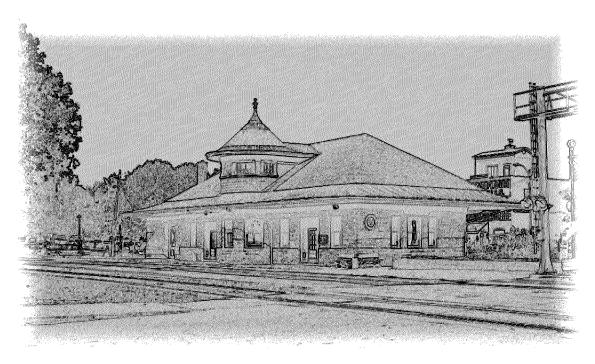
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2018



Kirkwood, Missouri Train Station

City of Kirkwood, Missouri

Kirkwood, Missouri Train Station

In 1852 the Pacific Railroad obtained this land from Owen Collins for a right of way and in 1863 a frame depot was built. At the Train Station, members of the first school board met to draft the charter of the Kirkwood School District, which was granted in 1865. This outstanding example of Richardsonian architecture was constructed by Douglas Donovan to replace the pervious wooden station. The track for the Pacific Railroad to Kirkwood was completed in 1853. The first train arrived May 11, 1853, for an auction sale of lots, making Kirkwood the first planned suburb west of the Mississippi. The town was named for the chief engineer for the railroad, James Pugh Kirkwood. Commuter trains ran to and from Kirkwood until 1961. A train turntable was located near the present Farmer's Market for the engines to be turned for the return trip to St. Louis and for the helper engines, which were used to help freight trains manage the "Kirkwood Hill," prior to the arrival of diesel engines. It is still an active station for Amtrak service.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018



Report issued by the Finance Department

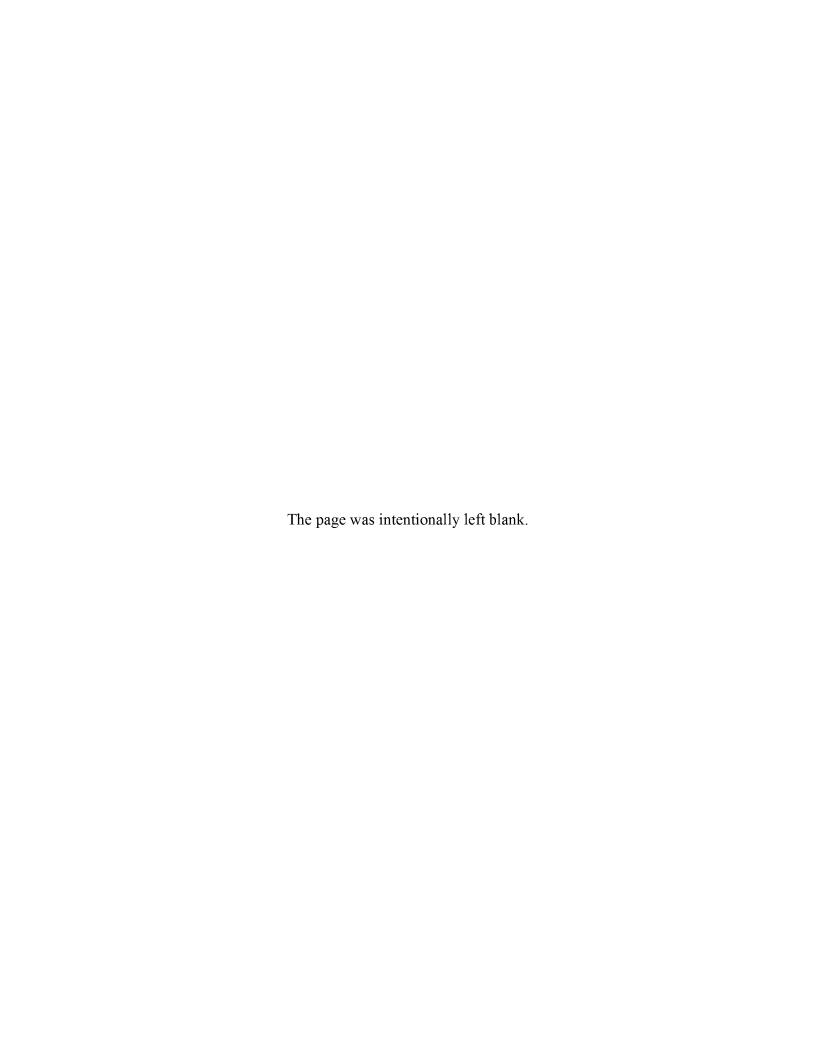
John R. Adams Director of Finance

Sandra F. Stephens Assistant Director of Finance

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City of Kirkwood

Introductory Section



September 26, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of Kirkwood, Missouri:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Kirkwood (City), Missouri, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018, is hereby submitted. The City of Kirkwood's Finance Department prepared this report. The management of the City is responsible for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation of the financial statements and other information presented herein. We believe the presentation is accurate in all material respects and includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the City's financial activities.

This report has been prepared following the guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officer's Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). This association awards Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to those governments whose annual financial reports are judged to conform substantially with the high standards of public financial reporting including generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. It is our belief that the accompanying Fiscal Year 2018 Financial Report meets these program standards, and it will be submitted to the Government Finance Officer's Association for review.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Kirkwood is located in St. Louis County, approximately 14 miles west of the City of St. Louis. The City covers approximately 9.1 square miles and is bounded by Interstate 44 on its southern boundary and traversed by Interstate 270 near its western boundary. Together, the interstate highways provide excellent access to all parts of the St. Louis metropolitan area.

Kirkwood was the first planned suburban residential area west of the Mississippi River. The City was established in 1853, incorporated in 1865, re-incorporated as a fourth class city in 1899, and as a third class city in 1930. In 1984, the City became a home rule city as permitted under a 1971 amendment to the Missouri Constitution.

Known as "The Green Tree City," the City is an attractive suburban residential community with tree-lined streets, a vibrant downtown shopping district, and a highly rated public school system. The City has a diverse economic base, which includes several large retailers, limited industries, and many small specialty shops. Kirkwood also is a scheduled daily stop on Amtrak's St. Louis to Kansas City route.

Missouri State Law and City ordinances require annual budgets to be prepared for the General and Special Revenue Funds on a basis that approximates generally accepted accounting principles. For the period covered by this annual financial report, budgetary control over expenditures was exercised by the City Council throughout the entire fiscal year. The City Council could amend the budget throughout the year provided total expenditures appropriations did not exceed projected revenues plus unencumbered reserves.

Appropriation transfers were made within or between departments with the approval of the Chief Administrative Officer. All budget amendments in excess of the original budget were approved by City ordinances or by transfer from an amount appropriated for contingencies. A City policy, which is not required by state statute, requires all budget amendments or transfers of \$10,000 or more be approved by ordinance. Therefore, the legal level of budgetary control is established by law at the sub object or account level.

The City's accounting system provides for internal controls to ensure that assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and are properly accounted for. The City has designed a comprehensive set of internal controls to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

It is the opinion of management that the internal controls utilized are adequate and provide for the safeguarding of assets and assure proper recording of financial transactions.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Service delivery is paramount. The citizens of Kirkwood are accustomed to, demand, and rightly expect exceptional services from their city. Police and Fire operations unfailingly meet the need. From Electric to Water to all levels of public works services, the City continues to strive to provide the highest quality and value. In order to do this, we face many challenges. We must identify where our limited City funding is most wisely invested. This year we will use a professionally conducted comprehensive community survey to help set the course, indicate deficiencies, and to identify what our citizens believe needs improvement. The survey, together with the comprehensive planning process, will allow the leaders of the City to make well informed decisions that will most benefit our citizens.

In order to continue to deliver the high quality of life for our citizens, we must have strong stewardship of our finances. The City's finance staff monitors closely the day to day cash flow and budget expenditures. Our strong fund balances is one of the primary reasons the City of Kirkwood has been able to maintain and keep the Aa2 bond rating. This is only one level from the highest rating possible. The strong investment grade bond rating has allowed the City broad access to the credit markets over the years and provided opportunity to borrow funds at some of the lowest possible borrowing costs, which can and will save our citizens hundreds of thousands of dollars whenever new debt is issued. We must strive to maintain and build our strong fund balances citywide.

The City is considering some major projects that could transform Kirkwood for years to come. There is always the temptation to innovate, but we would not want to jeopardize the things that are so great about Kirkwood. We must review all aspects of the community center project to ensure that, in whatever form it ultimately takes, it brings value added and raises our citizens' quality of life. We will need to account for what portion of operating expenses may be expected to be recovered from participatory fees. Comprehensive cost recovery will solidify the business aspects of both the community center and theater operations. There are opportunities here to create and drive new revenue streams for the City. Framing the financing of the project with contributions from non-profit or private entities will also be a challenge that, with proper input from our financial advisors, will allow the city to take on this large project in the most fiscally-prudent way.

Opportunity abounds in the controlled redevelopment of our commercial corridors. The Envision Kirkwood 2035 Plan will guide development that is sustainable, and complimentary to the character and current land uses throughout the City. The City will benefit by engaging in strategic investment through the SBD, and in underutilized locations of the City. These investments will provide the seeds of change to more fully realize great potential in underdeveloped sites.

The City needs to refocus its efforts regarding economic development opportunities. The Planning and Zoning Committee has worked diligently to provide an innovative tool that will allow flexibility in certain redevelopment situations. This will be a key piece of the puzzle in securing quality private investment in some of the City's more difficult to develop properties. Obtaining highest and best use on these underutilized land parcels will grow the property and sales tax bases to provide the highest quality services our citizens' demand and expect. To this end we plan to include in the budget a reorganization of the planning function to include more of an economic development component.

As of September 2018 we are not sure where we are going to take our single stream recycling. Our current depository will not accept single stream as of November 2018. This is soon to be a national problem with China no longer accepting most of the United States single stream recycling. We are moving from an environment where we received \$15 a ton to according to our best estimates we will be paying from \$80 to \$130 a ton.

Our council has decided to use the sanitation reserves until we can solidify what we are going to do with the City of Kirkwood's recycling.

Threats to the City's fiscal health do not stop the economy or the weather. There are sure to be more initiatives at the state level that follow the course of Senate Bill 5, that erode Home Rule, and could bring more restrictions on municipalities. One need only to read a randomly selected issue of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch to glean that the issues in some cities are generalized and broadly extended to encompass other, better operated municipalities.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

State statutes and the City Charter require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Hochschild, Bloom & Company, LLP was selected by the City Council for this year's audit. The external auditors met with the City's Audit Committee at the start of fieldwork and at the conclusion of fieldwork. The Audit Committee met together and privately with the external auditors and management to ensure review and oversight. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial reporting to the City of Kirkwood, Missouri, for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United Sates and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the CAFR was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance department. Each member of the department and all City employees who supplied information have our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership, interest and support of the Mayor, City Council and Chief Administrative Officer, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

John Adams

Director of Finance

CITY OFFICIALS

MAYOR

Timothy Griffin

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Maggie Duwe Bob Sears

Ellen Edman Paul Ward

Nancy Luetzow Mark Zimmer

COUNCIL STAFF

Elizabeth Montano City Clerk

ADMINISTRATION

Russell Hawes Chief Administrative Officer

Georgia Ragland Asst. Chief Administrative Officer

Elizabeth Von Behren Public Information Officer

DEPARTMENT HEADS

John Adams Finance Director

David Weidler Purchasing Director

Kevin Campe Information Systems Director

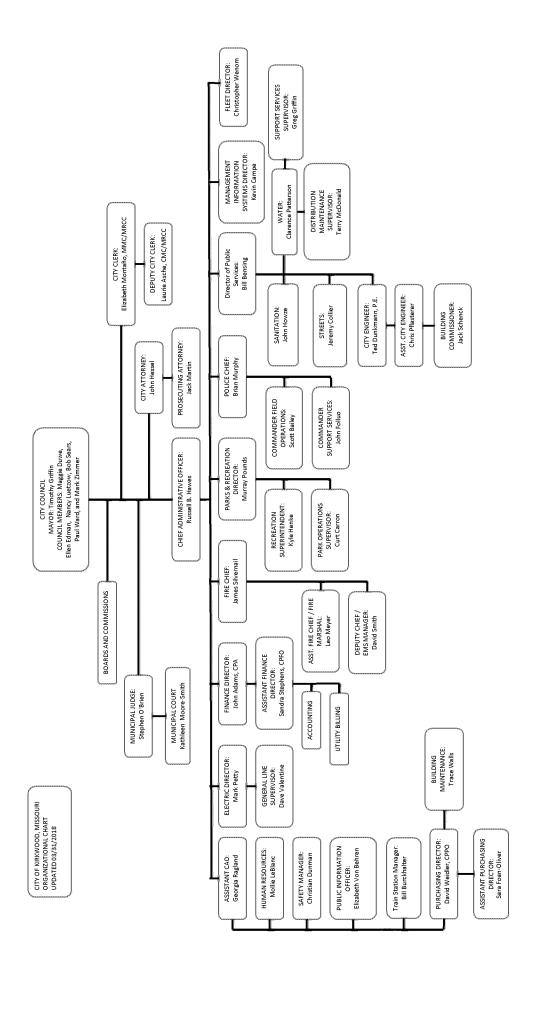
Brian Murphy Police Chief

James Silvernail Fire Chief

Mark Petty Electric Director

Bill Bensing Public Services Director

Murray Pounds Parks and Recreation Director





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Kirkwood Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

March 31, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Kirkwood

Financial Section



Hochschild, Bloom & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants Consultants and Advisors

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 26, 2018

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI (the City) as of and for the year ended March 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that our audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of March 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic

financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

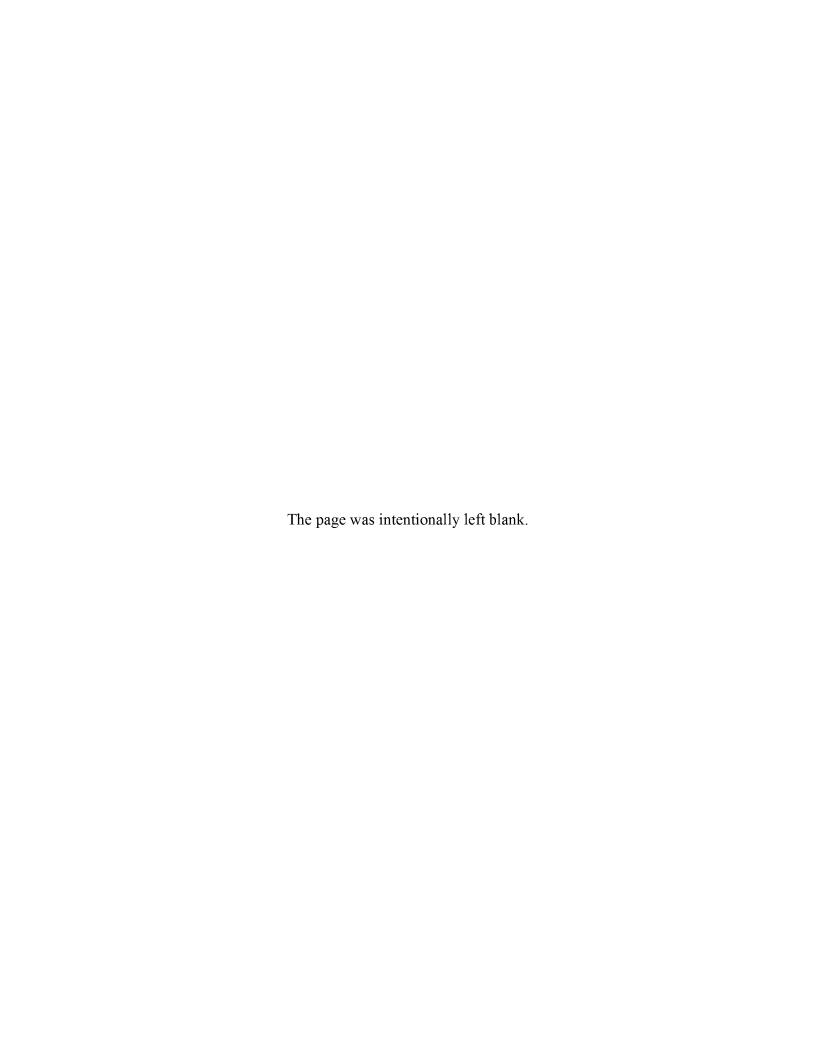
The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mochschild, Bloom + Company LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Chesterfield, Missouri



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

As management of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD, we offer readers of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD for the fiscal year ended MARCH 31, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i through v of this report. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$130,175 (net position). Of this amount, \$87,833 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt; \$30,416 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. While \$11,926 is restricted for a specific use (see NET POSITION, page 17).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$42,328 an increase of \$24,144 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is due to the debt issued for the performing arts center. A total of \$5,149 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). While \$37,114 has been assigned for a specific use (see FUND BALANCES, page 19).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, nonspendable, assigned, and unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$6,784, or 29 percent of total general fund annual operating expenditures.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, nonspendable, assigned, and unassigned net position for our business-type activities were \$48,358. Electric, Water, and Sanitation funds all had a positive change in net position.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S basic financial statements. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Overview of Financial Statements (continued)

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD include general government, public safety, highways and streets, economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD include Water, Sanitation and an Electric Distribution operation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the CITY OF KIRKWOOD itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Industrial Development Authority for which the CITY OF KIRKWOOD is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported by the City.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Overview of Financial Statements (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The CITY OF KIRKWOOD maintains 10 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, public park board, police & fire property tax pension and our two voter approved capital improvement funds which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The CITY OF KIRKWOOD adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, public parks, and P&F property tax pension fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general, public parks, and P&F property tax pension fund. Due to the management controls adopted, which provide for the budget to be controlled at a detail greater than the statutory level of control, the legal level of budgetary control for all governmental funds is established at the sub object level. Compliance with the legal level of budgetary control is demonstrated through the issuance of a separate report, which is available for inspection on the city's web site www.kirkwoodmo.org or at the Finance Department.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 22 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Sanitation and for its Electric Distribution operation. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S various functions. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD uses internal service funds to account for the maintenance & repair of its vehicles and equipment, worker's compensation program and to self-insure for our healthcare needs. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water distribution, Sanitation and for the Electric Distribution operation, the three of which are considered to be major funds of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Overview of Financial Statements (continued)

