to sales back into the grid and experiences a net price of \$32.83/MWH after excess sales back into the grid are included in the calculation.

Separate financial statements prepared for the MJMEUC can be furnished upon request.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of March 31, 2020. The projects include performance art center (PAC), park improvements, streets, sidewalks, electric distribution system upgrades, electric meter based upgrades, and water distribution system upgrades. At year end the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project/Contractor	Total Spent As of March 31, 2020	Remaining Commitment
PAC Design Services-Jacobs Engineering	\$ 1,915,619	\$ 112,516
PAC Construction Manager-BSI Construction	16,124,495	7,213,870
PAC Lighting-Intelligent Lighting	88,619	208,777
Bike Wayfinding Signage-Alta Planning	67,453	4,584
Geyer Road Design Phase 2-CMT	60,521	139,281
Geyer Road Resurfacing-EFK Moen LLC		109,998
Intersection Design-Jacobs Engineering	70,730	500
Manchester Road Improvement-Thouvenot, Wade	322,028	19,831
Manchester Road Improvement-EFK Moen	95,605	49,760
Park Tank 1 Improvement-Haier Plumbing	741	198,500
Park Tank 1 Mix System Design-CMT	13,474	4,526
Quan Avenue Design Services-GBA Companies	100,494	54,028
Quan Avenue Reconstruction-Gerstner Electric	250	1,372,840
Resurfacing E Monroe Ave-Krupp Construction	÷	313,287
Street/Water Main Northlin/Southlin-Kelpe	908,647	50,317
Traffic Signals-CMT	919,875	24,285
Traffic Signals-Gerstner Electric	3,713,816	270,076
Water Main Design Big Bend/N Kirkwood-CMT	33,880	27,500
Water Main Design Geyer/Dougherty Ferry-CMT	113,555	21,445
Water Main Design Grand-Donohue & Associates	45,454	396
Water Main Design Orchard-Bax Engineering	31,579	38,189
Total	\$ 24,625,844	\$ 10,234,506

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2020

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of COVID-19 coronavirus a global pandemic. As a result, economic uncertainties have arisen which could adversely affect financial stability. In addition, the amount of tax collections after year-end could be significantly affected by the COVID-19 pandemic due to economic slowdown issues.

12. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The accounting principles governing the reported amounts, presentation and related disclosures are subject to change from time to time based on new pronouncements and/or rules issued by various governing bodies. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases" has been postponed 18 months, GASB Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements" and GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period" have been postponed one year.

In June 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

In March 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." The objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

In June 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The objectives of this Statement are (a) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (b) to simplify accounting for certain interest costs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively.

The effects on the City's financial statements as a result of the adoption of these new pronouncements are unknown.

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Information

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes, including interest and penalties:				_
Gasoline/motor vehicle sales	, ,	\$ 1,094,000	\$ 1,122,171	\$ 28,171
Utility gross receipts	4,468,000	4,468,000	4,117,680	(350,320)
Property	2,260,000	2,260,000	2,361,788	101,788
Sales	6,300,000	6,300,000	6,546,425	246,425
Cigarette	60,000	60,000	56,649	(3,351)
Highway road and bridge	780,000	780,000	839,951	59,951
County public safety	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,515,274	215,274
Franchise	430,000	430,000	394,369	(35,631)
Total Taxes	16,692,000	16,692,000	16,954,307	262,307
Intergovernmental	594,887	594,887	715,245	120,358
Licenses, Permits, Fines and Fees:				
Motor vehicle licenses and fees	137,000	137,000	142,633	5,633
Business licenses	768,000	768,000	827,725	59,725
Alcoholic beverage licenses	26,000	26,000	29,325	3,325
Building and plumbing permits	820,000	820,000	798,560	(21,440)
Excavation and sign permits	35,300	35,300	34,292	(1,008)
Fines and court costs	203,200	203,200	226,075	22,875
Miscellaneous fees	160,000	160,000	181,260	21,260
Total Licenses, Permits, Fines and Fees	2,149,500	2,149,500	2,239,870	90,370
Investment income	71,750	71,750	299,227	227,477
Charges For Services:				
Skating rink	769,000	769,000	828,709	59,709
Aquatic facility	412,000	412,000	359,731	(52,269)
Ambulance fees		1,000,000	1,135,025	135,025
Program fees		802,200	810,584	8,384
Total Charges For Services		2,983,200	3,134,049	150,849
Other	691,134	784,008	823,080	39,072
Total Revenues	\$ 23,182,471	\$ 23,275,345	\$24,165,778	\$ 890,433

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	D 1 - / 1		A 1	Variance with Final Budget
n 	Budgeted	Amounts Final	Actual	Positive
EXPENDITURES:	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Current: General Government and Finance:				
Personnel services	2 221 602	2 244 206	2 200 045	25 451
	2,321,603	2,344,296	2,308,845	35,451
Contractual services	1,192,409	1,199,170	1,104,206	94,964
Commodities	555,435	498,258	69,316	428,942
Capital outlay	10,100	25,792	23,040	2,752
Interdepartmental charges, net	100,448	90,914	88,247	2,667
Debt service:	100 000	120 000		100.000
Principal	120,000	120,000	456	120,000
Interest, and fiscal charges	83,250	83,250	83,250	
Total General Government and Finance	4,383,245	4,361,680	3,676,904	684,776
Engineering:				
Personnel services	688,892	693,824	654,893	38,931
Contractual services	485,982	580,727	518,971	61,756
Commodities	8,985	10,485	6,769	3,716
Capital outlay	5,500	10,500	620	9,880
Interdepartmental charges, net	9,900	9,900	7,922	1,978
Total Engineering	1,199,259	1,305,436	1,189,175	116,261
	1,177,237	1,505,150	1,102,173	
Building Maintenance:				
Personnel services	264,754	259,095	256,930	2,165
Contractual services	216,145	224,804	222,994	1,810
Commodities	48,486	44,686	41,011	3,675
Capital outlay	2,500	2,500	2,328	172
Interdepartmental charges, net	9,829	10,629	9,532	1,097
Total Building Maintenance	541,714	541,714	532,795	8,919
Building Commissioner:				
Personnel services	631,260	624,146	606,505	17,641
Contractual services	68,643	75,757	73,920	1,837
Commodities	14,135	14,135	7,714	6,421
Interdepartmental charges, net	11,167	11,167	9,616	1,551
Total Building Commissioner	725,205	725,205	697,755	27,450

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
·-	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	- *	************		
Current (continued):				
Police:				
Personnel services	7,392,674	7,386,086	7,146,892	239,194
Contractual services	768,811	775,480	748,024	27,456
Commodities	121,820	119,934	112,050	7,884
Capital outlay	8,500	14,305	14,111	194
Interdepartmental charges, net	366,684	362,684	317,053	45,631
Total Police	8,658,489	8,658,489	8,338,130	320,359
Fire:				
Personnel services	5,529,033	5,610,483	5,609,778	705
Contractual services	515,336	542,085	542,078	7
Commodities	143,212	148,557	148,486	71
Capital outlay	16,300	13,556	13,555	1
Interdepartmental charges, net	315,912	281,776	276,816	4,960
Total Fire	6,519,793	6,596,457	6,590,713	5,744
Streets:				
Personnel services	948,393	938,532	883,235	55,297
Contractual services	243,993	249,653	239,740	9,913
Commodities	281,500	283,201	250,419	32,782
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000	7,919	2,081
Interdepartmental charges, net	188,440	190,940	162,547	28,393
Total Streets	1,672,326	1,672,326	1,543,860	128,466
Recreation:				
Personnel services	1,210,764	1,231,520	1,179,205	52,315
Contractual services	755,328	802,655	745,594	57,061
Commodities	149,728	147,676	125,037	22,639
Interdepartmental charges, net		259,535	245,314	14,221
Total Recreation	2,382,368	2,441,386	2,295,150	146,236
Total Expenditures	26,082,399	26,302,693	24,864,482	1,438,211

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

·	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,899,928)	(3,027,348)	(698,704)	(2,328,644)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out Insurance recoveries	2,055,489 (504,653)	2,082,659 (505,310)	1,283,043 (377,880) 187	(799,616) 127,430 187
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,550,836	1,577,349	905,350	(671,999)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,349,092)	\$ (1,449,999)	206,646	\$ (1,656,645)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS				
Revenue accrual adjustments Expenditure accrual adjustments Total Adjustments To Reconcile to GAAP Basis			190,661 (104,641) ————————————————————————————————————	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS			292,666	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			7,976,326	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 8,268,992	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PUBLIC PARK BOARD FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Taxes, including interest and penalties		\$1,007,000	\$ 1,045,471	\$ 38,471	
Licenses, permits, fines and fees		72,600	73,803	1,203	
Investment income	5,000	5,000	41,515	36,515	
Total Revenues	1,084,600	1,084,600	1,160,789	76,189	
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Parks		1,603,864	1,506,020	97,844	
Capital outlay	188,000	494,727	442,159	52,568	
Total Expenditures	1,793,014	2,098,591	1,948,179	150,412	
EXCESS REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(708,414)	(1,013,991)	(787,390)	(226,601)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in Proceeds from sale of capital assets Insurance recoveries	12,500	625,130 12,500	627,947 213 23,204	2,817 (12,287) 23,204	
Total Other Financing Sources	637,630	637,630	651,364	13,734	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (70,784)	\$ (376,361)	(136,026)	\$ (240,335)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS					
Revenue accrual adjustments			75,778		
Expenditure accrual adjustments			(6,487)		
Total Adjustments To Reconcile to GAAP Basis			69,291		
to GAAL Basis			09,291		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS			(66,735)		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			1,739,906		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 1,673,171		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - P&F PROPERTY TAX PENSION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES:						
Taxes, including interest	Φ 050 000	Φ 050 000	Ф 1 207 7 (2	ф 257.7(2		
and penalties	•	\$ 950,000	\$ 1,207,763	\$ 257,763		
Investment income	4,500	4,500	14,054	9,554		
Total Revenues	954,500	954,500	1,221,817	267,317		
EXPENDITURES:						
Police	746,090	741,832	709,289	32,543		
Fire	696,550	700,808	694,036	6,772		
Total Expenditures	1,442,640	1,442,640	1,403,325	39,315		
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(488,140)	(488,140)	(181,508)	(306,632)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
Transfers in	200,000	200,000	200,000			
Total Other Financing Sources	200,000	200,000	200,000			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (288,140)	\$ (288,140)	18,492	\$ (306,632)		
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS				*		
Revenue accrual adjustments			88,104			
Expenditure accrual adjustments			(7,890)			
Total Adjustments To Reconcile						
to GAAP Basis			80,214			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-GAAP BASIS			98,706			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			685,927			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 784,633			

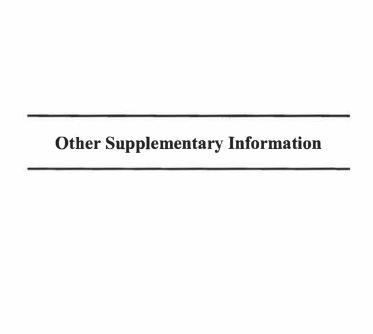
NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

1. BUDGETARY DATA

Missouri state law and City ordinances require annual budgets to be prepared and legally adopted for the general fund; Public Park Board, P&F Property Tax Pension, Downtown Special Business District, Equitable Sharing and Sewer Lateral special revenue funds; debt service fund and capital projects funds. Budgets are prepared by the Chief Administrative Officer on the modified accrual basis according to the City of Kirkwood, Missouri Charter Article VI, Section 6.3. The budgets are reviewed by a Citizens' Finance Committee, and are discussed in public hearings prior to their legal adoption by April 1 each year. The City Council may revise the approved budget provided that the total authorized expenditures do not exceed the estimated revenues plus unreserved fund balance at the beginning of the year. The budget is legally enacted by ordinance following public hearings on the proposed budget. The Public Park Board is the only City agency that adopts its own budget.