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 26 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 and 28 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 77 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S budgetary comparisons. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 78.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, the nonmajor governmental funds budget comparisons, and internal service funds are presented in other supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 85 through 103 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$130,175 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S net positions (67 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) net of related debt. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The second largest portion of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S net position is the unrestricted portion of net position (23 percent).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

The following table reflects the condensed statement of net position as of MARCH 31, 2018:

City of Kirkwood's Net Position

		nmental ivities		ess-type tivities	Tot	al
	2017	2018	2017	2018	<u>2017</u>	2018
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$23,954 _62,549	\$49,496 63,423	\$28,101 32,050	\$23,839 36,295	\$52,055 94,599	\$73,335 99,718
Total Assets	86,503	112,919	60,151	60,134	146,654	173,053
Deferred Outflow of Resources: Deferred charge on Refunding	<u>100</u>	<u>44</u>	113	<u>106</u>	<u>213</u>	<u>149</u>
Long-term liabilities Outstanding Other liabilities	4,232 	26,994 _4,151	11,319 	10,403 	15,551 4,900	37,397
Total Liabilities	6,900	31,145	13,551	11,882	20,451	43,027
Net Position: Net invested in						
Capital assets	59,956	61,751	20,933	26,082	80,889	87,833
Restricted	8,922	11,245	676	681	9,598	11,926
Unrestricted	10,825	8,821	25,104	21,595	35,929	30,416
Total Net Position	<u>\$79,703</u>	<u>\$81,817</u>	<u>\$46,713</u>	<u>\$48,358</u>	<u>\$ 126,416</u>	<u>\$130,175</u>

A portion of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S Governmental Activities net position (14 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net positions* \$8,821 (11 percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the CITY OF KIRKWOOD is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole, business type activities as well as for its component unit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

The CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S net position increased by \$3,759 during the current fiscal year as a result of the activity shown in the following table:

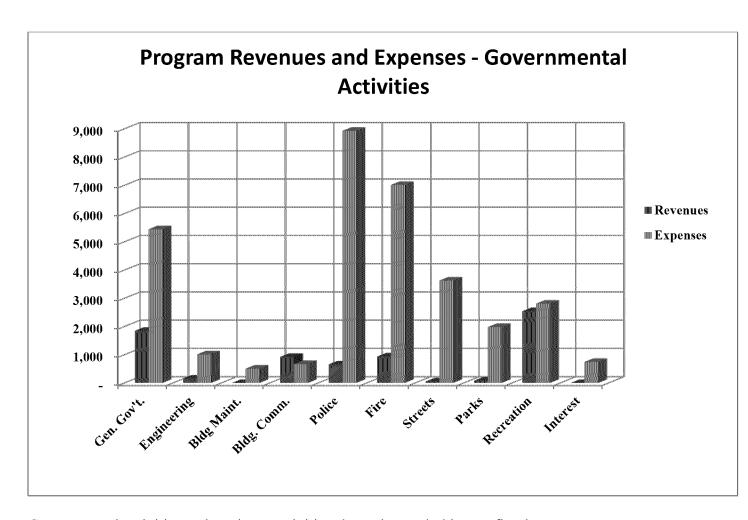
City of Kirkwood's Changes in Net Position

		rnmental vities		ess-type vities	Tota	1
	2017	2018	_2017_	_2018_	_2017	2018
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$6,520	\$6,309	\$31,144	\$36,430	\$37,664	\$42,739
Operating grants and	2.12	101			2.42	101
Contributions	343	181			343	181
Capital grants and	100			a 		0.2.2
Contributions	180	716	345	217	525	933
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	4,740	4,999			4,740	4,999
Other taxes	17,995	18,733			17,995	18,733
Other revenues	627	675	<u>263</u>	358	890	1,033
Total Revenues	<u>30,405</u>	31,163	<u>31,752</u>	<u>37,005</u>	62,157	68,618
E						
Expenses:	5.054	5 214			5.054	5 214
General government	5,054 684	5,314			5,054 684	5,314
Engineering	539	1,013 506			539	1,013 506
Building maintenance Building commissioner	339 749	673			749	673
Police	8,290	8,929			8,290	8,929
Fire	7,013	7,015			7,013	7,015
	2,906	3,631			2,906	3,631
Streets Parks	1,992	1,982			2,900 1,992	1,982
Recreation	2,774	2,813			2,774	2,813
	2,774	2,813 745			252	2,813 745
Interest on long-term debt Electric	232	743	20,625		20,625	25,153
Water			4,377	25,153 5,292	4,377	5,292
Sanitation			2,785	2,395	2,785	2,395
Total Expenses	30,253	32,621	$\frac{2,783}{27,787}$	$\frac{2,393}{32,840}$	$\frac{2,783}{58,040}$	<u>-2,393</u> 65,461
Increase (decrease)	<u> 30,233</u>			<u> 32,640</u>	<u> </u>	05,401
in net position before						
special items and transfers	152	(1,008)	3,965	4,165	4,117	3,157
Special item	132	602	3,703	7,105	- ,117	602
Transfers	1,845	2,520	(1,845)	(2,520)		
Increase/decrease	1,043		(1,043)	(2,320)		
In net position	1,997	2,114	2,120	1,645	4,117	3,759
Net position -				_1,015		
April 1, 2017	\$ 79,703		\$ 46,713		\$ 126,416	
Net position -	Ψ 12,103		<u>Ψ 10,113</u>		$\frac{\psi}{}$ 120,110	
March 31, 2018		<u>\$81,817</u>		<u>\$48,358</u>		<u>\$130,175</u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

The following exhibit presents expenditures and program revenues of governmental activities:



Governmental activities and Business activities showed growth this past fiscal year.

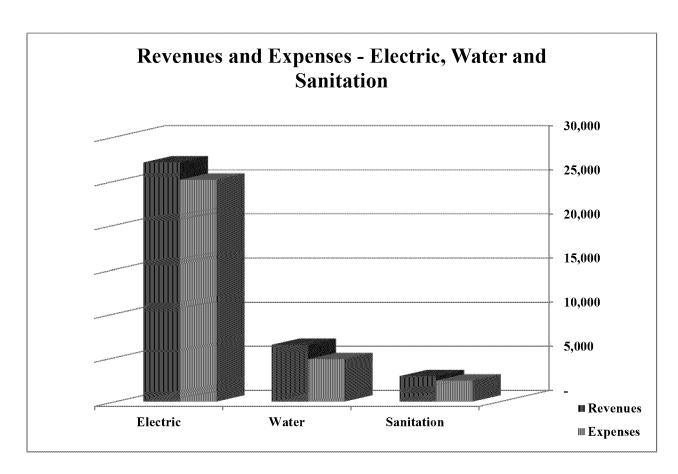
Overall governmental revenues have remained flat with a small increase however the City is still concerned because the recovery appears to be sluggish.

Business-type Activities. Our Water, Electric, and Sanitation business-type activities showed a positive increase in net position. The largest increase was in the electric fund which had an increase in net position of \$597.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Business-type Activities (continued)

- Operational revenues for electric, water, and sanitation services increased by \$5,286 compared to our last fiscal year. Operating expenses compared to the last fiscal year increased by \$5,168. The warm summer increased usage so we sold more electricity and water.
- The Water Distribution System purchases 100% of its water from Missouri American Water Company. The water is delivered to Kirkwood through five separate interconnects and a long term contract with Missouri American Water system have made our system more reliable, in addition to providing the City with predictable costs.
- Sanitation had a (\$198) change in net position in 2017. Sanitation's change in net position in 2018 is \$522. The turnaround was due to the elimination of commercial sanitation and a rate increase.

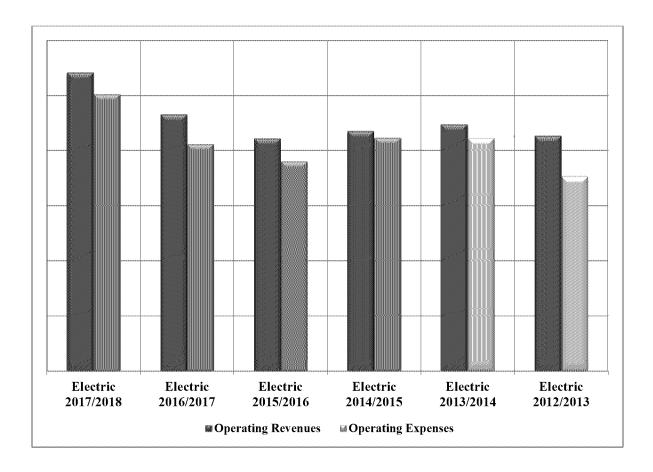


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued)

ELECTRIC FUND



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the CITY OF KIRKWOOD uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$42,328, an increase of \$24,144 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is due to the issuance of debt for the performing arts center.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (continued)

Approximately (12 percent, \$5,149) of this total ending fund balance constitutes unassigned *fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either assigned, nonspendable, or restricted. To indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) Nonspendable, inventory, and prepaid items (\$64), 2) Restricted, legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (\$37,114).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the general fund was \$6,784.

The fund balance of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S general fund decreased by \$2,877 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in the decrease were:

• Transfer out of \$3,000 to parks/recreation sales tax fund to be used on the performing arts center. Council decided the general fund would pay back this debt to the electric department who provided the cash that passed through the general fund.

The fund balance of the Public Park Board increased by \$82 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in the increase were:

• Increase in property taxes collected and a decrease in capital expenditures.

The fund balance of the Police & Fire property Tax Pension Fund decreased by (\$494)

• We are maintaining the property tax rate however we continue to use fund balance. We hired on seven new firefighters and as a result of Proposition P passing council gave all of our police officers a 6.25 salary increase. We are paying deferred contributions and medicare for police and fire from the general fund. We are also taking steps to reverse the voluntary reduction in the police and fire property tax which will increase our property tax collections by \$194. We are hoping this will allow us to break even in this fund.

The fund balance of the Capital Improvement Fund increased by \$1,032 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in the increase were:

- Increased transfers in primarily from enterprise funds by \$985.
- Decreased capital expenditures by (\$479)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (continued)

The fund balance of the Park & Storm Water Improvement Fund increased by \$26,960 compared to the previous fiscal year. Key factors of the increase were:

- Over \$24,000 in debt was issued in December for use on the performing arts center and community center construction and renovation projects.
- \$3,000 transfer from the general fund for use on the performing arts center.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$485, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The City enacted a dedicated property tax for debt service when initially approved by the voters. This annual property tax produced revenues of \$606 in the current fiscal year which, when combined with investment and other income in addition to the fund balance, is more than enough to service our general obligation debt.

Proprietary Funds. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Proprietary funds at the end of the year increased by \$1,644. The total change in net position for the water fund was \$524, sanitation fund was \$522 and \$597 in the electric fund. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the General Fund original budgeted expenditures and the final amended budgeted expenditures increased \$377.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of MARCH 31, 2018, amounts to \$99,718 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total increase in the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$5,119.

Additional information on the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S capital assets can be found in note 4 on pages 51 through 54 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the CITY OF KIRKWOOD had total debt outstanding of \$35,969. Of this amount, \$1,030 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The tax increment financing debt and public improvement notes for which the government is liable for the payment of collected incremental revenues for a period of seventeen years ended November 2017. The unpaid balance of \$602,000 of this debt was forgiven. The remainder of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., leasehold revenue bonds) and notes.

City of Kirkwood's Outstanding Debt

		nmental vities	Busines Activ	* I	Tot	tal
	2017	2018	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>	2018
General						
Obligation						
Bonds	\$1,515	\$ 1,030	\$	\$	\$ 1,515	\$ 1,030
Tax Increment	\$1,057	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,057	\$
Certificates of						
Participation	\$1,160	\$23,880	\$10,630	\$ 9,985	\$11,790	\$33,865
Capital Leases	\$	\$ 806	\$ 533	\$ 268	\$ 533	\$ 1,074

The CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S total debt increased by \$21,074 during the current fiscal year. The City issued \$24,599 in debt in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the CITY OF KIRKWOOD is \$81,694, which is significantly in excess of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S long-term debt can be found in note 6 on pages 61 through 67 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- While the Electric Fund is healthy our plan is to increase our profit margin by purchasing the lowest cost electric power possible to supplement our long term purchasing contract with Prairie State.
- Our sanitation fund is back on solid financial footing. However, the City will no longer provide single stream recycling because there aren't any firms to take the recycling. This will increase our landfill costs significantly and we expect another increase in the rate soon.
- The City will begin construction of the performing arts center in 2018. We believe the performing arts center will be in operation in the spring of 2019.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S budget for the 2018/2019 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the CITY OF KIRKWOOD'S finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Kirkwood, Director of Finance, 139 S. Kirkwood Road Kirkwood, Missouri 63122-4303. Budget and Comprehensive Annual Financial Report documents are available online at - http://www.ci.kirkwood.mo.us/finance/finance.htm.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2018

			Prima	ary Governmen	t			nent Unit
	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Total	Dev	dustrial elopment uthority
ASSETS:								
Cash and short-term investments	\$	49,029,879	\$	17,104,627	\$	66,134,506	\$	88,483
Taxes - net of uncollectible amount of \$14,876 Services - net of uncollectible amounts of		3,260,114		-		3,260,114		-
\$66,182 and \$50,988		375,031		2,480,932		2,855,963		_
Interest		38,145		26,382		64,527		142
Other		125,195		238,403		363,598		- 1.2
Internal balances		(3,400,000)		3,400,000		505,576		
Inventories.		58,700		588,167		646,867		_
Prepaid items.		9,038		366,107				-
-		9,036		-		9,038		-
Capital assets:		0.533.613		2 (00 777		12 141 200		
Nondepreciable		8,532,613		3,608,777		12,141,390		=
Depreciable	_	54,890,063		32,686,326	_	87,576,389		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	112,918,778	\$	60,133,614	\$	173,052,392	\$	88,625
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	43,654	\$	105,634	\$	149,288	\$	-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	43,654	\$	105,634	\$	149,288	\$	-
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable		1,154,767	\$	1,156,905	\$	2,311,672	\$	-
Accrued interest.		230,833		36,266		267,099		-
Other accrued liabilities		339,441		69,602		409,043		-
Claims payable		1,006,847		-		1,006,847		-
Unearned revenues		409,404		-		409,404		-
Deposits and escrow funds		1,009,535		216,697		1,226,232		-
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Due within one year		1,663,446		990,874		2,654,320		-
Due in more than one year		25,330,938		9,411,556		34,742,494		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		31,145,211		11,881,900		43,027,111		_
NET POSITION:								
Net investment in capital assets		61,751,027		26,081,706		87,832,733		=
Restricted for:								
Capital projects		6,625,824		-		6,625,824		_
Debt service.		1,170,774		681,019		1,851,793		-
Law enforcement.		132,504		-,		132,504		_
Park operations.		1,600,709		_		1,600,709		_
Police and fire pension.		948,799		_		948,799		_
Sewer lateral.		537,998		_		537,998		_
Special Business district		228,118		_		228,118		_
5500101 1505111000 0100110t				-		220,110		-
Unrestricted		8,821,468		21,594,623		30,416,091		88,625

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

			Drogram Devicenties		Net (Expense	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	in Net Position	Component
			Frogram Kevenues			гипату сометипел		
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Industrial Develonment
Functions	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority
Governmental Activities:								
General government and finance	\$ 5,314,163	\$ 1,828,344	\$ 6,611	\$ 12,000	\$ (3,467,208)	· •	\$ (3,467,208)	(\$198,681)
Engineering	1,013,395	150,475	10,000	•	(852,920)	•	(852,920)	
Building maintenance	505,663	•	•	•	(505,663)	•	(505,663)	
Building commissioner.	672,847	924,622	•	•	251,775		251,775	•
Police	8.929.012	524.758	123.072	10.910	(8.270.272)	•	(8.270,272)	•
	7 01 \$ 376	036 849			(5,078,577)	•	(5078 527)	•
Ctreate	3,630,913	1000		50805	(3,578,090)		(3.578.090)	
D-d	3,030,913		•	18 805	(3,578,650)		(3,37,8,630)	1
Farks	1,987,446	160,20	' (CU8,81	(066,106,1)	•	(055,106,1)	•
Kecreation	2,812,414	1,881,769	41,176	990,779	(267,453)	•	(267,453)	
Interest and fiscal agent fees on long-term debt	32 621 014	800 802 9	180.800	716 604	(744,785)		(75 / 11/ 693)	(108 681)
Total Coveriniteiral Activities	+10,120,26	0,500,500	1 90,000	†00°017	(550,+1+,55)		(550,+1+,652)	(120,001)
Business-Type Activities:								
Electric.	25,152,997	27,104,935	•	132,421	•	2,084,359	2,084,359	•
Water	5,292,264	6,432,978		84,683	•	1,225,397	1,225,397	•
Sanitation	2,395,299	2,892,236				496,937	496,937	
Total Business-Type Activities	32,840,560	36,430,149		217,104	1	3,806,693	3,806,693	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 65,461,574	\$ 42,739,057	\$ 180,809	\$ 933,708	\$ (25,414,693)	\$ 3,806,693	\$ (21,608,000)	\$ (198,681)
		General Revenues:	inad form					
		Property taxes levied for:	hed for:			6		6
		General purpo	General purposes		\$ 2,269,849	·	\$ 2,269,849	· •
		Park	Park		990,928	•	826,066	•
		P&F Property	P&F Property Tax Pension		960,861	•	198,096	
		Special busine	Special business district		134,483	•	134,483	•
		Debt service	Debt service		642,843	•	642,843	•
		Sales tax levied for:	or:				1	
		General purpo	General purposes		6,347,760	•	6,347,760	
		Capital improv	Capital improvement purposes		2,177,578	•	2,177,578	•
		Park and storn	Park and stormwater purposes		2,561,856	•	2,561,856	•
		Gasoline/motor v	Gasoline/motor vehicle sales tax		1,112,658	•	1,112,658	
		Utility gross recei	Utility gross receipts		4,549,042	•	4,549,042	•
		Cigarette taxes	Cigarette taxes		64,672	•	64,672	•
		Highway, road and bridge	ıd bridge		788,138	•	788,138	•
		County public safety	ety		700,539	•	700,539	
		Franchise taxes.			430,968	•	430,968	
		Earnings on investments	tments		125,418	319,074	444,492	1,907
		Gain on sale of ca	Gain on sale of capital assets			37,961	37,961	
		Other revenues	Other revenues		550,272		550,272	85,000
		Special item - forgiv	Special item - forgiveness of debt.		602,000	•	605,000	•
		Transfers in (out)	Transfers in (out).		2.519,560	(2,519,560)	. '	
		TOTAL GENER	TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES, SPECIAL ITEMS.	IAL ITEMS,	`			
		AND TRANSFERS	FERS.		27,529,425	(2,162,525)	25,366,900	86,907
		CHANGE IN NET I	CHANGE IN NET POSITION		2,114,732	1,644,168	3,758,900	(111,774)
		NET POSITION BE	NET POSITION BEGINNING OF YEAR.		79,702,489	46.713.180	126.415.669	200.399
						* 110	A	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

NET POSITION END OF YEAR...