Following adoption of the budget, the Chief Administrative Officer may transfer appropriations between departments provided that total appropriations do not exceed the authorized amount established by ordinance. City policy requires all budget amendments or transfers of \$10,000 or more to be approved by ordinance. All appropriations lapse at year end.

Due to the management controls adopted, which provide for the budget to be controlled at a detail level greater than the statutory level of control, the legal level of budgetary control for all governmental funds except the Public Park Board is established at the sub object level. Compliance with the legal level of budgetary control is demonstrated through the issuance of a separate report, which is available for inspection at the Finance Department. Budgetary comparisons presented herein are on the modified accrual basis in compliance with the City's Charter.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2020

A CODETTO		Combined Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund			Total Ionmajor vemmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and investments - unrestricted	\$	868,654	\$	91,359		960,013
Receivables, net of allowances:	Ψ	000,021	Ψ	71,337		700,015
Taxes		52,203		-		52,203
Interest		1,495		157		1,652
Other		23,896	_			23,896
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	946,248	\$	91,516	\$	1,037,764
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	8,332	\$	-	\$	8,332
Accrued wages and vacation		4,661		=		4,661
Deposits payable		13,832		-		13,832
Unearned revenue		45,430				45,430
Total Liabilities		72,255			. 	72,255
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable revenue-taxes		9,594	_	-	_	9,594
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,594				9,594
FUND BALANCES:						
Restricted for:						
Debt service		-		91,516		91,516
Law enforcement		188,109		-		188,109
Sewer lateral		473,211		: = 3		473,211
Special business district		203,079	-		_	203,079
Total Fund Balances		864,399		91,516	_	955,915
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW						
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	946,248	\$	91,516	\$	1,037,764

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	N	Combined Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:						
Taxes, including interest	•	16600	Φ.	50 510	.	015110
and penalties	\$	166,395	\$	50,718	\$	217,113
Licenses, permits, fines and fees		626,482		0.600		626,482
Investment income		19,203		9,600		28,803
Other		43,912				43,912
Total Revenues		855,992		60,318		916,310
EXPENDITURES:						
General government and finance		558,744		-		558,744
Police		9,505		_		9,505
Capital outlay		75,401		-		75,401
Debt service:		,,,,,,,				70,101
Principal retirement				525,000		525,000
Interest and fiscal charges				17,588		17,588
	-			17,000	-	17,000
Total Expenditures		643,650		542,588		1,186,238
EXCESS REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		212,342		(482,270)		(269,928)
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers out		(23,629)				(23,629)
		(22, (20)			: — · · ·	
Total Other Financing Uses		(23,629)			_	(23,629)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		188,713		(482,270)		(293,557)
FUND BALANCES,						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		675,686		573,786		1,249,472
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	864,399	\$	91,516	\$	955,915

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds maintained by the City are as follows:

<u>Downtown Special Business District</u> - Used to account for property taxes and business license fees set aside for the economic development of the special business district.

<u>Equitable Sharing</u> - Used to account for proceeds from the City's portion of seized assets as required by the United States Attorney General's Guidelines on Seized and Forfeited Property.

<u>Sewer Lateral</u> - Used to account for the sewer lateral insurance fees restricted specifically for repairs of broken single-family and condominium residential sewer laterals.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS MARCH 31, 2020

	Downtown Special Business District		ecial iness Equit		Equitable Sewer Sharing Lateral		Total	
ASSETS: Cash and investments - unrestricted Receivables, net of allowances:	\$	200,427	\$	187,785	\$	480,442	\$	868,654
Taxes		52,203 344 14,781	×7	324		827 9,115		52,203 1,495 23,896
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	267,755	\$	188,109	\$	490,384	\$	946,248
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable		4,292 3,413 1,947 45,430	\$	15 1 - 2-	\$	4,040 1,248 11,885	\$	8,332 4,661 13,832 45,430
Total Liabilities	_	55,082	_		_	17,173	_	72,255
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable revenue-taxes		9,594	_		Ç 0 	-		9,594
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	9,594	-		09-		-	9,594
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for:								
Law enforcement		*		188,109		473,211		188,109 473,211
Special business district	_	203,079	-				-	203,079
Total Fund Balances	_	203,079	_	188,109		473,211	_	864,399
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	_\$_	267,755	_\$	188,109	\$	490,384	\$	946,248

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	B	Downtown Special Business Equitable District Sharing		Sewer Lateral			Total	
REVENUES:								
Taxes, including interest	•		•		•		•	16600
and penalties		166,395			\$		\$	166,395
Licenses, permits, fines and fees		178,088		161,881		286,513		626,482
Investment income		4,492		3,590		11,121		19,203
Miscellaneous		43,912		-				43,912
Total Revenues		392,887		165,471_		297,634		855,992
EXPENDITURES:								
General government and finance		304,420				254,324		558,744
Police		304,420		9,505		254,524		9,505
Capital outlay		12,278		63,123		_		75,401
Cupitui Guttay		12,270		03,123				75,101
Total Expenditures		316,698	_	72,628	_	254,324	-	643,650
EXCESS DEVENTIES OVED (LINDED)								
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		76 100		02 042		42 210		212 242
EXPENDITURES		76,189		92,843		43,310		212,342
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Transfers out		(20,500)		-		(3,129)		(23,629)
		3-1,-11/			-	<u></u>	_	(==,===)
Total Other Financing Uses		(20,500)		=	_	(3,129)		(23,629)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		55,689		92,843		40,181		188,713
FUND BALANCES,								
BEGINNING OF YEAR		147,390		95,266		433,030		675,686
DEGRAMO OF TEMO		177,270		75,200		133,030		075,000
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	203,079	\$	188,109	\$	473,211	\$	864,399

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DOWNTOWN SPECIAL BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	_(Negative)_	
REVENUES:	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			(
Taxes, including interest					
and penalties		\$ 144,000	\$ 128,543	\$ (15,457)	
Licenses, permits, fines and fees		192,500	176,505	(15,995)	
Investment income	2,000	2,000	4,564	2,564	
Miscellaneous	19,300	19,300	43,912	24,612	
Total Revenues	357,800	357,800	353,524	(4,276)	
EXPENDITURES:					
General government and finance	316,580	317,889	303,711	14,178	
Capital outlay	,	16,891	12,278	4,613	
Total Expenditures	334,780	334,780	315,989	18,791	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER				44.545	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	23,020	23,020	37,535	(14,515)	
OTHER FINANCING USES:					
Transfers out	(20,500)	(20,500)	(20,500)	**	
Total Other Financing Uses	(20,500)	(20,500)	(20,500)	140	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,520	\$ 2,520	17,035	\$ (14,515)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS					
Revenue accrual adjustments			39,363		
Expenditure accrual adjustments			(709)		
Total Adjustments To Reconcile			(709)		
to GAAP Basis			38,654		
W Off II Busis			30,031		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-					
GAAP BASIS			55,689		
FUND BALANCE,					
BEGINNING OF YEAR			147,390		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 203,079		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EQUITABLE SHARING FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
	0	riginal		Final	A	Amounts	<u>(</u> N	(Negative)	
REVENUES: Licenses, permits, fines and fees Investment income		100,000 750	\$	100,000 750	\$	161,881 3,516	\$	61,881 2,766	
Total Revenues		100,750		100,750		165,397		64,647	
EXPENDITURES: Police Capital Outlay		2 4		13,405 63,520		9,505 63,123		3,900 397	
Total Expenditures			·	76,925		72,628		4,297	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		100,750		23,825		92,769		68,944	
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers out		(65,000)		(65,000)				65,000	
Total Other Financing Uses		(65,000)	_	(65,000)	_		_	65,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	35,750	\$	(41,175)	_	92,769	\$	133,944	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS						7.4			
Revenue accrual adjustments Expenditure accrual adjustments Total Adjustments To Reconcile					-	74			
to GAAP Basis						74			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE- GAAP BASIS						92,843			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR					_	95,266			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	188,109			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER LATERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
REVENUES:	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,000	\$ 280,225	\$ 5,225
Investment income	•	4,000	11,209	7,209
Total Revenues	279,000	279,000	291,434	12,434
EXPENDITURES:				
General government and finance	464,394	464,394	253,995	210,399
Total Expenditures	464,394	464,394	253,995	210,399
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(185,394)	(185,394)	37,439	(222,833)
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Transfers out	(3,129)	(3,129)	(3,129)	
Total Other Financing Uses	(3,129)	(3,129)	(3,129)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (188,523)	\$ (188,523)	34,310	\$ (222,833)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS				
Revenue accrual adjustments Expenditure accrual adjustments			6,200 (329)	
Total Adjustments To Reconcile to GAAP Basis			5,871	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE- GAAP BASIS			40,181	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			433,030	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 473,211	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Taxes, including interest									
and penalties	\$	625,000	\$	625,000	\$	60,003	\$	(564,997)	
Investment income		3,500		3,500		10,563	·	7,063	
Total Revenues		628,500		628,500		70,565		(557,935)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Debt Service:									
Principal retirement		535,000		535,000		525,000		10,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		31,000		31,000		17,588		13,412	
								22 20.2	
Total Expenditures		566,000	-	566,000	-	542,588	_	23,412	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES	•	62,500	\$	62,500		(472,023)	\$	534,523	
EAI ENDITORES	Φ	02,300	Φ	02,300		(472,023)	—	334,323	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO									
GAAP BASIS									
Revenue accrual adjustments						(10,247)			
Expenditure accrual adjustments									
Total Adjustments To Reconcile									
to GAAP Basis						(10,247)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-									
GAAP BASIS						(482,270)			
ELINID DAL ANCE									
FUND BALANCE,						572 706			
BEGINNING OF YEAR						573,786			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	91,516			
TOTAL DITER NOD, DITE OF TENTAMENT					—	71,510			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
•	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Taxes, including interest					
and penalties	\$ 2,176,550	\$ 2,176,550	\$ 2,220,789	\$ 44,239	
Grants	422,200	422,200	179,559	(242,641)	
Investment income	15,000	15,000	66,703	51,703	
Other	3,600,000	3,600,000	20,971	(3,579,029)	
Total Revenues	6,213,750	6,213,750	2,488,022	(3,725,728)	
EXPENDITURES:				*	
Capital outlay	5,313,763	8,294,074	4,679,999	3,614,075	
Debt Service:	0,010,700	0,25 1,07 1	.,077,777	2,011,072	
Principal retirement	365,523	365,523	365,253	270	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	8,510	4,779	3,731	
Total Expenditures	5,687,796	8,668,107	5,050,031	3,618,076	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	525,954	(2,454,357)	(2,562,009)	107,652	
	323,331	(2, 10 1,001)	(2,502,005)	107,032	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers in	1,966,845	1,966,845	1,801,747	(165,098)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	86,000	86,000	137,353	51,353	
Insurance recoveries			45,473	45,473	
Total Other Financing Sources	2,052,845	2,052,845	1,984,573	(68,272)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,578,799	\$ (401,512)	(577,436)	\$ 175,924	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO					
GAAP BASIS			41 541		
Revenue accrual adjustments Expenditure accrual adjustments			41,541		
Total Adjustments To Reconcile					
to GAAP Basis			41,541		
to GAAF Dasis			41,341		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-					
GAAP BASIS			(535,895)		
FUND BALANCE,					
BEGINNING OF YEAR			2,701,186		
DESIGNATION OF TEACHMENT OF THE TEACHMENT OF			2,701,100		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 2,165,291		

See accompanying independent auditor's report

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARK CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

		1 Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
REVENUES:	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes, including interest and penalties Intergovernmental Investment income Grants	\$ 2,600,000 18,322 25,000	\$ 2,600,000 18,322 25,000	\$ 2,612,692 18,322 236,733 258,050	\$ 12,692 211,733 258,050
Total Revenues	2,643,322	2,643,322	3,125,797	482,475
EXPENDITURES: General government and finance Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal retirement	492,000 650,000	18,750 22,647,838 650,000	6,825 15,254,374 480,000	11,925 7,393,464 170,000
Interest and fiscal charges	849,937	849,937	848,636	1,301
Total Expenditures	2,010,687	24,166,525	16,589,835	7,576,690
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	632,635	(21,523,203)	(13,464,038)	(8,059,165)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	` ' ' '	(958,000) 1,500	(852,554) 158	105,446 (1,342)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,028,500)	(956,500)	(852,396)	104,104
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (395,865)	\$ (22,479,703)	(14,316,434)	\$ (8,163,269)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS Revenue accrual adjustments Expenditure accrual adjustments Total Adjustments To Reconcile to GAAP Basis			3,451	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE- GAAP BASIS			(14,312,983)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			25,941,770	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 11,628,787	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Medical Self Insurance</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for medical insurance premiums and claims expenditures.

<u>Fleet Services</u> - This fund is used to account for citywide vehicle and equipment maintenance and repair costs.

<u>Workers' Compensation</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for medical and disability claims expenditures relating to workers' compensation.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS MARCH 31, 2020

	N. 1' 1	El .	Workers'	
	Medical Self Insurance	Fleet Services	Compensation Self Insurance	Total
9				
ASSETS:				
Cash and investments:				
Held by trustees		\$ -	\$ 17,806	\$ 17,806
Unrestricted	1,175,093	152,716	445,731	1,773,540
Interest receivable	2,024	436	768	3,228
Other receivable	9,500	457	-	9,957
Inventory		1,934		1,934
Total Assets	1,186,617	155,543	464,305	1,806,465
LIABILITIES:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	9,141	35,345	12,492	56,978
Accrued wages and vacation	-	31,719	6,044	37,763
Claims payable	331,792	-	545,204	876,996
	2 40 000	CR 0.64	# CO # 10	
Total Current Liabilities	340,933	67,064	563,740	971,737
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Compensated absences	2	4,395	632	5,027
		.,,,,,	- 032	- 3,027
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	•	4,395	632	5,027
Total Liabilities	340,933	71,459	564,372	976,764
NET POGETION				
NET POSITION	045 604	04.004	(100.067)	920 701
Unrestricted	845,684	84,084	(100,067)	829,701
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 845,684	\$ 84,084	\$ (100,067)	\$ 829,701

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Medical Self Insurance		Fleet Services		Workers' Compensation Self Insurance			Total
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Other		3,273,701	\$	926,250 54,982	\$	1,162,978	\$	5,362,929 54,982
Total Operating Revenues	22	3,273,701		981,232		1,162,978		5,417,911
OPERATING EXPENSES: Administrative and general Claims and insurance premiums		104,500 3,703,864		1,030,976		267,800 788,088		1,403,276 4,491,952
Total Operating Expenses		3,808,364	_	1,030,976	_	1,055,888		5,895,228
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(534,663)		(49,744)		107,090		(477,317)
NONOPERATING REVENUES: Insurance recoveries Investment income		32,929		935 5,926	-	2,184 9,829		3,119 48,684
Total Nonoperating Revenues		32,929		6,861		12,013		51,803
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(501,734)		(42,883)		119,103		(425,514)
Transfers out		(17,617)		(=)		(2,578)		(20,195)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(519,351)		(42,883)		116,525		(445,709)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,365,035		126,967		(216,592)		1,275,410
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	845,684	_\$_	84,084	\$	(100,067)	_\$	829,701

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

FOR THE FISCAL TEAR I	INDI	DIVIARCE	113	1, 2020			_	
						Workers'		
	1	Medical		Fleet	Co	mpensation		
	_	Insurance		Services		-		Total
CARLELOWICEDON ODED ATING A CHILITRIC	Seli	insurance	- 2	services	26	lf Insurance_		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	3 273 701	\$	926,250	\$	1,162,978	\$	5,362,929
Other receipts		3,273,701	Ψ	61,074	Ψ	1,102,570	Ψ	61,074
-		(2.565.550)				(1.001.070)		
Payments to suppliers		(3,765,559)		(555,109)		(1,021,078)	((5,341,746)
Payments to employees) -		(448,316)		(79,462)		(527,778)
Payments for interfund services				(13,155)		(10,000)		(23,155)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)								
Operating Activities		(491,858)		(29,256)		52,438		(468,676)
operating Activities	_	(471,030)		(27,230)	_	32,430		(400,070)
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY								
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
		(17 (17)				(2.570)		(20.105)
Transfers in (out)	-	(17,617)	_		_	(2,578)	_	(20,195)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)								
Noncapital Financing Activities		(17,617)				(2,578)		÷
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY CAPITAL AND								
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Insurance recoveries.			_	935	_	2,184		3,119
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Interest received on investments.		34,175		5,837		9,824		49,836
interest received on investments		34,173	_	3,037	_	7,024	_	42,030
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH								
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(4===000)		(00 10 1)				
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	••	(475,300)		(22,484)		61,868		(415,721)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT								
BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	1,650,393		175,200		401,669		2,227,262
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT								
END OF YEAR	. \$	1,175,093	\$	152,716	\$	463,537	\$	1,791,346
							_	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET								
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating income (loss)	. \$	(534,663)	\$	(49,744)	\$	107,090	\$	(477,317)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net								
cash provided by (used in) operating activites:								
(Increase) decrease in assets:								
Miscellaneous receivables		(9,500)		6,092		<u> </u>		(3,408)
Inventory	-	(5,500)		498		700		498
	••	1.3		470		23 <u>0</u> 2.		770
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		400		7.005		(4 (20)		0.050
Accounts payable		477		7,025		(4,629)		2,873
Accrued wages and vacation				6,873		568		7,441
Claims payable		51,828				(50,591 <u>)</u>		1,237
Total adjustments		42,805	2	20,488		(54,652)	Contract	8,641
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING								
ACTIVITIES	. \$	(491,858)	\$	(29,256)	\$	52,438	\$	(468,676)
			_		==			

See accompanying independent auditor's report

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and other funds.

Trust and Agency Funds

Trust and agency funds include pension trust funds and agency funds. Pension trust funds are accounted for and reported similar to proprietary funds. Agency funds are accounted for and reported similar to governmental funds. The trust and agency funds maintained by the City are as follows:

<u>Pension Trust Funds</u> – Used to account for the receipt, investment, and distribution of retirement contributions for civilian, police and fire employees.

Agency Funds – Used to account for municipal court collections for bail bonds.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS MARCH 31, 2020

		Police Officers' and Fire Retirement		Civilian Employees Retirement		Total
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments:						
Held by trustees:						
Short-Term reserves	\$	3,490,783	\$	2,796,323	\$	6,287,106
Bond funds		2,528,886		1,734,813		4,263,699
Balanced funds		9,232,972		7,098,227		16,331,199
Domestic stock funds		17,443,411		4,478,041		21,921,452
International stock funds		3,646,027		1,256,391		4,902,418
Money market funds		2,264,719		127,634		2,392,353
Specialty stock funds				235,949		235,949
TIAA traditional annuity option		3,029,403		g. = 3		3,029,403
TIAA brokerage option fund		690,035		120		690,035
Restricted		+		10,574		10,574
Receivables, net of allowances:						
Interest		945		950		1,895
Contributions receivable		34,923		18,075		52,998
Total Assets		42,362,104		17,756,977		60,119,081
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable		7,668		18,270		25,938
				10.05		
Total Liabilities		7,668		18,270		25,938
NET POSITION						
NET POSITION:	φ	10.254.426	Φ.	17 720 707	Φ.	(0.002.142
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$	42,354,436	\$	17,738,707	\$	60,093,143

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Police Officers' Civilian and Fire Employees Retirement Retirement		Total
ADDITIONS:			
Contributions:	4		
Employer	\$ 1,272,535	\$ 714,560	\$ 1,987,095
Employee, net of refunds Rollover contributions	633,280	71,666	633,280 71,666
Total Contributions	1,905,815	786,226	2,692,041
	1,505,615	700,220	2,072,041
Investment income:			
Interest and dividends	2,156,219	643,023	2,799,242
Net appreciation(depreciation) in the fair value of	(5 071 121)	(1 920 670)	(7.910.701)
plan investments Total Investment Income	$\frac{(5,971,121)}{(3,814,902)}$	(1,839,670) (1,196,647)	$\frac{(7,810,791)}{(5,011,549)}$
Total investment meonic	(3,014,902)	(1,190,047)	(3,011,349)
Less: investment expenses	31,107		31,107
Net investment income	(3,846,009)	(1,196,647)	(5,042,656)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	(1,940,194)	(410,421)	(2,350,615)
DEDUCTIONS:			
Benefit payments	2,278,420	1,765,612	4,044,032
A 4 initiative and1			
Administrative and general expenses: Insurance, taxes and other premiums	82,973	84,851	167,824
Professional and administrative fees	56,477	24,420	80,897
Total Administrative	30,477	24,420	
and General Expenses	139,450	109,271	248,721
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	2,417,870	1,874,883	4,292,753
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(4,358,064)	(2,285,304)	(6,643,368)
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS,			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	46,712,500	20,024,011	66,736,511
END OF YEAR	\$ 42,354,436	\$ 17,738,707	\$ 60,093,143

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - AGENCY FUND MARCH 31, 2020

]	pearance Bond eposits
ASSETS:	G	
Cash and investments:		
Restricted	\$	7,871
Other receivables		231
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,102
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$	177
Deposits payable		7,925
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	8,102

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	Balance April 1, 2019		A	dditions	D	eletions	Balance March 31, 2020	
Appearance Bond Deposits								
ASSETS: Cash and investments - restricted Other receivables Total Assets	\$	11,575	\$	13,068 231 13,299	\$	16,772	\$	7,871 231 8,102
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Deposits payable Total Liabilities		11,575 11,575	\$	177 13,122 13,299	\$	16,772 16,772	\$	177 7,925 8,102

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Industrial Development Authority of the City of Kirkwood, Misosuri (IDA)

The IDA is a not-for-profit corporation established by an Ordinance of the City Council and formed under RSMo. Chapter 39, *The Industrial Development Corporations Act.* It is designed to develop, advance, encourage and promote commercial, industrial and manufacturing facilities in the City. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the IDA.