88,625

130,174,569

48,357,348

81,817,221

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2018

			Major Funds			Nonmajor Funds	
			3		Park & Storm	Other	Total
	losso are	Public	P&F Property	Capital	Water	Governmental	Governmental
ASSETS:	2000	l ain Doala	I dA I CIISIOII	THE PLOY CHICAL	III DIONGIII III	spiin.i	enin i
Cash and investments (including cash equivalents):	6	G	÷	97278	e 24 032 081	6	FC 1050 100
Restricted	- 889 866 - 889 866		9	045,740 0457,754		9	
Unrestricted	8,623,966	1,490,031	847,639	2,118,688	4,993,499	1,339,988	19,413,811
Receivables, net of allowances where applicable:	0120	12.1	130 173	\$15.000	399 330	250 331	2 250 114
Tathoract	2,172,749	174,141	130,172	2.450	555,003	270,001	22,000,114
Illed St	375 031	+7+ ⁷ 7	+05,1	2,432	0,021	2,102	32,913
Other	77.826	75		200.60		14 518	121,627
Inventory	55.308	, '			1		55.308
Prepaid items	9,038	1				1	9,038
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,328,096	\$ 1,651,671	\$ 979,175	\$ 3,427,763	\$ 29,816,610	\$ 1,521,740	\$ 49,725,055
COLLEGE TO SECTION OF THE SECTION OF							
LIABILI IES: Accounte navable	330 715	\$ 21.804	\$ 26.014	130 251	\$ 571.528	30 035	\$ 1 129 247
Accrued wages and vacation payable.							
Advance to other funds	2,890,000		. 1	ı	510,000		3,400,000
Deposits payable	889,866	25	65	1	1	10,757	1,009,535
Unearmed revenue	337,337	13,992	1	1	1	58,075	409,404
Total Liabilities	4,873,256	50,962	30,376	130,251	1,081,528	112,026	6,278,399
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable revenue-taxes	670,351	41,088	39,872	137,146	161,347	44,742	1,094,546
Unavailable revenue-special assessment	- 130 023	41 000	- 00000	24,047	- 121 247	, C. E. C. E. E. C. E. E. C. E. E. E	24,047
Total Deferred IIITOWS OF Resources	100,010	41,000	27,012	101,193	/#6,101	7#1,1#	1,110,273
FUND BALANCES:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventories	55,308	•	1	•	1	•	55,308
Prepaid Items.	9,038	1	1	1	1	1	9,038
Cantal projects	•	,		2,188,973	28.146.391	,	30,335,364
Debt service.	1	1	1	947,346	427,344	484,512	1,859,202
Law enforcement.	•	•	1		i	132,504	132,504
Park operations	•	1,559,621	1	1	ı	1	1,559,621
Police and fire pension	•	•	908,927	•	•	•	908,927
Sewer lateral.	1	1	1	ı	1	537,998	537,998
Special business district	1	•	•	•	•	209,958	209,958
Assigned to:							
Projected use of reserves	1,570,813	1	ı	ı	1	1	1,570,813
Unassigned:	5,149,330						5,149,330
Total Fund Balances	6,784,489	1,559,621	908,927	3,136,319	28,573,735	1,364,972	42,328,063
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	300 000	1001001					
OF RESOURCES AND FOIND BALAINCES	\$ 12,326,090	1,031,071	6 9/9,1/3	5,471,703	010,010,010	a 1,321,740	\$ 49,723,033

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2018

Total fund balance - governmental funds	. \$	42,328,063
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$115,471,716 and the accumulated depreciation is \$52,049,040	·•	63,422,676
Property taxes and special assessments assessed by the City, but not collected within 60 days of year end, are deferred within the fund financial statements. However, revenue for this amount is recognized in the government-wide statements.		1,118,593
The internal service funds are used by the City to charge the cost of medical and worker's compensation insurance and city-wide vehicle and equipment maintenance and repair costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		2,111,246
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as liabilities within the fund financial statements. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. Discounts, premiums, and deferred amount on refunding are reported in the governmental fund financial statements when the debt was issued whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt as an adjustment to interest expense on the government-wide financial statements.		
Balances as of March 31, 2018 are: Accrued compensated absences, vacation	() ()	(27,163,357)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$_	81,817,221

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

				Ν	lajor Funds			D.	l. 0 Ct		Nonmajor Funds		Tatal
	(General	Public ark Board		&F Property ax Pension		apital		rk & Storm Water nprovement	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES:													
Taxes, including interest and penalties		15,935,454	\$ 983,968	\$	954,833	\$ 2	2,169,726	\$	2,552,618	\$	919,869	\$	23,516,468
Intergovernmental		587,740	-		-		-		97,066		-		684,806
Licenses, permits, fines and fees		2,163,550	80,896				-		-		529,013		2,773,459
Investment income		53,773	3,996		3,611		13,876		31,161		6,003		112,420
Charges for services		2,802,124	-		-		-		-		-		2,802,124
Grants		71,627	-		-		40,075		525,000		-		636,702
Other		771,171	 783	_			36,321			_	31,184		839,459
Total Revenues	··· —	22,385,439	 1,069,643		958,444	2	2,259,998		3,205,845		1,486,069		31,365,438
EXPENDITURES: Current:													
General government and finance		3,861,671	_		_		_		8,176		717,381		4,587,228
Engineering		983,417	_		_		_		-		-		983,417
Building maintenance		492,328	_		_		_		-		_		492,328
Building commissioner		668,472	_		_		_		_		_		668,472
Police		7,734,248	_		751,620		_		-		12,088		8,497,956
Fire		5,782,591	_		700,921		_		_		, -		6,483,512
Streets		1,510,369	_		_		-		-		_		1,510,369
Recreation		2,160,188	_		_		-		-		_		2,160,188
Parks		-	1,409,202		_		_		-		-		1,409,202
Capital outlay		90,171	233,887		_	3	,630,495		1,725,402		218,605		5,898,560
Debt Service:													
Principal retirement		-	_		-		277,795		795,000		940,000		2,012,795
Interest and fiscal charges		90,000	-		-		11,093		31,541		138,613		271,247
Issuance costs			 						253,371				253,371
Total Expenditures		23,373,455	1,643,089		1,452,541	3	,919,383		2,813,490		2,026,687		35,228,645
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(988,016)	 (573,446)	_	(494,097)	(1	,659,385)		392,355		(540,618)		(3,863,207)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):													
Transfers in		1,176,000	570,842		-	1	,549,560		3,000,000		-		6,296,402
Transfers out		(3,067,842)	-		-		-		(691,000)		(18,000)		(3,776,842)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		2,368	60,585		-		58,027		-		-		120,980
Insurance recoveries		851	23,611		-		-		-		-		24,462
Proceeds from capital leases		-	-		-	1	,083,722		-		-		1,083,722
Proceeds from certificates of participation issued		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		- -		<u>-</u>		23,515,000 743,771		<u>-</u>		23,515,000 743,771
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,888,623)	 655,038	_		2	2,691,309	_	26,567,771	_	(18,000)		28,007,495
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(2,876,639)	81,592		(494,097)	1	,031,924		26,960,126		(558,618)		24,144,288
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		9,661,128	1,478,029	_	1,403,024	2	2,104,395		1,613,609	_	1,923,590		18,183,775
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	6,784,489	\$ 1,559,621	\$	908,927	\$ 3	,136,319	\$	28,573,735	\$	1,364,972	\$	42,328,063

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	24,144,288
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, for general and infrastructure, are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Donated assets are not recorded in the governmental funds but are recognized as revenue in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays and donated capital assets in the current period.			
Capital outlays	4,534,746 (3,364,244)		1,170,502
In the statement of activities, the gain (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The fund financial statements recognize only the proceeds from the sale of those assets			(296,685)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt. Debt issued during the current year: Certificates of participation	(23,515,000) (743,771) (1,083,722) 1,735,000 277,795		
Forgiveness of debt	602,000 15,537		(22,768,597)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds financial statements, expenditures are not recognized for transactins that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, howevere, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenes, and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. The net changes of these items are: Accrued interest on bonds	(179,268) (54,274)		(233,542)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the risk management and fleet services activities to individual funds. The adjustments for the internal service fund "close" the fund by charging additional amounts to participating activities to completely cover the internal service fund's costs for the year.			
Total net decrease for the internal service fund.			(100,388)
Property tax revenues, sales tax revenues and special assessment revenue received prior to the year for which they are being levied are reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities. Deferred revenues increased this year.			199,154
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	2,114,732
Change in her position of governmental activities		Ψ	2,11 T ,/32

		Bus	iness	s-Type Activit	ties -	Enterprise Fu	ınds		vernmental
	E	lectric		Water		Sanitation		Total	ctivities - Internal rvice Funds
ASSETS:									
Current Assets:									
Cash and investments:									
Restricted		190,274	\$	23,608	\$	-	\$	213,882	\$ -
Held by trustees		-		681,078		-		681,078	712
Unrestricted		8,398,022		6,598,337		1,213,308		16,209,667	3,158,143
Receivables, net of allowances:									
Services		1,694,561		533,512		252,859		2,480,932	-
Interest		13,771		10,659		1,952		26,382	5,232
Other		145,922		43		92,438		238,403	3,568
Inventory		459,981		88,961		39,225		588,167	3,392
Advance to other funds		3,145,000		255,000				3,400,000	
Total Current Assets	1	4,047,531		8,191,198		1,599,782		23,838,511	 3,171,047
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets:									
Land and construction in progress		3,443,446		31,274		134,057		3,608,777	_
Buildings and system		2,503,384		25,020,716		423,314		37,947,414	_
Machinery and equipment		3,362,963		1,460,220		3,272,401		8,095,584	_
Less: Accumulated depreciation		5,515,012)		(5,976,985)		(1,864,675)		(13,356,672)	=
Total Noncurrent Assets	1	3,794,781		20,535,225		1,965,097		36,295,103	_
Total Assets		7,842,312		28,726,423		3,564,879		60,133,614	 3,171,047
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES: Deferred charge on refunding Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		<u>-</u>		105,634 105,634				105,634 105,634	
				100,001				100,001	
LIABILITIES:									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts payable		477,285		639,092		40,528		1,156,905	25,520
Accrued wages and vacation		71,467		35,497		30,608		137,572	24,066
Accrued interest payable		-		34,046		2,220		36,266	-
Deposits payable from restricted assets		192,741		23,956		-		216,697	-
Claims payable		-		-				-	1,006,847
Capital lease payable - current		-		-		267,904		267,904	-
Bonds payable - current				655,000		-		655,000	 -
Total Current Liabilities		741,493		1,387,591		341,260		2,470,344	 1,056,433
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Compensated absences		8,221		3,451		3,757		15,429	3,368
Bonds payable		´ -		9,396,127		´ -		9,396,127	_
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		8,221		9,399,578		3,757		9,411,556	3,368
Total Liabilities		749,714		10,787,169		345,017		11,881,900	1,059,801
NET POSITION:									
Net investment in capital assets	1	3,794,781		10,589,732		1,697,193		26,081,706	_
Restricted for debt service		~, · / T, · O I		681,019				681,019	-
Unrestricted		3,297,817		6,774,137		1,522,669		21,594,623	2,111,246
TOTAL NET POSITION	e 3	7,092,598	ф.	18,044,888	\$	3,219,862	\$	48,357,348	\$ 2,111,246

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Busin	ness-Type Activit	ties - Enterprise I	⁷ unds	Governmental
	Electric	Water	Sanitation	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:	#22 272 979	rh.	ď.	#22 272 878	r)
Electric sales Electric wholesale sales	\$22,272,879 4,564,236	\$ -	\$ -	\$22,272,879	\$ -
Water sales	4,304,230	5,633,963	-	4,564,236 5,633,963	-
Sanitation fees.	_	5,033,703	2,748,117	2,748,117	_
Charges for services.	_	_	2,7 10,117	2,710,117	5,095,398
Other		799,015	144,119	1,210,954	36,599
Total Operating Revenues	27,104,935	6,432,978	2,892,236	36,430,149	5,131,997
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Administrative and general	1,238,340	534,235	1,067,202	2,839,777	1,289,436
Customer accounting	196,418	178,473	121,516	496,407	-
Purchased power	20,641,242	-	-	20,641,242	-
Purchased water	-	1,189,240	-	1,189,240	-
Distribution maintenance.	2,254,352	1,743,318	-	3,997,670	-
Maintenance and supplies	510,566	481,083	3,497	995,146	-
Pickup, hauling and disposal	-	-	944,131	944,131	-
Claims and insurance premiums	212.070	-	255 261	1 255 942	3,955,947
Depreciation	312,079	688,503	255,261	1,255,843	
Total Operating Expenses	25,152,997	4,814,852	2,391,607	32,359,456	5,245,383
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	1,951,938	1,618,126	500,629	4,070,693	(113,386)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Investment income	263,626	52,424	3,024	319,074	12,998
Grants	132,421	-	-	132,421	-
Interest expense	-	(425,387)	(3,692)	(429,079)	-
Gain (loss) on sales of property,		(55.055)	22.450	(4.5.54.0)	
plant and equipment	14,246	(52,025)	22,469	(15,310)	-
Insurance recoveries		1,246		1,246	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	410,293	(423,742)	21,801	8,352	12,998
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	2,362,231	1,194,384	522,430	4,079,045	(100,388)
Capital contributions-Federal subsidy		84,683		84,683	
Transfers in (out)	(1,764,780)	(754,780)		(2,519,560)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	597,451	524,287	522,430	1,644,168	(100,388)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	26,495,147	17,520,601	2,697,432	46,713,180	2,211,634
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$27,092,598	\$18,044,888	\$ 3,219,862	\$48,357,348	\$ 2,111,246

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Busi	ness-Type Activiti	es - Enterprise F	unds	Governmental
	Electric	Water	Sanitation	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from customers	26,200,557	6,204,559	\$ 2,711,609	\$ 35,116,725	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services provided	753,381	43,547	31,669	828,597	5,095,398
Other receipts (payments)	75,381	162,969	122,926	361,276	33,031
Payments to suppliers	(23,681,373)	(2,467,039)	(979,025)	(27,127,437)	(4,342,907)
Payments to employees	(2,025,592)	(1,068,543)	(745,163)	(3,839,298)	(496,048)
Payments for interfund services	(233,087)	(284,940)	(429,125)	(947,152)	(23,381)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)					
Operating Activities	1,089,267	2,590,553	712,891	4,392,711	266,093
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	(1.7(4.700)	(754.700)		(2.510.560)	
Transfers out	(1,764,780)	(754,780)	-	(2,519,560)	-
Receipt (payment) of interfund borrowing	(2,805,000)	85,000		(2,720,000)	
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities	(4,569,780)	(669,780)		(5,239,560)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of					
capital assets	(3,695,220)	(1,908,713)	_	(5,603,933)	_
Proceeds from sale of property,	(3,073,220)	(1,500,713)		(3,003,733)	
plant and equipment	44,879	19,911	22,469	87,259	_
Capital grants		-		132,421	_
Insurance Recoveries	-	1,246	_	1,246	_
Capital contribution-Federal subsidy	_	84,683	-	84,683	_
Principal paid on bonds and capital leases	_	(645,000)	(264,975)	(909,975)	_
Interest paid on bonds and capital leases	_	(424,738)	(5,888)	(430,626)	-
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Capital					
and Related Financing Activities	(3,517,920)	(2,872,611)	(248,394)	(6,638,925)	
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Interest received on investments	276,483	54,463	2,378	333,324	12,159
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH					
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(6,721,950)	(897,375)	466,875	(7,152,450)	278,252
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	15,310,246	8,200,398	746,433	24,257,077	2,880,603
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 8 588 296	\$ 7,303,023	\$ 1,213,308	\$ 17,104,627	\$ 3,158,855
ELID OF TEATRE	\$ 0,500,270	ψ 7,505,025	Ψ 1,210,500	Ψ 11,107,041	Ψ 5,150,055

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,951,938	\$ 1,618,126	\$ 500,629	\$ 4,070,693	\$ (113,386)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						
(loss) to net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		312,079	688,503	255,261	1,255,843	-
(Increase) decrease in assets:						
Service receivable		(83,177)	(20,548)	(4,839)	(108,564)	-
Miscellaneous receivables		32,488	795	(21,193)	12,090	(3,568)
Inventory		(61,338)	2,750	(29,035)	(87,623)	(506)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:						
Accounts payable		(1,049,964)	302,928	14,506	(732,530)	(28,739)
Accrued wages and vacation		12,168	149	(2,438)	9,879	(2,728)
Deposits held for others		(24,927)	(2,150)	-	(27,077)	-
Claims Payable		-	· · · · · ·	_	-	415,020
Total adjustments	_	(862,671)	972,427	212,262	322,018	379,479
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,089,267	\$ 2,590,553	\$ 712,891	\$ 4,392,711	\$ 266,093

Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:

The Electric Fund traded in equipment of \$157,420 and accumulated depreciation of \$141,678.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS MARCH 31, 2018

	Pension Trust	Agency
ASSETS:		
Cash and investments:		
Held by trustees:		
Short-term reserves	\$ 6,027,119	\$ -
Bond funds	3,862,176	-
Balanced funds	19,587,667	-
Domestic stock funds	26,132,616	-
International stock funds	5,049,214	-
Money market funds	1,017,466	-
Specialty stock fund	223,145	-
TIAA brokerage option fund	933,545	-
TIAA brokerage option fund	1,130,250	-
Restricted	301	10,200
Receivables, net of allowances:		
Interest	2,361	-
Contribution receivable	128,431	-
Prepaid expenses	11,024	-
Total Assets	64,105,315	10,200
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	28,584	-
Deposits payable		10,200
Total Liabilities	28,584	10,200
NET POSITION:		
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 64,076,731	\$ -

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Pension Trust Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 1,562,648
Employee, net of refunds	573,617
Rollover Contributions.	 5,574
Total Contributions.	2,141,839
Investment income:	
Interest and dividends	1,908,280
Net appreciation in the fair value of	
plan investments	3,393,217
Total investment income	5,301,497
Less: investment expenses	28,036
Net investment income	5,273,461
Total Additions	7,415,300
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefit payments	3,307,932
Administrative and general expenses:	
Insurance, taxes and other premiums	158,746
Professional fees	100,459
Total administrative	
and general expenses.	 259,205
Total Deductions	 3,567,137
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,848,163
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	
BEGINNING OF YEAR	60,228,568
END OF YEAR	\$ 64,076,731

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Kirkwood, Missouri (the "City") was formally established as the Town of Kirkwood in 1853. In 1865, the citizens requested and received a charter from the Missouri State Legislature. As a result of being incorporated, Kirkwood became a village governed by a Board of Trustees elected by the voters. The City now operates under a charter form of government adopted in 1983 in accordance with the provisions of the Missouri Constitution. The governing body is comprised of a mayor and six council members who appoint a chief administrative officer who is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the City. The City provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), engineering, streets, vehicle, building maintenance, electric, water, sanitation, parks and recreation and general administrative services.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The City's financial reporting entity has been determined in accordance with governmental standards for defining the financial reporting entity and identifying entities to be included in its basic financial statements. These standards identify the City's financial accountability for potential component units as the primary, but not only, criteria for inclusion. The City's financial reporting entity consists of the City of Kirkwood (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's financial reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Blended Component Units

The following component units are legally separate from the City; however, the activities are so intertwined with the City as the primary government that they are, in substance, the same as the primary government. As such, the balances and transactions of the component units are blended into the accompanying basic financial statements and reported in a manner similar to the balances and transactions of the City itself.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Reporting Entity (continued)

City of Kirkwood, Missouri Public Facilities Authority (PFA)

The PFA is a not-for-profit corporation created by Ordinance of the City Council, organized and existing under the laws of the State of Missouri. Board members are appointed by the Mayor of the City and must be approved by Council. The purpose of the PFA is to facilitate the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements and facilities solely for the benefit of the City of Kirkwood, Missouri. Funding of such capital improvements and facilities is provided through the issuance of leasehold revenue bonds. The PFA is accounted for as if it were part of the City's operations because it was established to provide services exclusively to the City. The activities and accounts of the PFA have been blended into the City's Park & Storm Water Improvement fund.

Downtown Special Business District (SBD)

The SBD was created by Ordinance of the City Council, organized and existing under the laws of the State of Missouri. The SBD is reported as a blended component unit because the City Council retains governance over the SBD and appoints the members to the Downtown Kirkwood Special Business District Advisory Commission. In addition, the City Council retains operational responsibility in approving and amending the SBD's budget, levies the SBD property taxes, and is responsible for fiscal management. The resources of this fund are utilized for the enhancement of the SBD; promote retail trade, and development within the SBD, for the substantial benefit of maintaining and/or increasing the economic activity taxes (EATs) which are used by the City in providing governmental services.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The discretely presented component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the City's other component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that is it legally separate from the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Industrial Development Authority of the City of Kirkwood, Missouri (IDA)

The IDA is a not-for-profit corporation established by an Ordinance of the City Council and formed under RSMo. Chapter 349, *The Industrial Development Corporations Act.* It is designed to develop, advance, encourage and promote commercial, industrial and manufacturing facilities in the City. The IDA Board of Directors are appointed by the Mayor with consent of the City Council. The City provides the IDA financial and administrative support. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the IDA. Schedules for the IDA are included in the "Other Supplementary Information" section.

Related Organizations

The City's officials are also responsible for appointing members to the boards of other organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making such appointments. The Mayor or the City Council appoints a majority of the governing members of the Municipal Library District of Kirkwood and the Kirkwood Housing Authority. These related organizations are not included as component units within the City's financial reporting entity.

The Public Park Board is an agency of the City with its Board members appointed by the Mayor and the City Council. The Park Board has the authority to adopt and amend its own budget only. The City sets and levies the Park Board's property taxes and holds all corporate powers. The Public Park Board is therefore not a legal entity and is accounted for as a separate special revenue fund.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods and/or services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes, unrestricted interest earnings and other items that are not generated by programs are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Following the government-wide financial statements are separate financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other governmental funds are reported in one column labeled "Other Governmental Funds". The total fund balances for all governmental funds is reconciled to total net assets for governmental activities as shown on the statement of net assets. The net change in fund balance for all governmental funds is reconciled to the total change in net assets as shown on the statement of activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City has three enterprise (business-type activity) funds which are all considered major funds. Additionally, the City has internal service funds which are reported in a separate column on the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with self-balancing accounts. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position rather than upon net income. The following are the City's governmental major funds:

<u>General</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Public Park Board</u> - Used to account for property tax proceeds restricted specifically for park operations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

<u>P&F Property Tax Pension</u> - Used to account for property tax proceeds restricted specifically for police officers and firefighters pension.

<u>Capital Improvements</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or improvements.

<u>Park & Storm Water Improvements</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the construction of the City's recreation/facilities complex.

The other governmental funds of the City are considered nonmajor. They are special revenue funds which account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes, the capital project funds which account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and the debt service fund which is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

The following are the City's proprietary fund types:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City has three enterprise funds which are all considered major funds as follows:

<u>Electric</u> - The electric fund is used to account for the billing and collection of charges for electric services for customers of the electric utility system. Revenues are used to pay for both operating expenses and capital expenditures to maintain these services.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Proprietary Funds (continued)

<u>Water</u> - The water fund is used to account for the billing and collection of charges for water services for customers of the waterworks system. Revenues are used to pay for both operating expenses and capital expenditures to maintain these services.

<u>Sanitation</u> - The sanitation fund is used to account for the provision of solid waste collection to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City. Three internal service funds have been established to account for the payment of medical insurance, workers' compensation and city-wide vehicle and equipment maintenance and repair costs.

Fiduciary Fund Type - Trust and Agency Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Pension trust funds are accounted for and reported similar to proprietary funds. The pension trust funds account for the City's Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Employees' Pension Plan. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. The City's agency fund accounts for municipal court collections for bail bonds.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds used the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions (continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. For the City, available means expected to be received within 60 days of year end.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, licenses and permits, interest, grants and rentals. For the City, available for these revenue sources means expected to be received within 30 days of year end.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool available to all City funds. For financial reporting purposes, investments are allocated in proportion to each fund's cash balance to the total cash balance.

Investments are shown at fair value. Fair value is determined by closing market prices at year-end as reported by the investment custodian.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond March 31, 2018, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Certain park program fees received before eligibility requirements are met are reported as unearned revenues in the government-wide financial statements as well as the governmental fund statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which have not matured are recognized when paid. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts equal to the estimated collection losses that will be incurred in collection of its ambulance, court fines, property tax and enterprise fund services receivable. The estimated losses are based on historical collection experience coupled with a review of the current status of the existing receivables. The City follows the practice of writing off uncollectible accounts as they are incurred for all other receivables.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventory recorded in the general fund is valued at average cost, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory is recorded as expenditures as the individual inventory items are utilized. The reserve for inventory is equal to the inventory capitalized to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for appropriation.

Inventory recorded in the enterprise funds are valued at average cost using a first-in, first-out method, and consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and construction of distribution systems.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, including infrastructure, are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not enhance functionality or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30 - 40 years
Building improvements	5 - 30 years
Distribution system	20 - 75 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 15 years
Automotive equipment	3 - 10 years
Streets, bridges and sidewalks	20 - 75 years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums or discounts, and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using the straight-line method and the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported adjusted by the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Compensatory Time, and Sick Leave

City employees earn vacation based upon their years of continuous service on a calendar year basis. Accrued vacation time is payable to employees upon termination. Based on the policy of the City, all of the accrued vacation is due within one year and is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as a short-term liability. A liability is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements when payment is due.

City employees may earn compensatory time in lieu of overtime pay at the discretion of the Department Head. Accrued compensatory time is payable to employees upon termination. Based on the policy of the City, no employee shall be permitted to accrue more than forty (40) hours of compensatory time with the exception of law enforcement and fire protection personnel who shall not be permitted to accrue more than one hundred twenty (120) hours of compensatory time. A liability is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements when payment is due.

Sick leave accrues each month of continuous service, subject to a maximum of 130 days, and is payable during periods of illness. The City does not accrue nor is obligated for payment of accumulated sick days.

Capital Contributions

Capital contributions in the enterprise funds represent government grants, contributions and other aid to fund capital projects. In accordance with GASB 33, capital contributions are recognized as revenue when the expenditure is made and amounts became subject to claim for reimbursement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Interfund Transactions

In the fund financial statements, the City has the following types of transactions among funds:

Transfers

Legally required transfers are reported when incurred as "transfers in" by the recipient fund and as "transfers out" by the disbursing fund.

Interfund Services Provided/Used

Charges or collections for services rendered by one fund for another are recognized as revenues (interfund services provided) of the recipient fund and expenditures or expenses (interfund services used) of the disbursing fund. These transactions are recorded as interfund services provided and used because they would be treated as revenue and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the city.

Certain internal payments are treated as program revenues, such as internal services provided and used. Certain internal payments are treated as a reduction of expense, such as reimbursements.

Elimination of interfund activity has been made for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position are displayed in three components as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - This consists of assets that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This consists of assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements the following classifications are used to define the governmental fund balances.

Nonspendable – This consists of the governmental fund balances that are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - This consists of the governmental fund balances that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – This consists of the governmental fund balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (ordinance) of the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned – This consists of the governmental fund balances that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The City Council has by resolution authorized the Chief Administrative Officer or their designee to assign fund balance. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Amounts that are available for any purpose and do not meet the definition of "nonspendable," "restricted," "committed," or "assigned; these positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the City will spend the least restricted dollars before the restricted dollars in the following order: Unassigned, Assigned, Committed, Restricted, and then Nonspendable.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Statement of Cash Flows

The proprietary funds considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end and revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City is governed by the deposit and investment limitations of state law. It is the policy of the City to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. The City's policy and state law authorize the following types of investments:

- a. United States Treasury Securities for which the full faith and credit of the United States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest.
- b. United States Agency Securities, including:
 - U.S. Government Agency Coupon and Zero Coupon Securities with no embedded options.
 - U.S. Government Agency Discount Notes purchased at a discount with maximum maturities of one (1) year.
 - U.S. Government Agency Callable Securities restricted to securities callable at par only with final maturities of five (5) years.
 - U.S. Government Agency Step-Up Securities where the coupon rate is fixed for an initial term. At coupon date, the coupon rate rises to a new, higher fixed term. Restricted to securities with final maturities of five (5) years.
 - U.S. Government Agency Floating Rate Securities where the coupon rate floats off one index. Restricted to coupons with no interim caps that reset at least quarterly.
 - U.S. Government Mortgage Backed Securities restricted to securities with final maturities of five (5) years.
- c. Repurchase agreements with commercial banks or government securities dealers. The purchaser in a repurchase agreement enters into a contractual agreement to purchase U.S. Treasury and government agency securities while simultaneously agreeing to resell the securities at predetermined dates and prices.
- d. Collateralized public deposits (Certificates of Deposits) issued by financial institutions which state that specified sums have been deposited for specified periods of time and at specified rates of interest. The certificates of deposit are required to be backed by acceptable collateral securities as dictated by state statute.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

- e. Bankers' Acceptances issued by domestic commercial banks possessing the highest rating issued by Moody's Investor Services, Inc. or Standard and Poor's Corporation.
- f. Commercial Paper issued by domestic corporations, which has received the highest rating issued by Moody's Investor Services, Inc. or Standard and Poor's Corporation. Eligible paper is further limited to issuing corporations that have total assets in excess of five hundred million dollars.

The deposits and investments held at March 31, 2018, and reported at fair value, are as follows:

Туре	Carrying <u>Value</u>
Deposits:	
Demand deposits	\$ 7,722,552
Cash on hand	3,815
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	2,000,000
	9,726,367
Pooled Investments:	
Money Market Mutual Funds	26,087,849
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	23,279,988
Federal Farm Credit	982,235
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	2,259,751
Federal Home Loan Banks	2,732,020
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,165,151
	56,506,994
Pension Trust Cash and Investments:	
Restricted deposit	129
Mutual funds:	
Short-Term reserves	6,027,119
TIAA brokerage	1,130,250
TIAA traditional annuity option	933,545
International stock funds	5,049,214
Balanced funds	19,587,667
Bond funds	3,862,176
Money market funds	1,017,466
Specialty stock fund	223,145
Domestic stock funds	26,132,616
	63,963,327
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$130,196,688</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Туре	Carrying Value
Reconciliation to the Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets:	
Cash and Investments: Governmental Activities	\$ 49,029,879
Business-Type Activities	17,104,627
Component Unit	88,483
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets:	
Cash and Investments:	
Held by trustees – Pension Trust Funds	63,963,198
Restricted:	
Pension Trust Funds	301
Agency Fund	10,200
	<u>\$130,196,688</u>

Since the investment strategies and associated risks for the City Pension Investment portfolios are substantially different than those of the remainder of the City, the investment disclosures for the Pension Investment Portfolios are presented separately.

Custodial Credit Risk- Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's bank deposits are required by state law to be secured by the deposit of certain securities specified at RSMo 30.270 with the City or trustee institution. As of March 31, 2018, the City's bank balance of \$9,726,367, including \$88,483 of the component unit, except for \$200,000, was fully insured by depository insurance and collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name or letter of credit with the City as beneficiary. The \$200,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and not collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. The City's policy to minimize credit risk is to pre-qualify the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the City will do business and diversify the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. The City's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk this year.

Investment Interest Rate Risk - The City's policy to limit investment interest rate risk is to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations. Investments in bankers' acceptances and commercial paper shall mature and become payable not more than one hundred eighty days (180) from the date of purchase. All other investments shall mature and become payable not more than five (5) years from the date of purchase. Maturities of investments held at March 31, 2018 are as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

		Maturities				
Investment Type	Fair Value	No Maturity	Less than 1	1 – 5	6 - 10	Credit Risk
Primary Government:						
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$26,087,849	\$26,087,849	\$	\$	\$	Not rated
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	23,279,988		7,472,268	15,807,720		Not rated
Federal Farm Credit	982,235			982,235		AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	2,259,751			2,259,751		AAA
Federal Home Loan Banks	2,732,020		299,055	2,432,965		AAA
Federal National Mortgage			ŕ			
Association	1,165,151		669,296	495,855		AAA
Total Primary Government			· ·	ĺ		
Investments	56,506,994	26,087,849	8,440,619	21,978,526		
Pension Trust:						
Money market funds	1,017,466	1,017,466				Not rated
Short-term reserve mutual funds	6,027,119	6,027,119				Not rated
TIAA brokerage	1,130,250	1,130,250				Not rated
TIAA traditional annuity option	933,545	933,545				Not rated
International stock fund	5,049,214	5,049,214		_		Not rated
Balanced funds	19,587,667	19,587,667				Not rated
Specialty stock fund	223,145	223,145				Not rated
Domestic stock fund	26,132,616	26,132,616				Not rated
Bond funds						
Vanguard Total Bond Market						
Index	2,474,691				2,474,691	AA
Loomis Sayles Core Plus Bond Y	1,387,485				1,387,485	$_{ m BBB}$
Total Pension Trust Investments	63,963,327	60,101,022			3,862,176	
Total Investments	\$120,470,321	\$60,101,022	\$34,528,468	\$21,978,526	\$3,862,176	

Investment Credit Risk - The City's investment policy and state law limit its investment choices, as documented above.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is required to be disclosed by the City for any single investment that represents 5% or more of total investments (excluding investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the US Government, investments in mutual funds, investments in external investment pools and investments in other pooled investments).

It is the City's policy to diversify the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. No more than 5% of the total fair value of the portfolio may be invested in bankers' acceptances issued by any one commercial bank and no more than 5% of the total fair value of the portfolio may be invested in commercial paper of any one issuer.

At March 31, 2018, the City did not have any investments that were more than 5% of the City's total investments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The City classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs using a matrix pricing technique; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The inputs and methodologies used for valuing investment securities are not necessarily an indication of risk associated with investing in those securities.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of March 31, 2018.

_	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Primary Government				
Investments by fair value level:				
Government securities:				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$2,259,751	2,259,751		
Federal Home Loan Banks	2,732,020	2,732,020		
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,165,151	1,165,151		
Federal Farm Credit	982,235	982,235		
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	23,279,988		23,279,988	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	30,419,145	7,139,157	23,279,988	
Investments not subject to fair value level classification:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	26,087,849			
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	2,000,000			
Total Primary Government Investments	\$58,506,994			
Fiduciary Fund				
Mutual funds:				
Bond funds.	\$ 3,862,176	3,862,176		
Balanced funds	19,587,667	19,587,667		
Domestic stock funds.	26,132,616	26,132,616		
International stock funds	5,049,214	5,049,214		
Specialty stock fund.	223,145	223,145		
TIAA stable value	6,027,119	,- ·		6,027,119
TIAA traditional annuity option	933,545			933,545
TIAA brokerage option funds	1,130,250	1,130,250		,
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	62,945,732	55,985,068		6,960,664
Instantant and additional and all all all all all all all all all al				
Investments not subject to fair value level classification:	100			
Restricted deposit.	129			
Money market mutual funds	1,017,466			
Total Fiduciary Fund Investments	\$63,963,327			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Pension Trust Investments

The Pension Trust Funds are governed by Articles I and II, Chapter 18 ½ of the Kirkwood Code of Ordinance and state law. The Pension Trust funds consist of the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Employees' Pension Plan.

The Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan is authorized to invest in the following types of investments:

- a. Stock funds, which are primarily invested in common stocks of publicly traded companies, as well as securities that can be converted into common stocks.
- b. Bond funds that typically include U.S. Treasury obligations, obligations of government sponsored entities, Federal Agency obligations, corporate notes, debentures, preferred stocks, mortgage backed securities, asset backed securities, commercial paper and commercial bank Certificates of Deposit.
- c. Balanced funds that typically invest in a combination of stocks and bonds.
- d. Stable Asset funds that typically include contracts (GICs) issued by banks and top-rated insurance companies as well as synthetic GICs backed by top rated banks and insurance companies.
- e. Money market funds that typically invest in short term cash alternatives.

The Employees' Pension Plan is authorized to invest in Equity Securities and Fixed Income securities.

Custodial Credit Risk - The plans do not have a specific policy addressing custodial credit risk. Neither the Pension Trust's bank balances nor its investments were subject to custodial credit risk this year.

Investment Interest Rate Risk — The plans require active managers to manage the effective duration of their portfolio type comparable to their peers and relative to specific indices outlined in the Plan's policies. As of March 31, 2018, the Pension Trust investments of \$60,101,022 were in money market and mutual funds which have no maturity date. In addition, the Pension Trust held the following bond funds, Vanguard Total Bond Market Index Fund (\$2,474,691) and Loomis Sayles Core Plus Bond Y (\$1,387,485) with an average maturity of 8.4 to 8.69 years, respectively.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Pension Trust Investments

Investment Credit Risk - The plans investment policies limit its investment choices, as documented above. As of March 31, 2018, the Pension Trust investments of \$60,101,022 were in money market and mutual funds which are not rated. In addition, the Pension Trust held the following bond funds, Vanguard Total Bond Market Index Fund (\$2,474,691) and Loomis Sayles Core Plus Bond Y (\$1,387,485) with average credit rating of AA and BBB, respectively.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - Participation accounts are self-directed by the participants. Investments used to fund future uplift benefits for the two retirement plans are limited as follows:

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Plan

	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Target</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
Equity Total:	55%	65%	75%
Mid Cap Equity	0%	10%	20%
Small Cap Equity	0%	10%	20%
International Equity	0%	15%	20%
Fixed Income:			
Including GICs	25%	35%	45%

Civilian Employees' Retirement Plan

Asset Class	Pension Fund Guideline	es Range
Equity Investments	70%	60-80%
Fixed Income Investme	ents 30%	20-40%

Concentration of credit risk is not required to be disclosed for investments in mutual funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

3. PROPERTY TAX

The City's property tax is levied annually on or before October 1 based on the assessed valuation of all real and personal property located in the City as of the previous January 1. Assessed valuations are established by the St. Louis County Assessor. Kirkwood citizen's approved a 34 cent property tax to be used for General Government Services. Council certified 29.7 cents of this 34 cent authorization to generate approximately two million dollars in property tax revenues to be used for General Government services. The City's tax rate per \$100 of assessed valuation is levied as follows:

	Re	D 1	
	Residential	Commercial	Personal <u>Property</u>
General government services Maintenance and operation	\$.277	\$.280	\$.263
of parksPolice Officers' and Fire	.124	.125	.119
Fighters' Retirement Fund	.111	.132	.172
Debt service	080_	080_	080_
	<u>\$.592</u>	<u>\$.617</u>	<u>\$.634</u>

Additionally, the SBD levies an additional tax of \$0.398 per \$100 assessed valuation for businesses in the SBD.

Taxes are billed October 1, are due and collectible on December 31, and are delinquent and represent a lien on related property on January 1 of the following year. Taxes are billed, collected, and remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2018:

	Balance April 1, 2017	Additions And Transfers	Disposals And Transfers	Balance March 31, 2018
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and land rights	\$ 7,075,996	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,075,996
Construction in Progress	1,087,798_	1,218,866_	850,047	1,456,617
Total Carital Assats Not Dains				
Total Capital Assets, Not Being	0.162.704	1 210 066	050.047	9.522.612
Depreciated	8,163,794	1,218,866_	850,047	8,532,613
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	28,628,470	_	-	28,628,470
Building improvements	16,348,854	1,186,737	69,765	17,465,826
Machinery and equipment	7,178,325	611,465	212,876	7,576,914
Automotive equipment	6,508,831	235,973	145,113	6,599,691
Infrastructure	45,061,780	2,106,506	500,084	46,668,202
T . 10 14	102.726.260	4 1 40 601	027 020	106 020 102
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	103,726,260	4,140,681	927,838	106,939,103
Less – Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	15,327,815	887,064	-	16,214,879
Building improvement	4,333,035	606,116	61,003	4,878,148
Machinery and equipment	4,900,003	401,705	179,402	5,122,306
Automotive equipment	4,237,307	522,102	115,005	4,644,404
Infrastructure	20,543,035	947,257	300,989	21,189,303
T . 1	40.241.105	2.264.244	656.200	50 040 040
Total Accumulated Depreciation	49,341,195	3,364,244	656,399	52,049,040
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	54,385,065	776,437	271,439	54,890,063
G				
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, Net	\$ 62,548,859	\$1,995,303	\$1,121,486	\$63,422,676
Capital Assets, Incl	Φ 02,540,659	\$1,990,505	φ1,121,400	\$05,422,070

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Balance April 1, 2017	Additions And Transfers	Disposals And Transfers	Balance March 31, 2018
Business-Type Activities:				
Electric:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and land rights	\$ 185,466	\$ -	\$ 30,472	\$ 154,994
Construction in Progress	4,453,084	412,304	1,576,936_	3,288,452
Total Capital Assets, Not Being				
Depreciated	4,638,550	412,304	1,607,408	3,443,446
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	297,891	_	_	297,891
Distribution system.	7,935,278	4,270,215	_	12,205,493
Machinery and equipment	1,809,965	187,440	32,836	1,964,569
Automotive equipment	1,120,400	417,939	157,420	1,380,919
Traffic Lights/Street Lights	17,475		-	17,475
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	11,181,009	4,875,594	190,256	15,866,347
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	11,101,007			15,600,547
Less – Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	223,292	3,000	-	226,292
Distribution system	2,971,830	182,288	-	3,154,118
Machinery and equipment	1,619,064	44,042	32,675	1,630,431
Automotive equipment	556,110	82,050	141,678	496,482
Traffic Lights/Street Lights	6,990	699		7,689
Total Accumulated Depreciation	5,377,286	312,079	174,353	5,515,012
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	5,803,723	4,563,515	15,903	10,351,335
Electric:				
Capital Assets, Net	10,442,273	4,975,819	1,623,311	13,794,781
Water:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and land rights	31,274	_	_	31,274
Construction in Progress	7,800		7,800	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being				
Depreciation	39,074		7,800	31,274
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:		4 + <0 <		# 1 # 1 A =
Buildings	530,737	14,696	-	545,433
Distribution system	22,664,108	1,750,263	185,846	24,228,525
Improvements other than buildings	261,454	-	14,696	246,758
Machinery and equipment	626,974	81,275	10,931	697,318
Automotive equipment	728,983	84,975	51,056	762,902
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	24,812,256	1,931,209	262,529	26,480,936

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Balance April 1, 2017	Additions And Transfers	Disposals And Transfers	Balance March 31, 2018
Business-Type Activities (continued): Water (continued):				
Less – Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings Distribution system Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Automotive equipment	83,447 4,522,357 140,075 235,801 482,699	15,098 563,259 10,203 56,289 43,654	1,469 119,017 (1,469) 10,930 45,950	97,076 4,966,599 151,747 281,160 480,403
Total Accumulated Depreciation	5,464,379	688,503	175,897	5,976,985
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	19,347,877	1,228,010	71,936	20,503,951
Water: Capital Assets, Net	19,386,951	1,228,010	79,736	20,535,225
Sanitation: Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and land rights	134,057			134,057
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	134,057			134,057
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Automotive equipment	423,314 655,145 2,617,256	- - -		423,314 655,145 2,617,256
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	3,695,715			3,695,715
Less – Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings	113,966 357,757 1,137,691	13,376 33,166 208,719	- - - -	127,342 390,923 1,346,410
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,609,414	255,261		1,864,675
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2,086,301	(255,261)		1,831,040
Sanitation: Capital Assets, Net	2,220,358	(255,261)		1,965,097
Business-Type Activities, Capital Assets, Net	\$ 32,049,582	\$5,948,568	\$1,703,047	\$ 36,295,103

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Government Activities:		
General government	\$	370,435
Building maintenance		9,644
Building commissioner		5,075
Engineering		26,387
Police		208,380
Fire		461,265
Streets		1,203,222
Recreation		518,548
Parks		561,288
Total depreciation expense – governmental-type activities	\$_	3,364,244
Business-Type Activities		
Electric	\$	312,079
Water	Ψ	688,503
Sanitation		255,261
Summation		255,201
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$	1,255,843

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Civilian

Effective April 1, 1987, the City enacted Ordinance No. 7627 which established the Employees' Pension Plan (PLAN). The PLAN is a defined contribution multiple employer plan which covers all non-uniformed employees of the City of Kirkwood, the Kirkwood Public Library, and the Kirkwood Housing Authority. Benefit and contribution provisions are established and amended by the City Council. Employees are eligible for participation upon completing 500 hours of service in a consecutive six month period. At March 31, 2018, there were 192 active Plan members, 43 retired members, and 2 disabled members.

The PLAN receives contributions from the City, in accordance with City ordinances, in an amount equal to 6.5% of each participating employee's gross wages. Vesting of employer contributions occurs after five years of service.

Nonvested participant accounts are forfeited to the PLAN upon termination of employment. The forfeited amounts reduce the City's required contribution in the year of termination. In the current year, the amount of forfeitures used for contributions was \$264,188.

Retirement benefits are paid either as a lump-sum, series of substantially equal installments, or an annuity with optional surviving spouse benefits. The PLAN purchases annuities for retirees who choose the annuity form of retirement payment. These annuities are not reflected in the assets of the PLAN. The PLAN also provides for disability and life insurance.

Participants may choose to have funds invested on their behalf in any one of the following, or any combination thereof, types of investments of open-end mutual funds: Short-term reserves, bond funds, balanced funds (stocks and bonds), domestic stock funds and international stock funds.

A summary of contributions and percentage of covered plan payroll of the City is presented below for fiscal year 2018:

Contributions required	\$	695,706
Less: Forfeitures used		264,188
Contributions made	<u>\$</u>	431,518
Contribution required as a percent of		
covered payroll - City		6.5%

The PLAN issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing: City of Kirkwood, 139 South Kirkwood Road, Kirkwood, Missouri 63122.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

Civilian Plan for Retirees of Previous Plan

Effective April 1, 1987, the City terminated its Civilian Employees Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (former plan) and established the defined contribution plan as described above. Annuities were purchased for all retired participants to provide benefits equal to the amount received under the terminated former plan. For active participants, initial contributions were made to the new defined contribution plan equaling the amount determined to be actuarially equivalent to the accrued benefits of the former plan. The remaining assets of the former plan were segregated in a separate fund and may be used for the following:

- Disability insurance premiums
- Group life insurance premiums
- Discretionary uplift benefits to retirees
- Certain administrative expenses of the plan

Effective April 1, 1988, the City enacted Ordinance No. 7788 which provides supplemental pension benefits to those retirees and terminated vested participants who had received annuity payments under the terminated former plan. The effects of this Ordinance were to increase monthly benefits to retirees who were receiving benefits prior to January 1, 1987 to 2% times the number of years retired (or portion thereof) at April 1, 1988. Ordinance No. 8160 subsequently provided a 7% increase in benefits to a retiree effective January 1, 1992.

Annuities were purchased for all retired and terminated vested participants to provide uplift benefits.

Effective January 1, 1996, the City enacted Ordinance No. 8474 which provides an additional monthly benefit increase by an amount equal to 5% of the amount of the monthly benefits being paid to such retirees as of July 1, 1995 for those retirees receiving benefits on or about April 1, 1987. Ordinance 8474 also provides a lump-sum retroactive payment equivalent to such monthly increase for the period from July 1, 1995 to December 31, 1995.

Annuities were purchased for all retired participants to provide uplift benefits.

Effective July 1, 1997, the City enacted Ordinance No. 8661 which provides an additional monthly benefit increase, in an amount equal to 5.5% of the amount of the monthly benefits being paid to such retirees as of July 1, 1997, for those retirees receiving benefits on or about April 1, 1987.

Annuities were purchased for all retired participants to provide uplift benefits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

Civilian Plan for Retirees of Previous Plan (continued)

During 2013, the City engaged a consulting actuary to perform a calculation as to the future benefit obligations of the segregated fund based upon the assumptions that current disability and group life insurance premiums and certain administrative expenses would continue for 50 or 100 years. The calculated reserve is as follows:

50 Years 100 Years

Future benefit obligation \$2,376,043 \$2,711,538

Actuarial assumptions used in the calculation are as follows:

Interest rate on invested assets: 7.0% per annum Inflation rate: 2.5% per annum Mortality rates: 1983 GAM

LTD benefit changes: It was assumed that the

annual maximum benefit will be increased by 3.0%

per annum

Benefit payout period: 50 or 100 years Discount rate: 7.0% per annum

At March 31, 2018, the fair value of assets available to fund future uplift payments and other benefits was \$3,743,613 and are included in the accompanying fiduciary fund financial statements.

In August 2014, the City passed a resolution which authorizes the allocation of assets in excess of \$3.4 million from Trust II, the remaining assets of the former defined benefit pension plan, to current and certain former PLAN participants. During 2016, Trust II distribution in the amount of \$1,830,288 was made to eligible participants.

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan For Active Participants

Effective April 1, 1987, the City enacted Ordinance No. 7627 which established the Policemen's and Firemen's Pension Plan (PLAN). The PLAN is a defined contribution single employer plan which covers all City commissioned police officers and salaried fire fighters. Benefit and contribution provisions are established and amended by the City Council. Participation in the PLAN occurs upon completion of 500 hours of service in a consecutive six-month period. At March 31, 2018, there were 112 active Plan members, 36 retired members, and 2 disabled.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan For Active Participants (continued)

The PLAN is funded in accordance with City ordinances from taxes levied for such purpose and employee contributions. City contributions to participant accounts are established at an amount equal to the current social security rate for civilian employees, in addition to 6.5% of employee participant gross wages. Employee contributions are established at an amount equal to the current social security withholding percentages.

Vesting of employee contributions and initial account balances occurs immediately. Vesting of employer contributions occurs after five years of service. Retirement benefits are paid either as a lump-sum, a series of substantially equal installments, or as an annuity with optional surviving spouse benefits. The PLAN purchases annuities for retirees who choose the annuity form of retirement payment. These annuities are not included in the assets of the PLAN. The PLAN also provides for disability and life insurance.

Non-vested participant accounts are forfeited to the Plan upon termination of employment. The forfeited amounts reduce the City's required contributions in the year of termination. In the current year, the amount of forfeitures used for contributions was \$49,248.

Participants may choose to have funds invested on their behalf in any one of the following, or any combination thereof, types of investments of open end mutual funds: Equity bonds, bond funds, balanced funds, stable asset funds and money market funds.

A summary of contributions and percentage of covered Plan payroll of the City is presented below for fiscal year 2018:

Contributions made and required:

City contribution required	\$ 1	1,180,378
Less: Forfeitures used		49,248
City contributions made	\$ 1	,131,130
Employees' contribution made and required	\$	573,617
Contribution required as a percent of covered payroll	:	
City		12.7%
Employees		6.2%

The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing: City of Kirkwood, 139 South Kirkwood Road, Kirkwood, Missouri 63122.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan For Retirees of Previous Plan

Effective April 1, 1987, the City terminated its Policemen and Firemen Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (former plan) and established the defined contribution plan as described above. Annuities were purchased for all retired participants to provide benefits equal to the amount received under the terminated former plan. For active participants, initial contributions were made to the new defined contribution plan equaling an amount determined to be actuarially equivalent to the accrued benefits of the former plan. The remaining assets of the former plan were segregated in a separate fund and may be used for the following:

- Disability insurance premiums
- Group life insurance premiums
- Discretionary uplift benefits to retirees
- Certain administrative expenses of the plan

Effective April 1, 1988, the City enacted Ordinance No. 7788 which provides supplemental pension benefits to those retirees and terminated vested participants who had received annuity payments under the terminated former plan. Ordinance No. 8096 provided a 6% increase in benefits to a retiree effective October 1, 1991. The effects of these Ordinances were as follows:

- 1. Increased monthly benefits to retirees who were receiving benefits prior to December 31, 1977 to one-half the salary of a Kirkwood police officer at March 31, 1987.
- 2. Increased monthly benefits to retirees and terminated vested participants who retired under the former plan enacted in 1978 to reflect an additional rank accrual monthly benefit of \$38.50.

Effective June 30, 1995, the City enacted Ordinance No. 8431 which provides an additional monthly benefit increase in an amount equal to 6% of the amount of the monthly benefit being paid to such retirees as of June 30, 1995 for those retirees receiving benefits on or before April 1, 1987.

Effective July 1, 1997, the City enacted Ordinance No. 8661 which provides an additional monthly benefit increase, in an amount equal to 5.5% of the amount of the monthly benefits being paid to such retirees as of July 1, 1997, for those retirees receiving benefits on or before April 1, 1987.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

5. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan For Retirees of Previous Plan (continued)

Annuities were purchased for all retired and terminated vested participants to provide uplift benefits.