BALANCE SHEET - INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT) MARCH 31, 2020

	 Total
ASSETS:	
Cash and investments:	
Unrestricted Interest receivable	\$ 56,717
Interest receivable	98
Total Assets	56,815
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	
Total Current Liabilities	
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	 56,815
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 56,815

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	1	Total
REVENUES: Investment income	\$	1,825
Total Revenues.		1,825
EXPENDITURES: Administrative and general	u <u>-</u>	35,500
Total Expenditures	0	35,500
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(33,675)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		90,490
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	56,815

City of Kirkwood

Statistical Section

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Kirkwood's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These pages contain trend information to help the reader understand how the	
City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	103
Revenue Capacity	
These pages contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	110
Debt Capacity	
These pages present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the	
City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	118
Demographic and Economic Information	
These pages offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	123
Operating Information	
These pages contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand	
how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	126

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in this section is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITIONS BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

· ·																			
V-	2011		2012		2013		2014	-	2015		2016ª		2017		2018		2019		2020
Governmental Activities:																			
Net investment in capital assets\$	46,153,655	S	50,144,786	S	52,963,465	\$	54,136,854	5	55,385,115	5	56,933,992	\$	59,955,716	\$	61,068,308	S	65,594,860	S	66,613,360
Restricted for:																			
Capital projects	2,465,998		2,415,994		2.331,658		3,056,534		4,003,381		5,047,521		3,612,663		6,593,534		4,704,702		5,752,112
Debt service	2,289,210		1,941,607		1,454,116		1,272,840		1,153,844		1,102,928		1,193,771		1,885,784		634,691		91,516
Law enforcement	104,620		236,162		100,630		146,567		146,261		189,954		282,410		132,504		95,266		188,109
Park operations	1,244,613		1,384,988		1,433,102		1,544,679		1,534,683		1,486,942		1,512,157		1,600,709		1,834,772		1,697,308
Police and fire pension	3,279,934		3,118,751		2,973,222		2,779,281		2,395,294		1,977,258		1,436,867		948,799		795,563		812,678
Sewer lateral	596,602		771,756		867,327		918,456		898,909		795,862		673,200		537,998		433,030		473,211
Special business district	204,396		191,749		179,592		139,165		149,432		154,691		210,958		228,118		180,657		212,673
Unrestricted	7,335,848	-	6,748,336		8,674,045	_	8,989,005	_	9,084,425	_	10,017,247	-	10,824,747	_	8,688,006		9,150,584		8,960,116
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	63,674,876	\$	66,954,129	5	70,977,157	S	72,983,381	S	74,751,344	S	77,706,395	\$	79,702,489	S	81,683,760	5	83,424,125	\$	84,801,083
Business Type Activities:																			
Net investment in capital assets	10,249,193	S	11,424,626	2	11,023,698	\$	11.856,557	5	13,084,426	2	14,369,570	2	20,933,441	5	26,081,706	2	27,882,833		33,120,564
Restricted for Debt Service	704,368	-20	704,381		675,039	(7)	675,097	100	787,160	•	832,892		676,278		681,019	. 7	683,298	•	242,323
Uprestricted	19,966,392		24,884,483		29,086,263		29,229,073		29,051,984		29,390,702		25,103,461		21,594,623		22,142,498		19,645 822
Topo State		1	2 1,00 1,100		27(000)200		ENTERNIOR	1	DATE TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY		23(030)702		2011001101		21,071,020		22(1.2)(120	-	1710 10 1022
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	30,919,953	5	37,013,490	S	40,785,000	5	41,760,727	\$	42,923,570	S	44,593,164	S	46,713,180	5	48,357,348	S	50,708,629	S	53,008,709
Primary Government:																			
Net investment in capital assets	56,402,848	5	61,569,412	S	63,987,163	S	65,993,411	\$	68,469,541	S	71,303,562	S	80,889,157	5	87,150,014	S	93,477,693	S	99,733,924
Restricted for:																			,,
Capital projects	2,465,998		2,415,994		2,331,658		3,056,534		4,003,381		5,047,521		3,612,663		6,593,534		4,704,702		5,752,112
Debt service	2,993,578		2,645,988		2,129,155		1,947,937		1,941,004		1,935,820		1,870,049		2,566,803		1,317,989		333,839
Law enforcement	104,620		236,162		100,630		146,567		146,261		189,954		282,410		132,504		95,266		188,109
Park operations	1,244,613		1,384,988		1,433,102		1,544,679		1,534,683		1,486,942		1,512,157		1,600,709		1,834,772		1,697,308
Police and fire pension	3,279,934		3,118,751		2,973,222		2,779,281		2,395,294		1,977,258		1,436,867		948,799		795,563		812,678
Sewer lateral,	596,602		771,756		867,327		918,456		898,909		795,862		673,200		537,998		433,030		473,211
Special business district	204,396		191,749		179,592		139,165		149,432		154,691		210,958		228,118		180,657		212,673
TIF bonds and notes			18.						2.00		**				- 1				8
Unrestricted	27,302,240	_	31,632,819	_	37,760,308	_	38,218,078	_	38,136,409	_	39,407,949	_	35,928,208	-	30,282,629	_	31,293,082	_	28,605,938
Total Primary Government Net Position	94,594,829	5	103,967,619	5	111,762,157	S	114,744,108	2	117,674914	S	122,299,559	5	126,415,669	2	130,041,108	\$	134,132,754	S	137,809,792

aThe following prior period adjustment was made in Fiscal Year 2016:
Business Activities
Net investment in capital assets was decreased by \$343,604 to expense amounts recorded as Construction in Progress.

CHANGES IN NET POSITIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

-	2011		2012	_	2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
Expenses:	2011	_	2012		2013	-	2014		2013		2010	-	2017	-	2010		2017	_	2020
Governmental Activities:																			
	\$ 3,021,818	S	3,822,665	\$	3,257,778	\$	4,943,107	S	4,228,990	s	4,762,594	S	5,054,280	S	5,314,163	\$	5,986,243	S	5,131,198
Purchasing(a)	355.320	9	370,231		384,978	Ð	7,775,107	- 100	7,220,770	9	7,702,534	9	3,034,200	9	3,314,103		3,700,243	9	3,131,170
					347,880		377,683		206.021		535,097		684,392		1,013,395		1.043.364		1.217.610
Engineering	344,617		331,728 477,318						386,031		463,526		538,735		505,663				587,216
Building maintenance	419,619				464,338		503,534		479,287								512,995		
Building commissioner	633,227		587.664		588,061		619,165		655,724		661,117		748,850		672,847		739,362		704,559
Police	6,994,710		7,324,109		7,363,086		7,662,023		7,906,959		8,020,277		8,290,366		8,929,012		9,106,398		9,456,735
Fire	5,788,620		5,852,373		5,814,394		5,989,740		6,316,710		6,469,721		7,012,980		7,015,377		7,208,493		8,110,315
Streets	2,472,040		2,502,988		2,455,034		2,536,437		2,564,618		2,749,944		2.906,468		3,630,913		3,623,002		3,085,479
Parks	1,559,311		1,608,918		1,777,302		1,807,512		1,962,345		1,900,996		1,991,578		1,982,446		2,064,446		2,136,725
Recreation	2,580,364		2,573,528		2,619,015		2,670,425		2,623,291		2,885,760		2,774,489		2,812,414		2,980,394		3,328,840
Interest on long-term debt	733,959	_	607,851	_	549,588	_	415,651	_	366,537	_	309,657	_	251,586	_	744,784		1,006,577	_	926,160
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	24,903,605	_	26,059,373		25,621,454	_	27,525,277	=	27,490.492	_	28,758,689	_	30,253,724		32,621,014	_	34,271,274	_	34,684,837
Business-Type Activities Expenses:																			
Electric	22,983,408		15,766,443		17,682,247		21,157,397		21,183,366		19,064,132		20.624,925		25,152,997		26,113,998		24,986,588
Water	4,056,703		4,011,031		4,214,911		4,492,087		4,432,946		4,178,436		4,377,695		5,292,264		4,967,026		5,147,469
Sanitation	2,929,443		2,531,020		2,613,619		2,683,206		2,724,726		2,702,667		2.784,666		2,395,299		2,603,702		3,543,528
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	29,969,554		22,308,494		24,510,777		28,332,690	_	28,341,038	_	25,945,235	-	27,787,286		32,840,560		33,684,726		33,677,585
-																			
Total Primary Government Expenses	54,873,159	\$	48,367,867	\$	50,132,231	\$	55,857,967	\$	55,831,530	\$	54,703,924	\$	58,041,010	\$	65,461,574	\$	67,956,000	\$	68,362,422
Program Revenues:																			
Governmental Activities:																			
Charges for Services:				0200		140		0.520						1400				_	
General government		\$	2,240,380	\$	2,215,846	S	2,173,825	\$	2,081,215	\$	1,934,072	\$	1,944,020	\$	1,828,344	\$	2,031,865	\$	1,927,144
Building commissioner	823,535		750,809		626,011		716,253		867,478		897,572		971,198		924,622		1,002,409		928,123
Police.	300,813		281,192		285,732		357.256		484,432		462,601		470,818		524,758		536,959		565,889
Fire	674,579		725,835		787,223		831,292		797,923		820,457		1,009,220		936,849		1,059,882		1,166,837
Recreation	1,659,948		1,669,546		1,745,590		1,721,692		1,734,579		1,850,523		1,941,066		1,881,769		1,989,796		1,970,864
Other activities	155,442		133,241		181,099		174,204		249,904		164,545		183,518		212,566		272,395		204,455
Operating grants and contributions	183,938		397,780		186,525		194,135		225.084		300,332		342,857		180,809		198,827		374,214
Capital grants and contributions	203,389		1,143,090		518,559		103,384		101,787		489,443		180,201		716,604		452,090		539,144
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	6,138,904		7,341,873		6,546,585		6,272,041		6,542,402		6,919,545		7,042,898		7,206,321		7,544,223		7,676,670
Business-Type Activities:																			
Charges for Services:																			
Electric	19,989,393		20,632,374		21,373,776		22,403,293		21,785,886		21,125,937		22,301,051		27,104,935		28,391,620		25,880,585
Water	4,710,065		5,257,765		5,709,160		5,296,369		5,161,698		5,942,006		6,139,679		6,432,978		6,185,437		5,891,348
Sanitation	2,556,415		2,668,890		2,617,301		2,714,589		2,720,061		2,733,461		2,703,399		2,892,236		2.861.242		2.853.937
Operating grants and contributions.	202,558		176,465		2,017,301		2,714,309		2,720,001		2,755,401		2,100,000		2,072,230		2,001,272		52,500
Capital grants and contributions	109,683		170,465		106,453		95,952		94,278		91,523		345.032		217,104		362,196		3,222,257
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	27,568,114	_	28,843,779		29,809,689	_	30,510,203	-	29,761,923	_	29,892,927	_	31,489,161	_	36,647,253	_	37,800,495	_	37,900,627
total Dusiness-Type Activities Flogram Revenues	21,300,114	_	20,043,119	-	23,003,009	-	30,310,203	-	29,701,923	-	27,072,721	-	31,409,101	_	30,047,233	_	37,000,493	_	37,900,027
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	33,707,018	\$	36,185,652	\$	36,356,274	\$	36,782,244	\$	36,304,325	\$	36,812,472	\$	38,532,059	\$	43,853,574	2	45,344,718	\$	45,577,297

CHANGES IN NET POSITIONS (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Net (Expense)/Revenue:										
Governmental activities	\$ (18,764,701)	\$ (18,717,500)	\$ (19,074,869)	\$ (21,253,236)	\$ (20,948,090)	\$ (21,839,144)	\$ (23,210,826)	\$ (25,414,693)	\$ (26,727,051)	\$ (27,008,167)
Business-type activities	(2,401,440)	6,535,285	5,298,912	2,177,513	1,420,885	3,947,692	3,701,875	3,806,693	4,115,769	4,223,042
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (21,166,141)	\$ (12,182,215)	\$ (13,775,957)	\$ (19,075,723)	\$ (19,527,205)	\$ (17,891,452)	\$ (19,508,951)	\$ (21,608,000)	\$ (22,611,282)	\$ (22,785,125)
									01	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Poisition:										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 4.860,932	\$ 4,301,948	\$ 4,562,003	\$ 4,568,455	\$ 4,545,472	\$ 4,471,266	\$ 4,739,916	\$ 4,998,964	\$ 5.228.298	\$ 4,773,414
Sales taxes.	8,576,654	8,818,010	9,236,068	9,432,200	9,802,534	10,187,522	11.007.313	11,087,194	11.066,971	11,623,401
Other taxes.	7,060,839	7,005,351		7,399,191			6,987,578			8.077,121
	149.812	369.438	7,217,597	, , , ,	7,275,507	6,963,303		7,646,017	8,417,642	
Investment earnings			125,888	38,727	121,404	324,298	92,619	125,418	673,630	730,603
Gain/(loss) on sale of capital assets	24,571	70,873			49.761					5,136
Other revenues	494,988	349,562	403,990	380,887	346,862	377,806	534,163	550,272	514,414	536,971
Special item - forgiveness of debt		.*			3.7			602,000		
Transfers	1,527,065	1,081,571	1,683,406	1,440,000	574,513	2,470,000	1,845,331	2,519,560	2,433,000	2,638,479
Total Government Activities	22,694,861	21,996,753	23,228,952	23,259,460	22,716,053	24,794,195	25,206,920	27,529,425	28,333,955	28,385,125
Business-Type Activities										
Investment earnings	267,698	531,897	300,843	190,339	299,696	534.012	256,432	319.074	586,809	613,407
Gain/(loss) on sale of capital assets	159,604	30,574	25,186	47,875	16,775	1,494	7.040	37,961	81,703	102,170
Transfers	(1,527,065)	(1,081,571)	(1,683,406)	(1,440,000)	(574,513)	(2,470,000)	(1,845,331)	(2,519,560)	(2,433,000)	(2,638,479)
Total Business-Type Activities	(1,099,763)	(519,100)	(1,357,377)	(1,201,786)	(258,042)	(1,934,494)	(1,581,859)	(2,162,525)	(1,764,488)	(1,922,902)
-71	3,7,7		7,00,101,17	<u></u>	(250,0127	(1,551,151)				(1)22(302)
Total Primary Government	\$ 21,595,098	\$ 21,477,653	\$ 21,871,575	\$ 22,057,674	\$ 22,458,011	\$ 22,859,701	\$ 23,625,061	\$ 25,366,900	\$ 26,569,467	\$ 26,462,223
				7		-			5 - A 19	
Change in Net Position:										
Governmental activities	\$ 3,930,160	\$ 3,279,253	\$ 4,154,083	\$ 2,006,224	\$ 1,767,963	\$ 2,955,051	\$ 1,996,094	\$ 2,114,732	\$ 1,606,904	\$ 1,376,958
Business-type activities	(3,501,203)	6,016,185	3,941,535	975,727	1,162,843	2,013,198	2,120,016	1.644,168	2,351,281	2,300,140
Total Primary Government	\$ 428,957	\$ 9,295,438	\$ 8,095,618	\$ 2,981,951	\$ 2,930,806	\$ 4,968,249	\$ 4,116,110	\$ 3,758,900	\$ 3,958,185	\$ 3,677,098
T D C										
Total Primary Government Net Position										
Governmental activities										
Net assets, beginning	\$ 59,744.716	\$ 63,674,876	\$ 66,954.129	\$ 70,977,157	\$ 72,983,381	\$ 74,751,344	\$ 77,706,395	\$ 79,702,489	\$ 81,817,221	\$ 83,424,125
Prior period adjustment			(131,055)		*			- 12		
Net assets, beginning, as restated	59,744,716	63,674,876	66,823,074	70,977,157	72,983,381	74,751,344	77,706,395	79,702,489	81,817,221	83,424,125
Net assets, ending	63,674,876	66,954,129	70,977,157	72,983,381	74,751,344	77,706,395	79,702,489	81,817,221	83,424,125	84,801,083
Business-type activities										
Net assets, beginning	34,421,156	30,919,953	36,936,138	40,785,000	41,760,727	42,923,570	44,936,768	46,713,180	48,357,348	50,708,629
Prior period adjustment		*	(92,673)	4			(343,604)		- 1	9
Net assets, beginning, as restated	34,421,156	30,919,953	36,843,465	40,785,000	41,760,727	42,923,570	44,593,164	46,713,180	48,357,348	50,708,629
Net assets, ending	30,919,953	36,936,138	40,785,000	41,760,727	42,923,570	44,936,768	46,713,180	48,357,348	50,708,629	53,008,769
Total Primary Government	\$ 94,594,829	\$ 103,890,267	\$ 111,762,157	\$ 114,744,108	\$ 117,674,914	\$ 122,643,163	\$ 126,415,669	\$ 130.174.569	\$ 134,132,754	\$ 137.809.852
	¥ /7,5/7,02/	105,070,207	÷ 111,702,137	÷ 117,777,100	÷ 117,077,717	# 122,073,103	- 120,713,007	9 130,174,309	2 137,132,737	w 157,007,05Z

NOTES

(a) Purchasing is now included in General government and finance. This change was made to be consistent in putting all administrative and service departments in this category.

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011	2012	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2010	2010	2020
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function/Program:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government and finance	\$ 2,165,451	\$ 2,244,379	\$ 2,237,845	\$ 2,184,835	\$ 2,101,817	\$ 1,967,800	\$ 1,995,537	\$ 1,846,956	\$ 2,031,865	\$ 1,927,959
Engineering	75,545	75,125	84,645	99,699	169,180	115,504	133,921	160,475	152,229	140,113
Building commissioner	823,535	750,809	626,011	716,253	867,478	897,572	971,198	924,622	1,002,409	928,123
Police	447,086	655,922	430,280	518,402	678,339	769,499	760,563	658,740	699,702	845,351
Fire	676,579	728,835	787,223	831,292	797,923	820,682	1,009,220	936,849	1,059,882	1,259,711
Streets	122,329	644,744	155,128	525		3,345	36,617	52,823	126,622	215,031
Parks	59,083	63,521	87,509	77,018	95,739	72,078	58,383	80,896	356,003	73,804
Recreation	1,769,296	2,178,538	2,137,944	1,844,017	1,831,926	2,273,065	2,077,459	2,544,961	2,115,511	2,286,578
Subtotal Governmental Activities	6,138,904	7,341,873	6,546,585	6,272,041	6,542,402	6,919,545	7,042,898	7,206,322	7,544,223	7,676,670
					·					
Business-Type Activities:										
Electric	19,989,393	20,632,374	21,373,776	22,403,293	21,785,886	21,125,937	22,557,748	27,237,356	28,672,547	29,060,518
Water	4,819,748	5,366,050	5,815,613	5,392,321	5,255,976	6,033,529	6,228,014	6,517,661	6,266,706	5,933,672
San itation	2,758,973	2,845,355	2,620,300	2,714,589	2,720,061	2,733,461	2,703,399	2,892,236	2,861,242	2,906,437
Subtotal Business-Type Activities	27,568,114	28,843,779	29,809,689	30,510,203	29,761,923	29,892,927	31,489,161	36,647,253	37,800,495	37,900,627
Total Primary Government	\$33,707,018	\$ 36,185,652	\$ 36,356,274	\$ 36,782,244	\$ 36,304,325	\$ 36,812,472	\$ 38,532,059	\$ 43,853,575	\$45,344,718	\$45,577,297

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011		2012		2013	_	2014		2015		2016	_	2017	_	2018	-	2019		2020
General Fund:								_											
Nonspendable:																			
Inventories	\$ 75,303	\$	76,868	\$	73,950	\$	75,070	\$	75,332	\$	74,276	\$	61,245	\$	55,308	\$	76,081	\$	67,296
Prepaid assets	8,072		3,897	-	13,391		8,718	-	14,469		10,610		9,169		9,038		6,882		6,893
Long-term interfund advance											10,000		3€		3				· 🙀
Assigned to:																			
Projected use of reserves	2,530,257		1,332,554		1,909,810		1,420,265		1,325,561		950,528		1,854,331		1,570,813		1,349,092		1,624,156
Unassigned:	6,213,145		6,378,603		6,732,252		7,276,151		7,360,130		8,175,236		7,736,383		5,149,330		6,544,271		6,570,647
Total General Fund	\$ 8,826,777	\$	7,791,922	\$	8,729,403	\$	8,780,204	\$	8,775,492	\$	9,220,650	\$	9,661,128	\$	6,784,489	\$	7,976,326	\$	8,268 <u>,</u> 992
All Other Governmental Funds:																			
Restricted for:	¢ 2.465.000	•	2 415 004	•	2 221 650	•	2.056.524	ø	2 (45 0(0	•	4 752 001	•	2 200 660	•	20 225 264	•	20 (42 05)	¢.	12 704 070
Capital projects			2,415,994	2	2,331,658	2	3,056,534	2	3,645,968	2	4,753,801	2	3,290,660	Э	30,335,364	2	28,642,956	Э	13,794,078
Debt service Law enforcement	1,586,419 104,620		1,592,510 236,162		1,082,438 100,630		905,833 146,567		790,007 146,261		728,988 189,954		808,765 282,410		1,859,202 132,504		573,786 95,266		91,516 188,109
Park operations	1,244,613		1,384,988		1,433,102		1,544,679		1,444,312		1,449,015		1,478,029		1,559,621		1,739,906		1,673,171
Police and fire pension	3,279,934		3,118,751		2,973,222		2,779,281		2,308,225		1,940,337		1,478,029		908,927		685,927		784,633
Sewer lateral	596,602		771,756		86 7 ,327		918,456		898,909		795,862		673,200		537,998		433,030		473,211
Special business district	204,396		191,749		179,592		139,165		118,412		145,771		203,111		209,958		147,390		203,079
TIF bonds and notes	680,217		354,091		371,996		364,204		382,225		390,803		383,448		200,000		1.7,550		203,075
Total All Other		_					,				2. 0,000	_				_			
Governmental Funds	\$ 10,162,799	\$	10,066,001	\$	9,339,965	\$	9,854,719	\$	9,734,319	\$	10,394,531	\$	8,522,647	\$	35,543,574	\$	32,318,261	\$	17,207,797