During 2013, the City engaged a consulting actuary to perform a calculation as to the future benefit obligations of the assumption that current disability and group life insurance premiums and certain administrative expenses would continue for 50 or 100 years. The calculated reserve was as follows:

50 Years 100 Years

Future benefit obligation \$2,633,548 \$3,000,988

Actuarial assumptions used in the calculation are as follows:

Interest rate on invested assets: 7.0% per annum Inflation rate: 2.5% per annum Mortality rates: 1983 GAM

LTD benefit changes: It was assumed that the

annual maximum benefit will be increased by 3.0%

per annum

Benefit payout period: 50 or 100 years Discount rate: 7.0% per annum

At March 31, 2018, the fair value of plan assets available to fund future uplift payments and other benefits was \$3,713,773 and are included in the accompanying fiduciary fund financial statements.

In August 2014, the City passed a resolution which authorizes the allocation of assets in excess of \$3.5 million from Trust II, the remaining assets of the former defined benefit pension plan, to current and certain former PLAN participants. During 2016, Trust II distribution in the amount of \$2,065,750 was made to eligible participants.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2018:

	Original Issuance Amounts	Balance April 1, 2017	Additions	Retirements	Balance March 31, 2018	Current Portion
Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds: Series 2009 Refunding	\$ 4,185,000	\$ 1,515,000	\$ -	\$ (485,000)	\$ 1,030,000	\$ 505,000
Certificate of Participation: Series 2012 Refunding Series 2017	5,000,000 23,515,000	1,160,000	23,515,000	(795,000)	365,000 23,515,000	365,000
Tax Increment Revenue Notes: Series 1998	4,000,000	1,057,000	-	(1,057,000)	-	-
Capital Leases	1,083,722	-	1,083,722	(277,795)	805,927	359,874
Accrued compensated absences	<u>-</u> \$37,783,722	482,307	1,274,398 25,873,120	(1,224,715)	531,990	433,572 \$1,663,446
Add: Unamortized premium, net		18,233	743,771	(15,537)	746,467	
Total Governmental Activities		\$4,232,540	\$26,616,891	\$(3,855,047)	\$ 26,994,384	

Tax increment revenue notes series 1998 retirements of \$1,057,000 includes \$602,000 for forgiveness of debt.

For compensated absences, the general fund historically liquidates 93.0 percent, and the Park and Special Business District funds historically liquidate 4.5 percent and 2.0 percent respectively. The remaining 0.5 percent is liquidated in the Sewer Lateral, and internal service funds.

Business-Type Activities Certificate of Participation Series 2009 Series 2012 Refunding Series 2014	\$ 6,450,000 3,520,000 3,605,000	\$ 4,740,000 2,680,000 3,210,000	\$ - - -	\$ (270,000) (170,000) (205,000)	\$ 4,470,000 2,510,000 3,005,000	\$ 275,000 170,000 210,000
Capital Leases	1,736,975	532,879	-	(264,975)	267,904	267,904
Accrued compensated absences		84,348	272,044	(272,993)	83,399	67,970
	\$15,311,975	11,247,227	272,044	(1,182,968)	10,336,303	\$ 990,874
Add: Unamortized premium, net		71,911		(5,784)	66,127	
Total Business-Type Activities		\$11,319,138	\$ 272,044	\$ (1,188,752)	\$10,402,430	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are obligations of the City, and the full faith credit, and resources of the City have been pledged to the payment of principal of and interest on the bonds and payable are comprised of the following issues:

On December 1, 2009, the City issued \$4,185,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 with interest rates ranging between 1.00% and 3.35%. The City issued the bonds to advance refund \$4,140,000 of the outstanding principal on the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2001, maturing on March 1, 2014 and thereafter.

Public Facilities Authority (PFA) Leasehold Revenue Bonds Payable

On May 22, 1992, the PFA was formed as a Missouri not-for-profit corporation. The purpose of the PFA is to facilitate the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements and facilities solely for the benefit of the City of Kirkwood, Missouri. Funding of such capital improvements and facilities has been provided through the issuance of leasehold revenue bonds. The leasehold revenue bonds do not constitute a legal debt or liability for the City, the State of Missouri, or for any political subdivision thereof and do not constitute an indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction. The issuance of the leasehold revenue bonds does not obligate the City to levy any form of taxation therefore or to make any appropriation for their payment in any fiscal year. The PFA has no taxing power. The activities and accounts of the PFA have been blended into the City's Park & Storm Water Improvement fund.

In June 2012, the City issued \$5,000,000 in Certificates of Participation Refunding Series 2012 ("COPS") for the purpose of providing funds to redeem in full the City's outstanding principal amount of \$5,310,000 on its 2004 PFA Leasehold Revenue Bonds. The COPS mature on September 1, 2018 and bear interest at varying rates from 1.4% to 2%.

Certificates of Participation, Governmental Activities

In December 2017, the City issued \$23,515,000 in Certificates of Participation Series 2017 ("COPS") for the purpose of providing funds to acquire, construct, furnish and equip a new performing arts center and improvements to facilities in Kirkwood Park including the renovation of the City's community center. The COPS mature on December 1, 2047 and bear interest at varying rates from 2% to 4%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Principal and Interest Requirements on Long-Term Debt

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity on long-term debt outstanding (other than tax increment financing bonds) as of March 31, 2018 are as follows:

Governmental Activities

	General Obligation Bonds Payable/					
	Ce	rtificates of Particip	oation			
	_Principal	Interest	Total			
Year ending March 31,						
2019	\$ 870,000	\$ 811,988	\$ 1,681,988			
2020	1,005,000	855,894	1,860,894			
2021	490,000	828,706	1,318,706			
2022	505,000	814,006	1,319,006			
2023	520,000	798,856	1,318,856			
2024 - 2028	2,900,000	3,693,482	6,593,482			
2029 - 2033	3,530,000	3,064,881	6,594,881			
2034 - 2038	4,175,000	2,424,206	6,599,206			
2039 - 2043	4,945,000	1,650,925	6,595,925			
2044 - 2048	5,970,000	625,238	6,595,238			
Total	\$ 24,910,000	\$ 15,568,182	\$ 40,478,182			

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Notes Payable

All tax increment financing notes payable are payable from payments in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes collected by the TIF District special revenue funds and are comprised of the following individual issue:

On September 1, 1998, the City issued \$4,000,000 in Public Improvement Revenue Notes. These notes represent special, limited obligations of the City, payable solely from the incremental sales taxes generated by the Kirkwood Commons redevelopment project. The notes bear interest at 8.5% with final maturity on November 30, 2017. The annual debt service repayments of the notes are contingent upon the amounts of payments in lieu of taxes collected by the special revenue fund. If funds are not available to pay all of the interest that is due, the amount unpaid is added to the principal balance. As of November 30, 2017, the forgiveness of debt was \$602,000.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Certificates of Participation, Business-type Activities

In June 2012, the City issued \$3,520,000 in Certificates of Participation Refunding Series 2012 ("COPS") for the purpose of providing funds to redeem in full the City's outstanding principal amount of \$3,410,000 on its Series 2005 COPS. The COPS mature on September 1, 2030 and bear interest at varying rates from 1.25% to 3.25%.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 authorizes the City to issue taxable obligations known as "Build America Bonds" to finance capital expenditures for which it could otherwise issue tax-exempt obligations and to elect to receive a subsidy payment on each payment date, from the United States Treasury equal to 35% of the amount of each interest payment on the Build America Bonds. The City made an irrevocable election to issue the Certificates as Build America Bonds. The US Treasury Interest Subsidy will be paid directly to the City. The City intends to apply, but has not pledged, the US Treasury Interest Subsidy to payment of the Certificates. Additionally, no holder of any Build America Bonds issued by the City will be entitled to any federal income tax credits associated with the Build America Bonds.

On September 1, 2009, Taxable Certificates of Participation ("COPS"), Series 2009, in the amount of \$6,450,000 were issued evidencing proportionate ownership interests in the right to receive basic rent to be paid by the City pursuant to an annually renewable Taxable Lease/Purchase Agreement.

The purpose of the Series 2009 Certificates is to finance the cost of constructing a water tower and all appurtenances thereto, the construction of water mains and the costs of delivery of the Series 2009 Certificates. The Series 2009 Certificates are taxable, bear interest rates ranging from 1.5% to 6.05% and mature September 1, 2030.

In conjunction with the issuance of these Certificates, the City entered into a base lease agreement to lease to UMB Bank, N.A. (the "Trustee") the real estate on which the water tower will be located. The Trustee has subleased the real estate and all improvements thereon back to the City pursuant to the Lease/Purchase Agreement. The base lease provides for, among other things, rental income equal to the COPS proceeds and a term that ends September 1, 2050 or after the City has paid either the option price or all the basic and supplemental rent payments. Terms of the Lease/Purchase Agreement include, among other things, rental payments equal to the principal and interest amounts of the COPS issuance including supplemental rental payments to cover trustee fees, taxes, repair and maintenance costs, insurance, and amounts needed to meet applicable reserve requirements. The Lease/Purchase Agreement also provides for an initial rental term ending March 31, 2010 with annual renewal options not to extend beyond September 1, 2030.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Certificates of Participation, Business-type Activities (continued)

On September 2014, the City issued \$3,605,000 in Certificates of Participation Series 2014 ("COPS") to finance an automated water meter reading system. The Series 2014 COPS mature on September 1, 2029 and bear interest rates varying from 2% to 3%.

In conjunction with the issuance of these Certificates, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement to lease from U.S. Bank N. A. (the "Trustee") the automated water meter reading system. The Trustee hereby demises, leases and lets to the City, and the City rents, leases and hires from the trustee, the equipment in accordance with the lease. The lease purchase agreement provides for, among other things, rental income equal to the 2014 COPS proceeds and a term that end September 1, 2029. The terms of the Lease/Purchase agreement include, among other things, rental payments equal to the principal and interest amounts of the COPS issuance. The Lease/Purchase Agreement also provides for an initial rental term ending March 31, 2018 with annual renewal options not to extend beyond September 1, 2029.

The Certificates of Participation mature through 2031 as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending March 31,	<u>Principal</u>	_ Interest_	Total
2019	\$ 655,000	\$ 397,811	\$ 1,052,811
2020	680,000	375,423	1,055,423
2021	695,000	351,281	1,046,281
2022	715,000	325,615	1,040,615
2023	740,000	298,328	1,038,328
2024 - 2028	4,050,000	1,012,645	5,062,645
2029 - 2031	2,450,000	162,212	2,612,212
Total	<u>\$ 9,985,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,923,315</u>	<u>\$12,908,315</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

Capital Leases

In July 2013 the City of Kirkwood, Missouri entered into a capital lease for sanitation trucks. The City will be lease financing five Labrie Sanitation trucks. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

In May 2017 the City of Kirkwood, Missouri entered into a capital lease for fire rescue pumper and an ambulance. The City will be lease financing one fire rescue pumper and one ambulance. The lease agreements qualify as capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. As of March 31, 2018, the City has not received the fire rescue pumper or ambulance.

In May 2017 the City of Kirkwood, Missouri entered into a capital lease for power loaders and stretchers to be installed in ambulances. The City will be lease financing three Stryker power load systems with stretchers. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, there, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. There is no interest charged on this lease.

The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

	March 31, 2018			
	Governmental Activities			Business Activities
Equipment	\$	136,376	\$	1,310,555
Less – Accumulated depreciation Net Book Value	•	3,521 132,855	•	567,907 742,648
THE DOOK VAIUE	Ψ	152,655	Ψ	772,040

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of March 31, 2018 are as follows:

For the Years Ended March 31	Governmental Activities Amount		Ac	isiness tivities mount
2019	\$	370,031	\$	270,863
2020		370,031		-
2021		81,143		-
Subtotal		821,205		270,863
Less – Amount representing interest		15,278		2,959
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	805,927	\$	267,904

Legal Debt Margin

Under the statutes of the State of Missouri, the limit of bonded indebtedness is 10% of the most recent assessed valuation. The computation is as follows:

Assessed valuation - 2017 tax year		<u>\$819,409,046</u>
Debt limit - 10% of assessed valuation		\$ 81,940,905
Total general obligation bonded debt Less: Amount available in debt service fund	1,030,000 (484,512)	
Bonded indebtedness applicable to debt limit	<u>(+0+,512)</u>	545,488
Legal Debt Margin		\$ 81.395.417

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

7. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

(A) The following trustee held account has been established in accordance with the Indenture related to the Certificates of Participation Series 2009 ("COPS"):

Revenue Fund

The Revenue Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to the trustee for payments in accordance with the trust Indenture. As of March 31, 2018, cash and investments in the COPS Series 2009 revenue fund total \$48.

Reserve Fund

The Indenture required that a Reserve Fund be established in the original amount of \$438,697. The amounts to be held in the reserve is determined thereafter on a yearly basis in accordance with the formula in the Indenture. At March 31, 2018, cash and investments in the COPS reserve fund was \$440,819.

Project Fund

The Project Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to pay project costs. Proceeds received from the sale of the bonds, after deposit into the Revenue Fund of the accrued interest, if any, and deposit into the Debt Service Reserve Fund of the amount requirement pursuant to the bond indenture, shall be deposited into the Project Fund. As of March 31, 2018, there were no cash and investments in the COPS Series 2009 project fund.

(B) The following trustee held account has been established in accordance with the Indenture related to the Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2012 ("COPS"):

Revenue Fund

The Revenue Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to the trustee for payments in accordance with the trust Indenture. As of March 31, 2018, cash and investments in the Refunding COPS Series 2012 revenue fund was \$8.

Reserve Fund

The Indenture required that a Reserve Fund be established in the original amount of \$663,636. The amounts to be held in the reserve is determined thereafter on a yearly basis in accordance with the formula in the Indenture. At March 31, 2018, cash and investments in the Refunding COPS Series 2012 reserve fund was \$667,544.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

7. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

(C) The following trustee held account has been established in accordance with the Indenture related to the Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2014 ("COPS"):

Revenue Fund

The Revenue Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to the trustee for payments in accordance with the trust Indenture. As of March 31, 2018, cash or investments in the Refunding COPS Series 2014 revenue fund was \$3.

Project Fund

The Project Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to pay project costs. Proceeds received from the sale of the bonds, after deposit into the Revenue Fund of the accrued interest, if any, shall be deposited into the Project Fund. As of March 31, 2018, were no cash and investments in the COPS Series 2014 project fund.

(D) The following trustee held account has been established in accordance with the Indenture related to the Certificates of Participation Series 2017 ("COPS"):

Project Fund

The Project Fund will be used for the purpose of providing monies to pay project costs. Proceeds received from the sale of the bonds, after deposit into the Revenue Fund of the accrued interest, if any, shall be deposited into the Project Fund. As of March 31, 2018, cash and investments in the COPS Series 2017 project fund was \$24,032,081.

- (E) Certain assets are classified on the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds as restricted because of their use is limited. Contractor deposits can only be expended if a deposit is forfeited for noncompliance per the terms of the issued permit. Capital donation received by the Park Fund and Capital Improvement Fund must be used only for approved capital improvements.
- (F) The Electric and Water Fund, based on city ordinance, is required to collect a deposit from all commercial applicants and renters. The deposits can only be used in the event the consumer defaults on their accounts to pay outstanding balances. At March 31, 2018, utility deposits restricted total \$190,274 for the Electric Fund and total \$23,608 for the Water Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

8. RECONCILIATION OF INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The following represents a reconciliation of transfers between individual funds for the year ended March 31, 2018.

	Transfers From	Transfers To	Net Transfers
Major Funds:	<u>.</u>		
General Fund	\$ (3,067,842)	\$ 1,176,000	\$ (1,891,842)
Special Revenue:			
Public Park Board	-	570,842	570,842
Capital Improvement:			
Capital Improvement	-	1,549,560	1,549,560
Park & Storm Water Improvement	(691,000)	3,000,000	2,309,000
Non-Major Funds	(18,000)	-	(18,000)
Major Enterprise Funds			
Electric	(1,764,780)	-	(1,764,780)
Water	(754,780)	-	(754,780)
Total	\$ (6,296,402)	\$6,296,402	\$ -

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them primarily for operating or capital purposes.

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of March 31, 2018, are as follows:

	Interfund Receivable		Interfund Payable		
Major Funds					
General Fund	\$	-		\$	2,890,000
Capital Projects					
Park & Storm Water Improvement		-			510,000
Major Enterprise Funds					
Electric		3,145,000			-
Water		255,000			-
Total	\$	3,400,000		\$	3,400,000

The amounts due to or from individual funds represents interfund borrowings and arise in the normal course of business. Interfund borrowings are necessary due to the nature and timing of governmental receipts.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City, including its component units, use the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund to account for and finance risks for workers' compensation, general liability and property damage. For workers' compensation the City retains the risk for the first \$750,000 of an individual claim. Excess insurance coverage is purchased to cover individual claims in excess of \$750,000.

The City, including its component units, uses the Medical Self Insurance Internal Service Fund to account for and finance medical health coverage for eligible employees. For medical health insurance, the City retains the risk for the first \$100,000 of an individual claim. Excess insurance coverage is purchased to cover individual claims in excess of \$100,000.

The Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund is funded by charges to the City's other funds and is based primarily upon the contributing funds' claims experience. The Medical Self Insurance Internal Service Fund is funded by premiums established by City Council based upon recommendations from the City's benefit consultants. The City obtains periodic funding valuations from the claims-servicing companies managing the self-insurance programs and adjusts the charges to the various funds as required to maintain the appropriate level of estimated claims liability.