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
		200					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	×1		1.0
Revenues:										
	\$ 20,489,250	\$ 20,231,294	\$ 20,939,301	\$ 21,140,400	\$ 21,475,444	\$ 21,964,593	\$ 22,685,471	\$ 23,516,468	\$ 24,492,681	\$ 24,631,908
Intergovernmental	522,915	479,014	425,188	484,153	606,148	593,983	606,650	684,806	721,711	636,700
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	2,890,393	3,159,029	2,794,934	2,857,464	3,000,167	2,914,121	2,982,152	2,773,459	3,347,740	2,930,277
Interest on investments	139,449	341,129	112,395	35,659	108,286	286,323	82,685	112,420	620,323	681,919
Charges for services	2,312,891	2,376,950	2,513,499	2,534,545	2,508,851	2,653,757	2,934,253	2,802,124	3,054,434	3,134,049
Grants and contributions	116,893	1,044,132	516,163	101,391	98,869	397,922	130,868	636,702	143,500	575,477
Other	692,495	654,804	648,060	630,191	689,589	693,110	878,124	839,459	743,077	887,718
Total Revenues	27,164,286	28,286,352	27,949,540	27,783,803	28,487,354	29,503,809	30,300,203	31,365,438	33,123,466	33,478,048
Expenditures:										
General government	3,337,487	3,475,859	3,504,637	4,048,516	4,066,910	4,353,129	4,359,967	4,587,228	4,471,149	4,144,777
Purchasing (a)	350,191	366,809	381,138	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,	790		.,,	724	5
Engineering.	337,229	332,089	331.305	363,980	380,904	525,630	656,624	983,417	1,012,638	1,192,600
Building maintenance	379,951	393,925	428,068	451.232	453,158	451,573	474,864	492,328	491,852	530,416
Building commissioner	635,226	579,708	580.761	612,942	646,783	655,718	737,827	668,472	732,599	701,174
	,	,	,	,		,	,	,	,	,
Police	6,896,387	7,147,973	7,164,412	7,445,505	7,667,135	7,783,412	8,032,816	8,497,956	8,787,288	9,092,854
Fire.	5,313,435	5,362,889	5,372,685	5,513,560	5,680,975	5,913,338	6,464,492	6,483,513	6,666,561	7,302,095
Streets	1,462,292	1,518,372	1,441,724	1,481,168	1,470,530	1,478,553	1,682,050	1,510,369	1,586,216	1,542,292
Recreation	1,987,716	2,027,186	2,057,419	2,073,442	2,106,468	2,071,442	2,126,830	2,160,188	2,220,274	2,304,381
Parks,	1,211,238	1,229,760	1,301,437	1,328,485	1,354,233	1,375,098	1,399,135	1,409,202	1,457,368	1,512,507
Capital outlay	7,018,006	6,005,542	4,628,866	3,533,070	3,774,329	4,615,055	5,744,123	5,930,850	8,158,637	20,513,506
Debt service:										
Issuance Costs	2	20	113,813	2	29		2	253,371	1	S2
Principal	737,681	1,640,000	1,419,000	1,454,000	1,514,000	1,576,000	1,643,000	2,012,795	1,229,874	1,370,253
Interest	2,155,000	567,047	407,148	381,985	334,562	279,007	222,827	271,247	924,653	954,253
Payments to escrow agent	-	*:	***		*	3.53			2.43	
Total Expenditures	31,821,839	30,647,159	29,132,413	28,687,885	29,449,987	31,077,955	33,544,555	35,260,936	37,739,109	51,161,108
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	(4,657,553)	(2,360,807)	(1,182,873)	(904,082)	(962,633)	(1,574,146)	(3,244,352)	(3,895,498)	(4,615,643)	(17,683,060)
•	(1,007,000)	(2,500,007)		(50 1,002)		(1,57,1,210)	(-,,/		(1,010,010)	217,000,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Issuance of refunding debt	-	iii.	5,000,000	-	40		34	23,515,000	(4)	
Discount on refunding debt	-		90	2	¥			20		14
Premium on refunding debt	-		63,818	ĕ			2	743,771		9
Payments to escrow agent	-	/ */	(5,394,474)		7.	1.57	5		2.50	- 5
Proceeds from capital leases		2.00	170			570	*	1,083,722	-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	40,709	147,382	41,568	29,636	58,546	155,119	70,492	120,980	148,967	137,724
Insurance recoveries	-	246	745		198,975	54,397	202,454	24,462	200	68,864
Transfers in	2,132,530	3,424,009	2,517,630	2,754,105	1,487,693	3,652,473	2,391,675	6,296,402	3,326,943	3,912,737
Transfers out	(605,465)	(2,342,237)	(834,224)	(1,314,105)	(907,693)	(1,182,473)	(851,675)	(3,776,842)	(893,943)	(1,254,063)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,567,774	1,229,154	1,394,318	1,469,636	837,521	2,679,516	1,812,946	28,007,495	2,582,167	2,865,262
Net Change In Fund Balances	(2.090.770)	\$ (1,131,653)	\$ 211,445	\$ 565,554	\$ (125,112)	\$ 1,105,370	\$ (1,431,406)	\$ 24 111 007	\$ (2.033,476)	\$ (14917.700)
IVEL CHANGE IN FUND DAMANCES	(3,089,779)	\$ (1,131,033)	⊅ 211,445	\$ 303,334	<u> </u>	\$ 1,105,370	\$ (1,431,400)	\$ 24,111,997	\$ (2,033,476)	\$ (14,817,798)
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	8.6%	2.3%	1.7%	1.5%	1.3%	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%	3.0%	3.0%
попсарнат ехрепинитев	8.0%	2.3%	1./%	1.5%	1.5%	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%	3.0%	3.070

⁽a) Purchasing is now included in General government and finance. This change was made to be consistent in putting all administrative and service departments in this category.

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended			Utility Gross	Gasoline/Motor	Highway Road	County			
March 31,	Sales & Use	Property	Receipts	Vehicle Sales	and Bridge	Public Safety	Franchise	Cigarette	Total
		×	3.11	2112	·				
2011	8,533,126	4,891,680	4,798,038	1,053,301	741,644	a 7 .0	392,896	78,565	20,489,250
2012	8,889,445	4,331,358	4,786,762	1,022,331	721,122	; ≡ .;	403,980	76,296	20,231,294
2013	9,154,959	4,565,887	4,978,547	983,792	746,093	. 	435,251	74,772	20,939,301
2014	9,186,519	4,561,918	5,123,579	1,008,285	747,752	-	439,097	73,250	21,140,400
2015	9,962,574	4,239,182	4,961,101	1,057,443	694,097	(#)	490,472	70,575	21,475,444
2016	10,242,203	4,760,010	4,521,274	1,083,459	778,061	4 0	497,158	82,428	21,964,593
2017	10,927,472	4,751,546	4,569,514	1,097,557	794,974	2	470,713	73,695	22,685,471
2018	11,032,362	4,936,507	4,549,042	1,113,344	788,138	599,999	430,968	66,108	23,516,468
2019	11,129,627	4,936,013	4,583,761	1,103,678	762,275	1,512,226	407,646	57,455	24,492,681
2020	11,380,944	5,167,612	4,070,862	1,132,498	925,709	1,504,736	389,700	59,847	24,631,908
Change									
2011-2020	33.4%	5.6%	-15.2%	7.5%	24.8%	150.8%	-0.8%	-23.8%	20.2%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended March 31,	Residential Real Estate Property	Commercial Real Estate Property	Regular Personal Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2011	529,101,680	117,221,517	66,185,197	712,508,394	0.624	3,349,638,373	21.271
2012	518,688,130	105,102,560	65,525,970	689,316,660	0.645	3,254,980,596	21.177
2013	535,251,010	105,038,340	71,502,050	711,791,400	0.636	3,359,882,994	21.185
2014	533,417,190	104,833,670	72,778,170	711,029,030	0.621	3,353,420,459	21.203
2015	535,967,140	111,423,282	77,050,535	724,440,957	0.661	3,400,252,163	21.306
2016	557,258,520	117,332,508	76,549,720	751,140,748	0.606	3,529,275,794	21.283
2017	557,019,130	117,477,577	77,572,845	752,069,552	0.618	3,531,538,869	21.296
2018	616,118,550	124,532,915	78,757,581	819,409,046	0.600	3,868,190,943	21.183
2019	623,598,990	125,766,086	79,772,880	829,137,956	0.626	3,914,461,540	21.181
2020	749,105,910	136,269,003	83,744,100	969,119,013	0.478	4,619,760,744	20.978

Source: Office of the St. Louis County Assessor

Note: St. Louis County assesses property at approximately 19 percent of actual value for residential, 32 percent for commercial, and 33-1/3 of value for personal property. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value by those percentages. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RATE PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
City of Kirkwood Direct Rates:										
General Fund	\$ 0.274	\$ 0.293	\$ 0.295	\$ 0.295	\$ 0.333	\$ 0.286	\$ 0.293	\$ 0.276	\$ 0.277	\$ 0.243
Kirkwood Park Fund	0.127	0.138	0.139	0.133	0.134	0.128	0.131	0.124	0.125	0.109
Police and Firemen Retirement Fund	0.133	0.136	0.137	0.128	0.129	0.125	0.127	0.120	0.144	0.126
Debt Service Fund	0.090	0.078	0.065	0.065	0.065	0.067	0.067	0.080	0.080	
Total Direct Rate	\$ 0.624	\$ 0.645	\$ 0.636	\$ 0.621	\$ 0.661	\$ 0.606	\$ 0.618	\$ 0.600	\$ 0.626	\$ 0.478
Overlapping Rates:										
County and State	0.553	0.553	0.553	0.553	0.553	0.545	0.545	0.519	0.519	0.473
Kirkwood Public Library	0.302	0.302	0.302	0.302	0.302	0.303	3.070	0.286	0.287	0.245
Special Business District	0.456	0.456	0.454	0.458	0.460	0.405	0.424	0.398	0.413	0.381
School Districts	5.400	5.520	5.516	5.715	5.733	5.590	5.633	5.778	5.755	5.142
Sewer Districts	0.160	0.166	0.148	0.173	0.174	0.171	0.120	0.116	0.117	0.108
Other	0.334	0.351	0.352	0.369	0.370	0.366	0.368	0.353	0.356	0.330

Source: St. Louis County Department of Revenue

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Si-		2020	Armellia 1970 or its proper to 1970 or 19	2		2011	
Tax Payer	Тах ———	Taxable Assessed Value		Percentage of Total City Assessed Value	Taxa	ble Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Assessed Value
Ashfield Active Living and Wellness	\$	12,532,520	1	1.29%	\$	-		<u>%</u>
Chaminade College Society		7,038,650	2	0.73%		4,596,960	3	0.65%
Kirkwood Commons LLC		6,093,000	3	0.63%		5,533,320	1	0.78%
Kirkwood Station Plaza LLC		5,725,280	4	0.59%		1 		(*)
Mills Timberlake Apartments		5,717,430	5	0.59%		2,896,360	8	0.41%
1001 Kirkwood LLC		5,536,130	6	0.57%		· -		9 ,0 0
Pioneer Place LLC		4,136,650	7	0.43%		3,724,800	5	0.52%
Lowes Home Centers Inc		3,307,460	8	0.34%		2,997,180	7	0.42%
Dayton Hudson Corporate		2,890,180	9	0.30%		2,679,340	9	0.38%
RJC Partnership LLC		2,617,020	10	0.27%		2,625,600	10	0.37%
Novus Investment LLC		÷	€	9		4,985,030	2	0.70%
Geneva Exchange Fund XXXIII LLC		\ 5	=			3,997,350	4	0.56%
SSM Health Care St Louis			•	- -	10	3,617,340	6	0.51%
Total	\$	55,594,320		5.74%	\$	37,653,280		5.30%

Source: Office of the St. Louis County Assessor

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Collected Wit Year of	hin the Fisca the Levy	al		:	Total Collect	ions to Date	
Fiscal Year Ended March 31,	 axes Levied r the Fiscal Year	-	Amount	Percenta Lev	•	nquent Tax ollections		Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2011	\$ 4,405,908	\$	3,973,019	9	90.17 %	\$ 359,519	\$	4,332,538	98.33	%
2012	4,229,527		3,800,812		89.86	317,066		4,117,878	97.36	
2013	4,467,045		3,961,521		88.68	353,926		4,315,447	96.61	
2014	4,465,960		3,903,043		87.40	425,699		4,328,742	96.93	
2015	4,499,609		3,955,765		87.91	394,269		4,350,034	96.68	
2016	4,543,913		4,058,082		89.31	348,090		4,406,172	96.97	
2017	4,644,369		4,142,513		89.19	379,544		4,522,057	97.37	
2018	4,914,995		4,221,678		85.89	547,019		4,768,697	97.02	
2019	5,192,602		4,622,303		89.02	415,860		5,038,163	97.03	
2020	4,646,562		4,109,018	8	88.43	-		4,109,018	88.43	

Source: Office of the St. Louis County Assessor

ELECTRICITY SOLD BY TYPE OF CUSTOMER (IN MEGAWATT HOURS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Type of Customer: Residential Commercial by type	114,458	101,132	102,392	101,411	98,250	96,631	98,164	98,327	106,899	98,259
Electric Primary	9,647	8,526	8,293	7,886	7,581	7,573	7,696	7,508	7,700	7,358
Small Commercial	45,693	40,244	38,694	39,122	37,833	45,992	37,153	36,891	38,451	35,146
Large User	64,492	62,225	66,003	66,106	64,778	52,067	64,478	63,496	63,721	57,824
Total	234,290	212,127	215,382	214,525	208,442	202,263	207,491	206,222	216,771	198,587
Total direct rate per megawatt hour	\$ 82.24	\$ 94.75	\$ 95.95	\$ 101.85	\$ 102.26	\$ 102.45	\$ 104.77	\$ 107.40	\$ 106.75	\$ 107.05

Source: City of Kirkwood Finance Department

WATER SOLD BY TYPE OF CUSTOMER (IN HUNDRED CUBIC FEET) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

=	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Type of Customer:										
Residential	953,661	965,730	1,078,098	963,864	917,012	848,767	860,371	931,273	897,065	769,062
Commercial	418,779	434,473	482,561	439,534	418,359	417,272	422,797	447,241	422,870	363,277
Total	1,372,440	1,400,203	1,560,659	1,403,398	1,335,371	1,266,039	1,283,168	1,378,514	1,319,935	1,132,339
Total direct rate per hundred cubic feet	\$ 3.12	\$ 3.38	\$ 3.34	\$ 3.43	\$ 3.50	\$ 3.46	\$ 3.63	\$ 3.56	\$ 3.61	\$ 4.07

Source: City of Kirkwood Finance Department

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI SALES TAX REVENUES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Sales Tax Type	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Regular Sales (1.0%) a	\$ 3,000,714	\$ 3,130,827	\$ 3,158,939	\$ 3,238,937	\$ 3,534,540	\$ 3,421,397	\$ 3,343,609	\$ 3,376,575	\$ 3,471,276	\$ 3,500,107
Local Option (0.25%) a	842,044	884,730	883,427	920,605	968,474	964,481	950,892	1,026,695	1,101,026	1,115,847
Fire Protection (0.25%)	-	2	941	843	(A)	514,497	1,266,907	1,275,039	1,285,831	1,307,400
Local Use Tax	247,572	271,770	330,356	333,506	359,611	344,324	394,164	500,609	509,840	618,347
Capital Improvement (0.50%) b	1,921,405	1,999,992	2,068,301	2,050,842	2,216,989	2,177,662	2,157,604	2,169,726	2,187,787	2,223,436
Stormwater and Parks (0.50%)	2,244,674	2,342,214	2,422,225	2,402,275	2,604,584	2,561,285	2,538,355	2,552,618	2,573,868	2,615,807
TIF EATs (All sources)	276,717	259,912	291,711	240,354	278,376	258,557	275,941	131,101		
Total	\$ 8,533,126	\$ 8,889,445	\$ 9,154,959	\$ 9,186,519	\$ 9,962,574	\$ 10,242,203	\$ 10,927,472	\$ 11,032,363	\$ 11,129,628	\$ 11,380,944

NOTES:

The sales tax rate in the City is 8.613%, which includes 4.225% for the State of Missouri, 1.888% for St. Louis County, and 2.5% as the City's direct rate.