Changes in the internal service fund claims liability for the past two years are as follows:

	Workers' Compensation		edical Self nsurance
Liability – March 31, 2017 Claims incurred Claims payments Changes to prior year estimates	\$	175,648 571,831 (302,991) (54,511)	\$ 152,486 2,343,075 (2,436,773) 143,062
Liability – March 31, 2018 Claims incurred Claims payments Changes to prior year estimates		389,977 976,477 (399,703) (313,853)	201,850 2,752,521 (2,885,983) 285,561
Liability – March 31, 2018	\$	652,898	\$ 353,949

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

9. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The City purchases commercial insurance policies for the following exposures including workers' compensation and medical health coverage:

Coverage Type	Coverage Limit		Claim Settlements In Excess of Insurance Coverage For Past Three Years
Wadaan' Camaaatia	Ctatata ma	£ 750,000	¢
Workers' Compensation	Statutory	\$ 750,000	\$
General Liability	7,000,000	100,000	
Auto Liability	7,000,000	100,000	
Auto Physical Damage	1,475,000	25,000	
Public Officials Liability	7,000,000	50,000	
Law Enforcement Liability	7,000,000	50,000	
Employee Benefits	7,000,000	50,000	
Pollution Liability	2,000,000	50,000	
City Administrator Bond	500,000		
Court Clerk Bond	50,000		
Property	62,869,638	25,000	
Fiduciary Liability	5,000,000	10,000	
Crime – Employee Theft	500,000	25,000	
Cyber Liability	1,000,000	5,000	
Flood	48,400	5,000	
Flood	150,000	1,250	
Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield	100,000	,	446,577

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

10. MUNICIPAL COURT TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS FINES AND COSTS

Missouri State statutes require municipalities to report an accounting of the percent of "annual general operating revenue" from fines and costs for traffic violations. All fines and costs from traffic violations in excess of 20% of the City's "annual general operating revenue" is required to be remitted to the director of the department of revenue for annual distribution to the schools of the county. "Annual general operating revenue of the City" is defined by the Missouri State Auditor as revenue that is not required by the enacting ordinance law or Constitution to be used only for a designated purpose and can be used to pay any bill or obligation of the City. This includes, but is not limited to, general sales tax, general property tax, and fees from certain licenses and permits, interest, fines, and penalties. "General Operating Revenues" does not include, among other items, designated sales or use taxes, user fees, grant funds or other revenue designated by law, ordinance, or Constitution, for a specific purpose.

Total court fines and costs (traffic cases)	\$ 192,114
Total general operating revenue of the city	15,719,395
Court fines and costs as a percentage of total general operating	
revenue of the city	1.22%

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the current status of all legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

Federal Grants

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. It is the opinion of management that such reimbursements, if any, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Major Supplier

The City has an agreement with a local utility company to be the City's sole provider of its water for resale. The agreement has fixed rates for each calendar year, with the contract expiring January 13, 2036. There are no minimum or maximum purchase commitments under the agreement.

The City obtains its capacity and energy requirements from various suppliers, including the Midwest Independent System Operator (MISO) and the Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission (MJMEUC).

During the fiscal year, the City's average cost of power was \$75.00 per megawatt hour. The City obtained 84% of its energy from the Prairie State Energy Campus, 8% of its power from MISO and 8% from American Electric Power.

Joint Venture

The City has entered into a multi-governmental arrangement creating an organization that is owned, operated, and governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the City retains an ongoing financial responsibility.

The Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission (MJMEUC) was formed under the laws of the state of Missouri for the purpose of procuring electric energy and capacity for the benefit of, and pursuant to the governance and direction of, MJMEUC's members. The governing body of each of the contracting municipalities appoints one MJMEUC Director and one alternate, who may be employees of the contracting municipality.

MJMEUC has acquired an undivided ownership interest in the Prairie State Energy Campus, a two-unit, coal-fueled, mine-mouth generating station with an anticipated net capacity of approximately 1600 megawatts, and associated coal reserves and coal-mining facilities ("PSEC"), which is under development in a partnership with Peabody Energy in Washington County, Illinois. The City's purchase percentage equates to 12.5 MW of unit power from each of the two PSEC units.

The first PSEC unit entered into commercial operation in June 2013 and the second unit began commercial operation in November 2013. Each unit is expected to have a useful service life of at least 40 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Joint Venture (continued)

The City does not have any equity interests. The City will be responsible for its proportionate share of (a) the fixed and variable costs MJMEUC incurs in connections with its PSEC ownership, and (b) MJMEUC's administrative and other reasonable costs associated with its role as power supplier to the City.

The City paid approximately \$893,250 prior to commercial operation of the PSEC units. The City now pays approximately \$54.56/MWH for capacity and energy from the units prior to sales back into the grid and experiences a net price of \$33.42/MWH after excess sales back into the grid are included in the calculation.

Separate financial statements prepared for the MJMEUC can be furnished upon request.

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of March 31, 2018. The projects include city hall enhancements, park improvements, and automated water meter reading system. At year end the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Total Spent	
	As of	Remaining
Project/Contractor	March 31, 2018	Commitment
Unnerstall Contracting Company	\$ 830,472	\$ 79,038
Excel Utility Contractors LLC	569,567	39,263
Traffic Signals/Crawford, Murphy & Tilly	837,622	856,443
Sidewalk	40,286	525
Owner's Representative Performing Arts Center	65,559	113,476
Performing Arts Center Surveying/Design	641,042	1,379,074
Community Center Survey/Design	259,421	748,144
Greentree Park Improvements	47,117	69,831
Automated Meter Reading/Xtralight Mfg	598,399	403,508
Automated Meter Reading/Elster Solutions	938,812	52,170
Distribution System Upgrade/J.F. Electric, Inc	185,647	485,483
Distribution System Upgrade/Black & McDonald		895,997
SCADA System/Survalent Technology	99,720	102,036
Fillmore Park/Planning Design Studio	24,303	3,772

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Construction Commitments (continued)

	Total Spent			
		As of	R	emaining
Project/Contractor	March 31, 2018		Cc	mmitment_
				_
Fillmore Park/Ideal Landscape Group, Inc	\$	202,282	\$	330,816
Community Center-PAC/BSI Constructor				88,000
Community Center-PAC/Jacobs Engineering Grp				1,908,341
Signal Optimization/Payken Consulting		44,460		40,680
Total	\$	5,384,709	\$	7,596,597

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In April 2018 the City of Kirkwood received and accepted possession of the 2018 Freightliner M2 Osage Ambulance associated with the U.S. Bancorp capital lease agreement. See Note 6, Capital Leases.

In June 2018 the City of Kirkwood received and accepted possession of the $\,2018$ Pierce Dash Pumper associated with the U.S. Bancorp capital lease agreement . See Note 6, Capital Leases.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2018

13. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The accounting principles governing the reported amounts, presentation and related disclosures are subject to change from time to time based on new pronouncements and/or rules issued by various governing bodies. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 86, "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues." The objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt. This Statement also improves account and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." The objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

The effects on the City's financial statements as a result of the adoption of these new pronouncements are unknown.

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Information

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Budgetec	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes, including interest and penalties:				
Gasoline/motor vehicle sales	\$ 1,067,000	\$ 1,067,000	\$ 1,112,717	\$ 45,717
Utility gross receipts	4,424,000	4,424,000	4,545,222	121,222
Property	2,214,000	2,214,000	2,188,518	(25,482)
Sales	6,120,000	6,120,000	6,130,838	10,838
Cigarette	72,000	72,000	68,103	(3,897)
Highway road and bridge	725,000	725,000	766,140	41,140
County public safety	-	-	482,217	482,217
Franchise	475,000	475,000	438,537	(36,463)
Total Taxes	15,097,000	15,097,000	15,732,292	635,292
Intergovernmental	585,024	586,959	663,703	76,744
Licenses, Permits, Fines and Fees:				
Motor vehicle licenses and fees	134,000	134,000	137,317	3,317
Business licenses	765,000	765,000	757,362	(7,638)
Alcoholic beverage licenses	26,500	26,500	30,745	4,245
Building and plumbing permits	770,500	770,500	791,358	20,858
Excavation and sign permits	37,428	37,428	40,682	3,254
Fines and court costs	330,000	330,000	227,704	(102,296)
Miscellaneous fees	119,000	119,000	184,775	65,775
Total Licenses, Permits, Fines and Fees	2,182,428	2,182,428	2,169,943	(12,485)
Investment income	140,000	140,000	54,365	(85,635)
Charges For Services:				
Skating rink	729,450	729,450	731,001	1,551
Aquatic facility	407,500	407,500	411,946	4,446
Ambulance fees	800,000	800,000	895,002	95,002
Program fees	756,000	756,000	760,114	4,114
Total Charges For Services	2,692,950	2,692,950	2,798,063	105,113
Other	700,334	700,334	771,918	71,584
Total Revenues	\$ 21,397,736	\$ 21,399,671	\$22,190,284	\$ 790,613

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

				Variance with Final Budget	
-	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Positive	
EXPENDITURES:	Original	Fillal	Amounts	(Negative)	
Current:					
General Government and Finance:					
Personnel services	2,243,386	2,270,498	2,150,241	120,257	
Contractual services	1,206,568	1,455,468	1,322,502	132,966	
Commodities	304,060	131,272	93,258	38,014	
Capital outlay	34,200	61,588	93,236 58,794	2,794	
*	287,414	293,138	The state of the s	1,977	
Interdepartmental charges, net Debt service:	207,414	293,136	291,161	1,977	
		110,000		110 000	
Principal	90,000	90,000	90,000	110,000	
Interest, and fiscal charges				406,009	
Total General Government and Finance	4,165,628	4,411,964	4,005,956	406,008	
Engineering:					
Personnel services	570,533	576,066	548,370	27,696	
Contractual services	552,132	545,691	420,903	124,788	
Commodities	9,360	9,530	6,128	3,402	
Capital outlay	2,500	2,500	172	2,328	
Interdepartmental charges, net	7,819	7,834	6,023	1,811	
Total Engineering	1,142,344	1,141,621	981,596	160,025	
Building Maintenance:					
Personnel services	251,349	251,349	245,115	6,234	
Contractual services	191,885	190,216	187,627	2,589	
Commodities	46,050	54,229	52,834	1,395	
Capital outlay	2,500	2,500	2,317	183	
Interdepartmental charges, net	7,483	7,483	6,078	1,405	
Total Building Maintenance	499,267	505,777	493,971	11,806	
Total Building Maintenance	499,207	303,777	493,971		
Building Commissioner:					
Personnel services	670,396	667,407	587,383	80,024	
Contractual services	92,888	96,329	62,504	33,825	
Commodities	11,935	11,935	8,021	3,914	
Interdepartmental charges, net	8,879	8,896	8,896	-	
Total Building Commissioner	784,098	784,567	666,804	117,763	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

				Variance with Final Budget
-	Budgeted		Actual	Positive
EVDENDITUDES (CONTRILIED)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)				
Current (continued):				
Police:	6 001 071	6.024.062	(505 502	249.470
Personnel services	6,821,871	6,934,063	6,585,593	348,470
Contractual services	662,541	673,109	627,412	45,697
Commodities	116,150	117,761	110,853	6,908
Capital outlay	5,000	9,550	9,430	120
Interdepartmental charges, net	386,273	380,681	371,550	9,131
Total Police	7,991,835	8,115,164	7,704,838	410,326
Fire:				
Personnel services	5,205,337	5,206,342	5,033,099	173,243
Contractual services	428,909	425,291	396,515	28,776
Commodities	133,055	133,315	122,141	11,174
Capital outlay	15,750	15,750	10,262	5,488
Interdepartmental charges, net	221,884	224,237	203,134	21,103
Total Fire	6,004,935	6,004,935	5,765,151	239,784
- Total 1 IIC	0,004,933	0,004,933	3,703,131	237,704
Streets:				
Personnel services	902,068	925,834	875,682	50,152
Contractual services	283,091	287,661	259,466	28,195
Commodities	261,597	233,217	137,627	95,590
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000	9,196	804
Interdepartmental charges, net	264,764	264,808	234,627	30,181
Total Streets	1,721,520	1,721,520	1,516,598	204,922
Recreation:				
Personnel services	1,125,015	1,109,737	1,080,695	29,042
Contractual services	692,834	721,620	699,823	21,797
Commodities	146,707	137,642	123,374	14,268
Interdepartmental charges, net	258,554	255,105	252,536	2,569
Total Recreation	2,223,110	2,224,104	2,156,428	67,676
	2,223,110	2,224,104	2,130,428	07,070
Total Expenditures	24,532,737	24,909,652	23,291,342	1,618,310

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,135,001)	(3,509,981)	(1,101,058)	(2,408,923)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,176,000	(124,000)
Transfers out	(19,330)	(3,153,435)	(3,067,842)	85,593
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	` ' '	-	2,368	2,368
Insurance recoveries		-	851	851
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,280,670	(1,853,435)	(1,888,623)	(35,188)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,854,331)	\$ (5,363,416)	(2,989,681)	\$ (2,373,735)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS				
Revenue accrual adjustments			195,155	
Expenditure accrual adjustments			(82,113)	
Total Adjustments To Reconcile to			, , ,	
GAAP Basis			113,042	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS			(2,876,639)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			9,661,128	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 6,784,489	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PUBLIC PARK BOARD FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes, including interest and penalties	\$ 950,000	\$ 950,000	\$ 954,265	\$ 4,265
Intergovernmental		\$ <i>750</i> ,000	\$ 75 4 ,205	φ 4 ,203
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	69,050	69,050	80,821	11,771
Investment income	16,500	16,500	4,059	(12,441)
Other			783	783
Total Revenues	1,035,550	1,035,550	1,039,928	4,378
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Parks	1,476,652	1,483,984	1,405,345	78,639
Capital outlay	303,200	343,378	233,887	109,491
Total Expenditures	1,779,852	1,827,362	1,639,232	188,130
EXCESS REVENUES UNDER				
EXPENDITURES	(744,302)	(791,812)	(599,304)	(192,508)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Transfers in	571,300	571,300	570,842	(458)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	16,000	50,260	60,585	10,325
Insurance recoveries		25,000	23,611	(1,389)
Total Other Financing Sources	587,300	646,560	655,038	8,478
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (157,002)	\$ (145,252)	55,734	\$ (200,986)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS				
Revenue accrual adjustments			29,715	
Expenditure accrual adjustments			(3,857)	
Total Adjustments To Reconcile				
to GAAP Basis			25,858	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS			81,592	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			1,478,029	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 1,559,621	
TOTAL DITERMINED, END OF TEAK			ψ 1,337,021	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - P&F PROPERTY TAX PENSION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:				(110800110)	
Taxes, including interest					
and penalties	\$ 938,460	\$ 938,460	\$ 925,549	\$ (12,911)	
Investment income	10,236	10,236	4,571	(5,665)	
Total Revenues	948,696	948,696	930,120	(18,576)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Police	878,364	878,364	747,903	130,461	
Fire	810,798	810,798	697,489	113,309	
Total Expenditures	1,689,162	1,689,162	1,445,392	243,770	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (740,466)	\$ (740,466)	(515,272)	\$ (225,194)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS					
Revenue accrual adjustments			28,324		
Expenditure accrual adjustments Total Adjustments To Reconcile			(7,149)		
to GAAP Basis			21,175		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-GAAP BASIS			(494,097)		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			1,403,024		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 908,927		

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

1. BUDGETARY DATA

Missouri state law and City ordinances require annual budgets to be prepared and legally adopted for the general fund; Public Park Board, P&F Property Tax Pension, Downtown Special Business District, Equitable Sharing and Sewer Lateral special revenue funds; debt service fund and capital projects funds. Budgets are prepared by the Chief Administrative Officer on the modified accrual basis according to the City of Kirkwood, Missouri Charter Article VI, Section 6.3. The budgets are reviewed by a Citizens' Finance Committee, and are discussed in public hearings prior to their legal adoption by April 1 each year. The City Council may revise the approved budget provided that the total authorized expenditures do not exceed the estimated revenues plus unreserved fund balance at the beginning of the year. The budget is legally enacted by ordinance following public hearings on the proposed budget. The Public Park Board is the only City agency that adopts its own budget.

Following adoption of the budget, the Chief Administrative Officer may transfer appropriations between departments provided that total appropriations do not exceed the authorized amount established by ordinance. City policy requires all budget amendments or transfers of \$10,000 or more to be approved by ordinance. All appropriations lapse at year end.

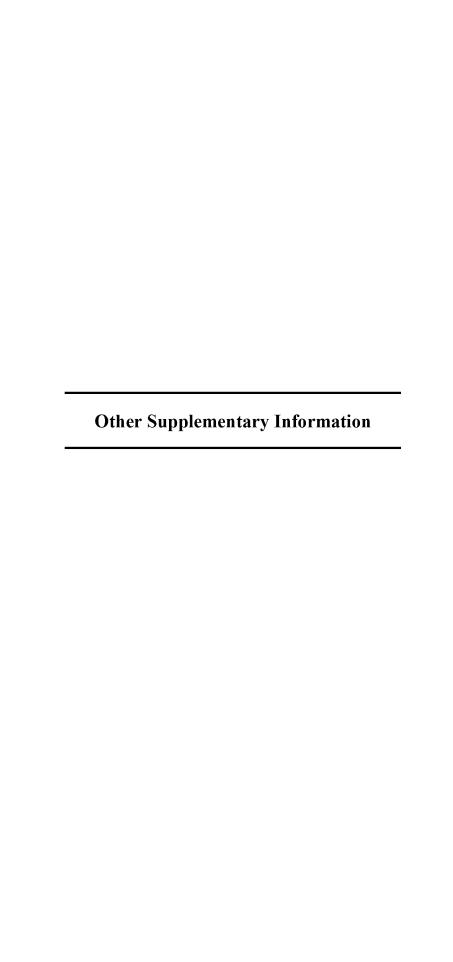
Due to the management controls adopted, which provide for the budget to be controlled at a detail level greater than the statutory level of control, the legal level of budgetary control for all governmental funds except the Public Park Board is established at the sub object level. Compliance with the legal level of budgetary control is demonstrated through the issuance of a separate report, which is available for inspection at the Finance Department. Budgetary comparisons presented herein are on the modified accrual basis in compliance with the City's Charter.

2. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

The following is a list of expenditures at the legal level control which exceeded budget appropriations:

	Final Budget	Actual	Over Budget	
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND: Machinery & Equipment (Fire)	\$ 191,166	\$ 324,831	\$ 133,665	

The over expenditure was financed by other financing sources, proceeds from capital leases.