All sales tax revenues are collected by the Missouri Department of Revenue for a 1% collection fee.

^aThe regular (1%) and the local option (0.25%) sales taxes are remitted to St. Louis County for redistribution to municipal taxing authorities. St. Louis County collects 1.8242083% annexation and incorporation adjustment. St. Louis County distributes the remaining taxes based on "Point of Sale" cities or "Pooled" cities. Kirkwood derives 89% of these two sales tax revenue sources from the "Point of Sale" area and 11% from the "Pooled" area. It is because of the complex tax distribution formula that actual tax receipts are not proportionate to the tax percentages presented.

^bCapital improvement sales tax in addition to the State's 1% collection fee, has 15% retained by the State in subaccount of the trust fund for reallocation per statute and 85% is remitted to the City.

^cIn FY2008 the Kirkwood Commons TIF bonds were retired in full and the TIF district was terminated; however, public improvement revenue notes remain and the city pledge the "bottom half" of the EATs from this district to service the principal and interest on these notes. The City's obligation for the public improvement revenue notes will end November 2017. In FY2012, the Pioneer Place TIF bonds were retired in full and the TIF district was terminated.

Source: Basic Financial Statements

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

\ <u>-</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
City of Kirkwood Direct Rates:										
General Corporate Sales Tax	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Local Option Use Tax	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Capital Improvement Sales Tax	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Fire Protection Sales Tax		-	.=:	2 7 2	J = 0	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Park and Stormwater Sales Tax	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
										
Subtotal Direct Rate	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
-										
Overlapping Rates:										
State	4.225	4.225	4.225	4.225	4.225	4.225	4.225	4.225	4.225	4.225
St. Louis County Transportation	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
Mass Transit Tax/Metrolink	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750
St. Louis County Regional Parks & Trails	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100
Children's Service Fund	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250
Emergency Communitions	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100
Metro Parks/Arch		-	-		0.188	0.188	0.188	0.188	0.188	0.188
Public Safety		3	-	-	H	7	-	-	0.500	0.500
Zoo	2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>2</u>	2	0.125	0.125
-									-	
Subtotal Overlapping Rate	5.925	5.925	5.925	5.925	6.113	6.113	6.113	6.113	6.738	6.738
_										
Total Sales Tax Rate	8.175	8.175	8.175	8.175	8.363	8.613	8.613	8.613	9.238	9.238
-								-		-

Source: St. Louis County Department of Revenue and Missouri Department of Revenue

NOTE: Kirkwood has a development that council approved a 1% transportation development district tax. The development is a one block area in downtown Kirkwood.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Go	vernmental Activiti	es		Business-Ty	pe Activities			
Fiscal Year Ended March 31,	General Obligation Bonds	Leasehold Revenue Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Tax Increment Revenue Bonds and Notes	Capital Leases	Capital Leases	Certificates of Participation	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Per Capita ^a
2011	3,867,260	5,842,327	-	3,168,000		-	9,629,345	22,506,932	1.16%	817
2012	3,710,957	5,269,312		2,608,000	(-	-	9,280,296	20,868,565	1.08%	758
2013	3,310,000		4,299,701	2,364,000	•	9	9,066,442	19,040,143	0.98%	691
2014	2,880,000	(*)	3,540,584	2,090,000	94	1,736,975	8,667,248	18,914,807	0.93%	687
2015	2,440,000		2,766,467	1,781,000	18.	1,339,711	11,958,482	20,285,660	1.00%	737
2016	1,985,000	-	1,977,350	1,440,000	(<u>a</u>)	938,360	11,337,695	17,678,405	0.83%	642
2017	1,515,000	180	1,178,233	1,057,000	-	532,879	10,701,911	14,985,023	0.70%	544
2018	1,030,000		24,626,467		805,927	267,904	10,051,127	36,781,425	1.71%	1,336
2019	525,000	140	24,226,704		446,053	2,631,273	9,390,341	37,219,371	1.70%	1,351
2020	*	(*)	23,721,057	0.6	80,800	2,406,876	8,401,086	34,609,819	1.42%	1,257

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^a Income and population data can be found on schedule: Demographic and Economic Statistics.

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended March 31,	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Tax Value of Property ^a	Per Capita ^b
2011	3,867,260	710,576	3,156,684	0.09%	115
2012	3,491,352	716,667	2,774,685	0.09%	101
2013	3,121,767	661,251	2,460,516	0.07%	89
2014	2,723,139	594,276	2,128,863	0.06%	77
2015	2,440,000	474,762	1,965,238	0.06%	71
2016	1,985,000	459,302	1,525,698	0.04%	55
2017	1,515,000	381,421	1,133,579	0.03%	41
2018	1,030,000	424,224	605,776	0.02%	22
2019	525,000	525,000	<u></u>	0.00%	=
2020		*	-	0.00%	

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^a Property value data can be found on schedule: Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property.

^b Population data can be found on schedule: Demographic and Economic Statistics.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

F <u>.</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Assessed valuation	\$ 712,508	\$ 689,317	\$ 711,791	\$ 711,029	\$ 724,441	\$ 751,141	\$ 752,070	\$ 816,944	\$ 829,138	\$ 969,119
Debt limit - 10% of assessed valuation	\$ 71,251	\$ 68,932	\$ 71,179	\$ 71,103	\$ 72,444	\$ 75,114	\$ 75,207	\$ 81,694	\$ 82,914	\$ 96,912
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit: Total general obligation bonded debt Less: Amount available in debt	3,867	3,491	3,122	2,723	2,440	1,985	1,515	1,030	525	¥
service fund	(711)	(717)	(661)	(594)	(475)	(459)	(381)	(424)	(525)	×
Bonded indebtedness applicable to debt limit	3,156	2,774	2,461	2,129	1,965	1,526	1,134	606		<u></u>
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 68,095	\$ 66,158	\$ 68,718	\$ 68,974	\$ 70,479	\$ 73,588	\$ 74,073	\$ 81,088	\$ 82,914	\$ 96,912
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	95.57%	95.98%	96.54%	97.01%	97.29%	97.97%	98.49%	99.26%	100.00%	100.00%

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^aAmount available in debt service fund.

^bUnder the statutes of the State of Missouri, the limit of bonded indebtedness is 10% of the most recent assessed valuation.

^cThe legal debt margin is the City's available borrowing authority under the statutes of the State of Missouri and is calculated by subtracting the net debt applicable to the legal debt limit from the legal debt limit.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF MARCH 31, 2020

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding ^a	Estimated Percentage Applicable ^b	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt ^c
St. Louis County Kirkwood School District	\$ 82,330,000	3.52%	\$ 2,898,016
General obligation bonds	8,692,000	58.90%	5,119,588
Leasehold revenue bonds	11,930,000	58.90%	7,026,770
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			15,044,374
City of Kirkwood, Direct Debt Cetificate of participation Capital leases			23,721,057
Subtotal, Direct Debt			23,801,857
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 38,846,231

Source: Bond amounts were provided by the respective taxing districts or publicly available documents. Assessments were provided by the Office of the St. Louis County Collector.

^a Excludes overlapping taxing districts with assessed valuations applicable to the City that are less than 1%.

^b Estimated based on 2019 real and personal property.

^c Excludes lease obligations of overlapping taxing districts and taxing districts whose assessed valuation represents less than 1% of the City's total assessment.

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Tax Increment Financing Bonds and Notes										
		Revenu	e Sources		Debt Se	rvice						
Fiscal Year Ended March 31,	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Business License Revenue	Total Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage					
2011	350,119	344,600	177,368	872,087	500,000	290,605	1.10					
2012	39,764	325,303	171,067	536,134	560,000	250,268	0.66					
2013	S#1	318,398	165,348	483,746	244,000	216,530	1.05					
2014	8,5%	268,421	193,282	461,703	274,000	195,495	0.98					
2015	980	306,723	192,311	499,034	309,000	170,638	1.04					
2016	-	300,032	192,910	492,942	341,000	143,367	1.02					
2017	1967	304,635	184,664	489,299	383,000	112,285	0.99					
2018	320	160,141	590	160,731	455,000	87,230	0.30					
2019	(2)	4	· ·	-	32	6	21					
2020	-	-	¥	(5)		¥	=					

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The final maturity on the Public Improvement Revenue Notes was November 30, 2017.

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

					Education	on Level		
Year	Population	 sonal Income housand of dollars)	er Capita	Median Age ^a	High School Graduate (%)	Bachelor's Degree or Higher (%)	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2010	27,540						5,083	8.7%
2011	27,540						5,132	5.1%
2012	27,540						5,554	6.3%
2013	27,540						5,608	4.7%
2014	27,540	\$ 2,031,075	\$ 73,750	44.5	96.0%	59.4%	5,595	5.6%
2015	27,540	\$ 2,132,147	\$ 77,420	42.8	94.2%	51.5%	5,681	2.6%
2016	27,540	\$ 2,136,388	\$ 77,574	42.8	96.7%	68.6%	5,702	4.2%
2017	27,540	\$ 2,145,834	\$ 77,917	42.7	96.7%	62.8%	5,760	2.9%
2018	27,540	\$ 2,187,750	\$ 79,439	42.7	97.0%	63.0%	5,821	2.6%
2019	27,540	\$ 2,433,930	\$ 88,378	42.4	96.9%	63.4%	5,866	1.6%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2018 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates and Kirkwood School District ^aMedian age was not available.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2020 ^a	_	2011		
Employer	Product or Service	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank	
Kirkwood School District R-7	Education	733	1	642	2	
Junior College District of St. Louis, St. Louis County Missouri	Education	360	2	719	1	
City of Kirkwood	City Government	321	3	274	4	
Lowes	Retail	162	4	86	8	
Ashfield Active Living and Wellness(Aberdeen)	Retirement Residence	118	5			
Arrow Box Company	Manufacturing	74	6			
Rock Hill Mechanical	Manufacturing	42	7			
The Lutheran Church-Missouri Synod	Church Headquarters			368	3	
Wal-Mart	Retail			163	6	
St. Agnes Home	Long-Term Care			75	9	
Shop 'n Save Supermarket	Retail Grocer			237	5	
Target	Retail	*		*		
Schnuck Markets, Inc	Retail Grocer			100	7	
Total		1,810		2,664		

Source: Office of the Chief Administrative Officer

Note: Percentage of total city employment column has been omitted for both 2020 and 2011 because accurate information is unavailable.

^a Due to COVID-19 the City was unable to obtain employment information for The Lutheran Church-Missouri Synod, Wal-Mart, St. Agnes Home historically ranked 2, 7, and 8 respectively.

^{*} Target has historically ranked around the 5th to 8th major employer but has made it a policy decision not to disclose this information.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government:		× ****							XX	
City clerk	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Administration	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
MIS ^a	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Personnel	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Finance ^b	7.5	7.5	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0
Municipal court	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Special Business District	2.6	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
Purchasing	4.3	4.5	4.5	3.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.5
Engineering ^c	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	7.3	6.3	6.3	6.3
Building maintenance	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	3.5
Building commissioner	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.5	7.7	8.7	7.0	7.0	8.5	8.5
Police:										
Commissioned Officers	59.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	62.0	60.0	61.0	62.0	59.0	59.0
Civilians	13.3	13.0	13.0	13.7	14.0	15.1	20.5	19.5	20.0	21.5
Fire:										
Officers, firefighters, and EMS	46.0	46.0	46.0	44.0	46.0	54.0	52.0	53.0	52.0	53.0
Civilians	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Streets	13.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Parks	12.3	12.3	12.5	13.0	13.0	13.4	16.0	15.0	14.5	14.5
Recreation	18.8	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	16.0	18.7	16.8	15.2	15.9
Electric	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	19.5	19.5	18.5	19.5
Water	18.0	17.0	18.0	17.0	18.0	19.0	18.3	17.8	18.8	18.8
Sanitation ^d	17.8	16.0	17.8	16.8	14.9	15.8	15.2	15.0	17.3	16.3
Workers compensation	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Fleet services	7.3	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Total	273.2	268.6	272.5	270.2	275.5	283.9	292.1	287.5	288.2	289.9

Source: City of Kirkwood Finance Department

dCustomer service assistant included in Sanitation is funded 33-1/3% by Fleet Services until Fiscal Year 2012.

^aEffective FY2000 GIS technician position included in MIS is funded by the Water Fund.

^bOffice manager, (2) utility billing clerks, and customer service representative included in Finance are funded equally by the Electric, Water, and Sanitation Funds.

^CDirector of Public Works included in Engineering is funded 40% by Sanitation.

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010		2020
General government:	1.006	1.056	1 110	1.046	1 140	1.011	1.000	1 104	1 000	1.041
Business/Liquor Licenses Issued	1,096	1,056	1,110	1,046	1,140	1,011	1,022	1,184	1,099	1,041
AP Checks Issued	4,754	4,838	4,466	3,994	3,332	3,715	3,941	3,212	2,444	2,291
Electronic Vendor Payments Processed	600	571	536	963	1,840	2,198	2,111	2,652	3,698	3,181
Payroll Checks Issued	122	125	42	28	12	32	11	14	19	19
Purchasing:										
Purchase Orders Issued	884	989	998	1,013	1,019	1,113	1,245	1,206	1,250	1,251
Invoices Processed	2,325	2,297	2,371	2,582	2,744	2,847	2,932	2,991	3,107	3,306
Formal Bids	100	187	197	212	218	185	267	217	193	209
Engineering:										
Concrete Street Replacement (Square Yds)	13,570	16,499	20,385	17,978	12,516	29,676	22,065	12,164	7,596	5,780
Asphaltic Concrete Overlays (Tons)	124,227	8,667	46,320	6,594	(*)	1,137	4,302	4,439	2,494	6,447
Planning & Zoning Applications including										
Performance Guarantee Administration	20	31	22	27	26	21	26	29	24	25
Excavation Deposits	148	162	200	225	296	274	271	141	149	181
Sewer Lateral Insurance Applications	140	120	141	174	165	173	191	175	161	181
Single Family Site Plan Reviews	19	28	41	52	66	54	65	79	93	79
Building Maintenance:										
Work Orders Completed	812	491	726	614	675	623	593	813	593	997
Building Commissioner:										
Cost Recovery Rate	143% ^a	130%	108%	116%	130%	127%	121%	140%	136%	131%
Permits Issued:										
Building	1,943	1,994	676	2,371	3,110	4,541	2,832	3,034	3,012	2,906
Occupancy	1,517	1,544	1,471	1,477	1,528	1,564	1,472	1,464	1,462	1,467
Inspections Performed:										
Construction	4,755	5,267	5,532	6,339	8,525	9,057	9,465	8,724	10,544	10,328
Re-Occupancy	3,026	3,049	2,746	2,490	2,586	2,809	2,554	2,343	2,204	2,119
Board of Adjustment Cases	19	25	27	33	44	29	43	30	26	30
Architectural Review Cases	57	49	204	216	247	272	252	238	262	236
Police:										
Number of Calls	18,451	20,893	22,929	22,730	24,223	24,009	24,738	25,383	25,337	38,167
Number of Code Violation Complaints	2,999	1,694	2,109	1,461	1,773	2,561	1,244	1,818	2,078	1,789

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Europhian (Duraman)	2011	2012	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2010	2010	2020
Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016		2018	2019	2020
Fire:										
Number of Calls										
Fire	1,234	1,317	1,096	1,088	1,162	1,353	1,666	1,685	1,812	1,793
EMS	2,180	2,703	2,568	2,625	2,840	2,698	3,091	3,112	2,949	3,163
Percentage of "At Risk" Property Saved	93.24%	97.74%	98.98%	98.80%	98.46%	93.91%	93.47%	85.50%	95.99%	94.39%
Streets:										
Maintenance - Asphaltic Concrete (Tons)	15,462	440	424	387	597	597	1,008	920	1,605	1,141
Maintenance - Crack Seal after FY2003 (Pounds)	2,143	4,847	4,551	6,750	999	1,369	1,480	1,813	333	444
Ground/Forestry Maintenance (Hours)	4,137	4,804	5,067	5,021	4,642	3,502	4,637	2,080	2,080	2,080
Snow Removal:										
Salt Used (Tons)	3,413	919	1,206	3,008	1,120	819	453	456	1,354	935
Labor (Hours)	1,809	469	1,173	2,031	993	660	479	478	1,315	1,165
Parks:										
Park Maintenance Cost per Acre\$	3,719	\$ 3,739	\$ 3,941	\$ 4,108	\$ 4,075	\$ 4,441	\$ 4,355	\$ 4,261	\$ 4,429	\$ 4,569
Recreation:										
Aquatic Facility Attendance	74,014	67,519	61,754	55,048	66,132	49,030	76,936	62,382	64,431	59,305
Ice Rink Facility Attendance	27,623	33,734	37,528	41,675	41,675	39,978	127,584	108,433	115,367	111,542
Cost Recovery Rate	85%	84%	87%	84%	84%	89%	91%	88%	92.60%	87.00%
Electric:										
Number of Customer Accounts:										
Residential	8,804	8,763	8,878	8,790	8,872	8,769	8,737	8,820	8,867	8,858
Commercial	1,349	1,259	1,276	1,263	1,268	1,261	1,256	1,267	1,232	1,237
Personnel Cost/Customer Accounts\$	185	\$ 188	\$ 196	\$ 200	\$ 209	\$ 202	\$ 201	\$ 201	\$ 207	\$ 225
Distribution Cost Per Circuit Line Mile \$	11,552	\$ 18,088	\$ 20,475	\$ 19,738	\$ 20,218	\$ 21,751	\$ 22,587	\$ 20,735	\$ 22,139	\$ 22,962
Water:										
Number of Customer Accounts:										
Residential	9,465	9,252	9,470	9,444	9,488	9,458	9,512	9,389	9,395	9,370
Commercial	831	801	832	820	830	833	821	823	826	823
Personnel Cost/Customer Accounts\$	137	\$ 144	\$ 135	\$ 132	\$ 139	\$ 141	\$ 140	\$ 137	\$ 138	\$ 145

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2011	2	012	2013	 2014	_	2015	2016	2017		2018	2019	2020
Sanitation:													
Number of Customer Accounts													
Residential	9,338		9,324	9,325	9,187		9,167	9,154	9,142		9,200	9,179	9,357
Commercial	150		144	150	167		223	216	224		(99.)	-	2
Personnel Cost/Customer Accounts	123	\$	120	\$ 117	\$ 114	\$	106	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$	105	\$ 118	\$ 123
Material Collected:													
Recycling Material Collected (Tons)	2,929		4,163	4,162	4,203		4,238	4,347	2,299		4,175	4,083	3,777
Waste Disposal (Tons)	8,378		6,974	6,737	7,071		7,944	7,634	7,923		6,280	6,322	6,723
Landfill Diversion Rate (% Recycled/Total)	26%		37%	38%	37%		41%	22%	48%		37%	39%	36%
Yard Waste (Cubic Yards)	7,034		7,814	6,437	7,748		7,587	7,479	7,929		6,885	6,573	6,121
Workers Compensation	•				•			,			,	,	,
Number of Claims	21		15	43	38		30	30	31		29	34	13
	12,459	\$	5,511	\$9,648	\$ 12,190		\$6,166	\$5,215	\$ 14,977	\$2	20,849	\$ 22,234	\$ 28,228
Fleet Services:													
Average Age of Vehicles	6.2		6.2	6.1	6.3		6.7	6.9	6.3		6.3	6.3	6.4
Maintenance Cost per Vehicle	6,115	\$	6,139	\$ 7,084	\$ 5,720	\$	5,608	\$ 3,684	\$ 4,848	\$	4,966	\$ 4,702	\$ 5,010

Source: Various city departments

^aIncludes permit for Aberdeen of \$282,456

^bBeginning FY18 additional forestry and ground maintenance is outsourced.

^cFY18 commercial sanitation was terminated.

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CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government:										
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2
Purchasing:										
Vehicles	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Warehouse										
Vehicles		0.00	S=0	-	0	1.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Engineering:										
Vehicles	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Building Maintenance:										
Vehicles	2	2	2	3	3	2.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Building commissioner:										
Vehicles	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	27	28	29	29	31	30	32	33	34	35
Fire:										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Vehicles										
Pumpers	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Aerial Ladder	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ambulance	4	4	4	4	4	5	4	5	5	5
Hazmat/Rescue/Utility	2	2	2	5	5	3	3	3	3	3
Command Vehicles	4	4	4	4	3	3	4	3	3	4
Streets:					20					
Miles of Streets	109	221	221	221	221	221	221	248	248	248
Miles of Sidewalks	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	120	120	120
Vehicles	21	21	20	21	21	21	21	21	20	20
Parks and Recreation:										
Acres of Parks	326	330	330	330	330	324.5	324.5	330	332.3	332.3
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Parks and Recreation (Continued):										
Outdoor Amphitheater	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Aquatic Facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Enclosed Ice Rink	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ball Diamonds	8	8	8	8	7	5	5	7	7	6
Tennis Courts	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9
Handball Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Pickleball Courts	-	721	~	₩	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	14	14	12	13	16	15	15	15	15	15
Electric:										
Substations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Miles of Line	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132
Street Lights	2,316	2,316	2,316	2,316	2316	2316	2316	2316	2,316	2,316
Traffic Lights	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121
Vehicles	14	14	16	16	16	17	16	16	14	13
Water:										
Pumping Stations	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	6	6	6
Inter Connect Valves	2	2	2	2	2	4	6	2	6	6
Miles of Water Line	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135
Vehicles	15	15	15	14	16	16	17	17	17	18
Sanitation:										
Collection Trucks	8	8	8	12	10	14	14	14	13	13
Other Vehicles	4	4	4	6	5	3	2	3	2	2
Recycling Equipment	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
Fleet Services:										
Vehicles	5	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Source: Various city departments