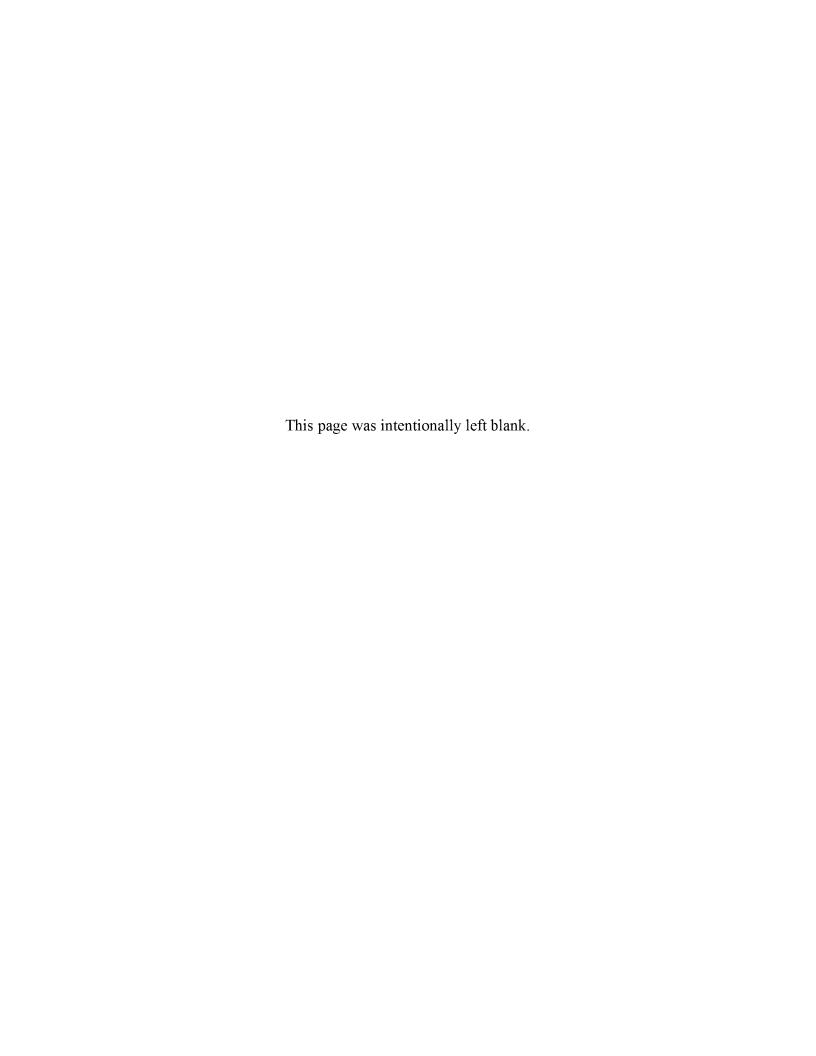


COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2018

ACCETC.	N	Combined Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and investments - unrestricted	ø	015 764	ø	424 224	1 220 000
Receivables, net of allowances:	Þ	915,764	\$	424,224	1,339,988
Taxes		78,290		86,782	165,072
Interest		1,479		683	2,162
Other		14,518		-	14,518
Other		14,516			 14,510
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,010,051	\$	511,689	\$ 1,521,740
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$	39,340	\$	595	\$ 39,935
Accrued wages and vacation		3,259		-	3,259
Deposits payable		10,757		-	10,757
Unearned revenue		58,075		-	 58,075
Total Liabilities		111,431		595	112,026
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Unavailable revenue-taxes		18,160		26,582	44,742
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		18,160		26,582	 44,742
FUND BALANCES:					
Restricted for:					
Debt service		_		484,512	484,512
Law enforcement.		132,504		<u>-</u>	132,504
Sewer lateral		537,998		_	537,998
Special business district		209,958		-	 209,958
Total Fund Balances		880,460		484,512	 1,364,972
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW					
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,010,051	\$	511,689	\$ 1,521,740

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Combined Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:				_		
Taxes, including interest						
and penalties	\$	284,311	\$	635,558	\$	919,869
Licenses, permits, fines and fees		529,013		-		529,013
Investment income		4,143		1,860		6,003
Other		31,184				31,184
Total Revenues		848,651		637,418		1,486,069
EXPENDITURES:						
General government and finance		717,381		_		717,381
Police		12,088		_		12,088
Capital outlay		218,605		-		218,605
Debt service:		Ź				Ź
Principal retirement		455,000		485,000		940,000
Interest and fiscal charges		89,286		49,327		138,613
Total Expenditures		1,492,360		534,327		2,026,687
EXCESS REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(643,709)		103,091		(540,618)
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers out		(18,000)		-		(18,000)
Total Other Financing Uses		(18,000)				(18,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(661,709)		103,091		(558,618)
PUNITS PARANCES						
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,542,169		381,421		1,923,590
DEGITITING OF TEAK		1,372,109		301,721		1,943,390
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	880,460	\$	484,512	\$	1,364,972



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds maintained by the City are as follows:

<u>Downtown Special Business District</u> - Used to account for property taxes and business license fees set aside for the economic development of the special business district.

<u>Equitable Sharing</u> - Used to account for proceeds from the City's portion of seized assets as required by the United States Attorney General's Guidelines on Seized and Forfeited Property.

<u>Sewer Lateral</u> - Used to account for the sewer lateral insurance fees restricted specifically for repairs of broken single-family and condominium residential sewer laterals.

<u>Kirkwood Commons TIF</u> – Used to account for activities of the City's Kirkwood Commons public improvement revenue notes series 1998 related to the former Kirkwood Commons tax increment financing district.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS MARCH 31, 2018

	S B	owntown Special Susiness District		Equitable Sharing		Sewer Lateral		Kirkwood Commons TIF		Total
ASSETS:										
Cash and investments - unrestricted	\$	210,131	\$	162,729	\$	542,904	\$	-	\$	915,764
Receivables, net of allowances:										
Taxes		78,290		-		-		-		78,290
Interest		343		262		874		-		1,479
Other		4,152	_			10,366				14,518
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	292,916	\$	162,991	\$	554,144	\$		\$ 1	,010,051
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts payable	¢.	3,785	\$	30,487	\$	5,068	\$		\$	39,340
Accounts payable	Þ	2,241	Э	30,467	Þ	1,018	Þ	-	Þ	39,340
Deposits payable		697		-		10,060		-		10,757
Unearned revenue		58,075		-		10,000		_		58,075
Onearned revenue		36,073								36,073
Total Liabilities		64,798		30,487		16,146				111,431
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:										
Unavailable revenue-taxes		18,160								18,160
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		18,160								18,160
FUND BALANCES:										
Restricted for:										
Law enforcement		_		132,504		_		_		132,504
Sewer lateral.		_		-		537,998		_		537,998
Special business district		209,958				<u>-</u>				209,958
Total Fund Balances		209,958		132,504		537,998				880,460
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS										
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	292,916	\$	162,991	\$	554,144	\$		<u>\$</u> 1	,010,051

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	B	owntown Special usiness District	Equitable Sharing	Sewer Lateral	Kirkwood Commons TIF	Total
REVENUES:						
Taxes, including interest						
and penalties	\$	124,170	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 160,141	\$ 284,311
Licenses, permits, fines and fees		187,197	67,269	273,957	590	529,013
Investment income		813	1,019	2,204	107	4,143
Miscellaneous		31,184				 31,184
Total Revenues		343,364	68,288	276,161	160,838	848,651
EXPENDITURES:						
General government and finance		306,018	-	411,363	_	717,381
Police		-	12,088	- -	-	12,088
Capital outlay		12,499	206,106	-	-	218,605
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-	-	-	455,000	455,000
Interest and fiscal charges					89,286	89,286
Total Expenditures		318,517	218,194	411,363	544,286	 1,492,360
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		24,847	(149,906)	(135,202)	(383,448)	(643,709)
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers out		(18,000)				(18,000)
Total Other Financing Uses		(18,000)				(18,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		6,847	(149,906)	(135,202)	(383,448)	(661,709)
FUND BALANCES,						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		203,111	282,410	673,200	383,448	 1,542,169
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	209,958	\$ 132,504	\$ 537,998	\$ -	\$ 880,460

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DOWNTOWN SPECIAL BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	В	udgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Orig			Final	Amounts		legative)
REVENUES:							
Taxes, including interest							
and penalties	\$ 142	2,000	\$	142,000	\$ 92,335	\$	(49,665)
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	17	1,570		171,570	185,095		13,525
Investment income	,	2,000		2,000	879		(1,121)
Miscellaneous	6	8,300		23,300	 31,185		7,885
Total Revenues	38.	3,870		338,870	309,494		(29,376)
EXPENDITURES:							
General government and finance	31:	5,771		327,231	305,583		21,648
Capital outlay	5	1,000		79,928	12,499		67,429
Total Expenditures	36	5,771		407,159	318,082		89,077
EXCESS REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1	7,099		(68,289)	 (8,588)		59,701
OTHER FINANCING USES:					_		
Transfers out	(1)	8,000)		(18,000)	(18,000)		_
					 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Total Other Financing Uses	(1)	8,000)		(18,000)	(18,000)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(901)	\$	(86,289)	(26,588)	\$	59,701
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS							
Revenue accrual adjustments					33,870		
Expenditure accrual adjustments					(435)		
Total Adjustments To Reconcile					, ,		
to GAAP Basis					33,435		
NET CHANCE DI PUND DAI ANCE							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-					6 9 1 7		
GAAP BASIS					6,847		
FUND BALANCE,							
BEGINNING OF YEAR					 203,111		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$ 209,958		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EQUITABLE SHARING FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		riginal	Аше	Final	,	Actual		legative)	
REVENUES:		11gillai		Tillai		Amounts	(Tregutive)		
Licenses, permits, fines and fees		- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	67,269 1,309	\$	67,269 1,309	
Total Revenues						68,578		68,578	
EXPENDITURES:									
Police		-		24,420		12,088		12,332	
Capital Outlay				222,252		206,106		16,146	
Total Expenditures				246,672		218,194		28,478	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$		\$	(246,672)		(149,616)	\$	(97,056)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS									
Revenue accrual adjustments Expenditure accrual adjustments						(290)			
Total Adjustments To Reconcile to GAAP Basis						(290)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-GAAP BASIS						(149,906)			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						282,410			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	132,504			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER LATERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Budgeted	Δm	ounts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget
	 Original Original	7 1113	Final	4	Amounts		legative)
REVENUES:	 Originar	_	1 11141		Imounts		(egaare)
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	\$ 274,000	\$	274,000	\$	269,032	\$	(4,968)
Investment income	4,000	Ψ	4,000	Ψ	2,503	Ψ	(1,497)
investment income	 7,000		7,000		2,303		(1,777)
Total Revenues	278,000		278,000		271,535		(6,465)
EXPENDITURES:							
General government and finance	403,620		453,620		411,161		42,459
Total Expenditures	403,620		453,620		411,161		42,459
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	\$ (125,620)	\$	(175,620)		(139,626)	\$	(35,994)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS							
Revenue accrual adjustments					4,626		
Expenditure accrual adjustments Total Adjustments To Reconcile					(202)		
to GAAP Basis					4,424		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-GAAP BASIS					(135,202)		
FUND BALANCE,							
BEGINNING OF YEAR					673,200		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR				\$	537,998		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

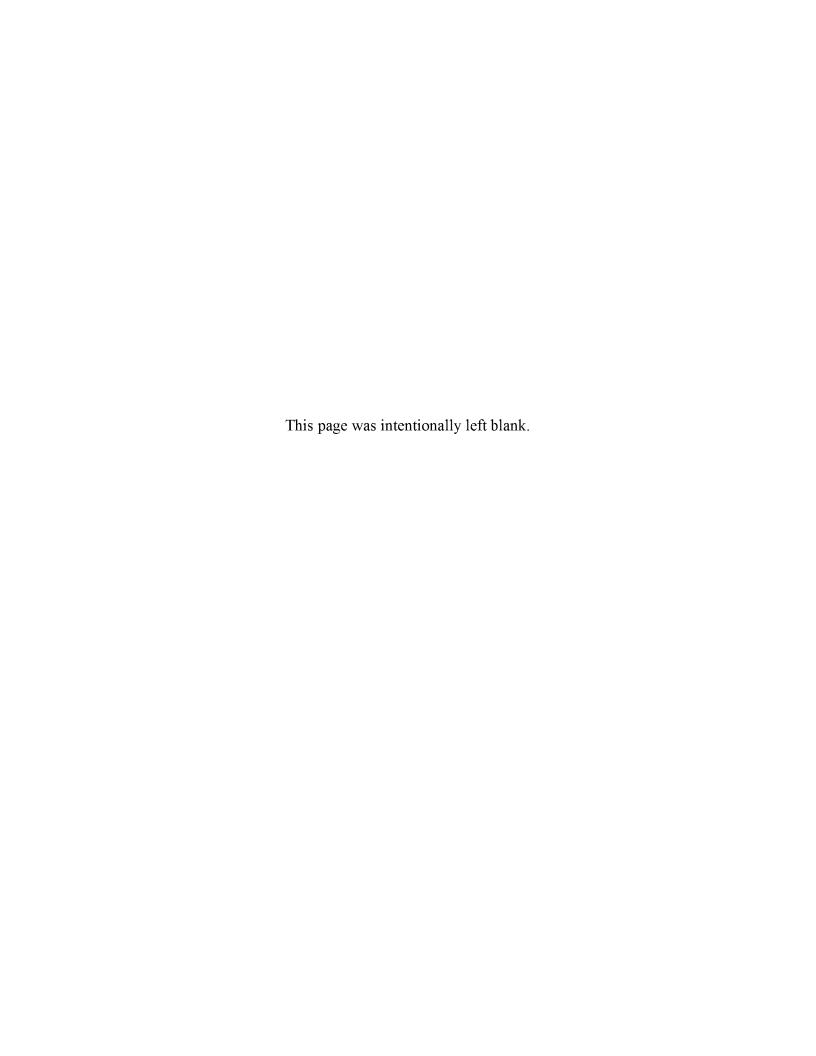
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual		iance with al Budget Positive
	- (Original Original		Final	A	Amounts	(N	egative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes, including interest								
and penalties	\$	602,730	\$	602,730	\$	605,652	\$	2,922
Investment income		6,500		6,500		1,763		(4,737)
Total Revenues		609,230		609,230		607,415		(1,815)
EXPENDITURES:								
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement		485,000		485,000		485,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		50,278		50,278		49,327		951
Total Expenditures		535,278		535,278		534,327		951
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES	\$	73,952	\$	73,952		73,088	\$	864
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS								
Revenue accrual adjustments Expenditure accrual adjustments						30,003		
Total Adjustments To Reconcile						20.002		
to GAAP Basis						30,003		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-GAAP BASIS						103,091		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						381,421		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	484,512		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:	<u> </u>			
Taxes, including interest and penalties	440,256 10,100	\$ 2,239,158 440,256 10,100	\$ 2,172,304 40,074 14,138 36,321	\$ (66,854) (400,182) 4,038 36,321
Total Revenues	2,689,514	2,689,514	2,262,837	(426,677)
EXPENDITURES:				
Capital outlay	4,616,419	4,938,951	3,919,383	1,019,568
Total Expenditures		4,938,951	3,919,383	1,019,568
EXCESS REVENUES OVER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,926,905)	(2,249,437)	(1,656,546)	(592,891)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	35,000	1,549,560 35,000 947,346	1,549,560 58,027 1,083,722	23,027 136,376
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,455,000	2,531,906	2,691,309	159,403
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (471,905)	\$ 282,469	1,034,763	\$ (752,294)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS Revenue accrual adjustments Expenditure accrual adjustments To Reconcile to GAAP Basis			(2,839)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-GAAP BASIS			1,031,924	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			2,104,395	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 3,136,319	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARK & STORM WATER IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

TOR THE HIGHE			Amounts	Actual		ariance with inal Budget Positive
	Origin		Final	Amounts	((Negative)
REVENUES: Taxes, including interest and penalties	\$ 2,613 58 25		\$ 2,613,000 58,841 25,000	\$ 2,555,651 97,066 26,521 525,000	\$	(57,349) 38,225 1,521 525,000
Total Revenues	2,696	5,841	2,696,841	3,204,238	_	507,397
EXPENDITURES: General government and finance	334 960 761	8,250 4,000 0,000 1,679	8,250 4,275,147 972,524 701,355 258,771	8,176 1,725,402 795,000 31,541 253,371		74 2,549,745 177,524 669,814 5,400
Total Expenditures	2,063	3,929	6,216,047	2,813,490		3,402,557
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	632	2,912	(3,519,206)	390,748		(3,909,954)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in		- 5,000) 1,000 - -	3,000,000 (773,557) 1,000 23,515,000 743,771	3,000,000 (691,000) - 23,515,000 743,771	·	82,557 (1,000) -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(874	4,000)	26,486,214	26,567,771		81,557
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (24)	1,088)	\$ 22,967,008	26,958,519	\$	(3,991,511)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE TO GAAP BASIS Revenue accrual adjustments Expenditure accrual adjustments Total Adjustments To Reconcile to GAAP Basis				1,607	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-					-	
GAAP BASIS				26,960,126		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				1,613,609	_	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR				\$ 28,573,735	_	



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Medical Self Insurance</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for medical insurance premiums and claims expenditures.

<u>Fleet Services</u> - This fund is used to account for citywide vehicle and equipment maintenance and repair costs.

<u>Workers' Compensation</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for medical and disability claims expenditures relating to workers' compensation.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS MARCH 31, 2018

	Medical Self Insurance	Fleet Services	Total			
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments: Held by trustees Unrestricted	\$ - 1,850,403	\$ - 234,710	\$ 712 1,073,030	\$ 712 3,158,143		
Interest receivable	3,129	377	1,726	5,232		
Other receivable	-	3,568	-	3,568		
Inventory		3,392		3,392		
Total Assets	1,853,532	242,047	1,075,468	3,171,047		
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	2,940	21,036	1,544	25,520		
Accrued wages and vacation	-	20,633	3,433	24,066		
Claims payable	353,949		652,898	1,006,847		
Total Current Liabilities	356,889	41,669	657,875	1,056,433		
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Compensated absences		2,901	467	3,368		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	2,901	467	3,368		
Total Liabilities		44,570	658,342	1,059,801		
NET POSITION	,	,	,			
Unrestricted	1,496,643	197,477	417,126	2,111,246		
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$ 197,477	\$ 417,126			
	+ 1,,	+ 127,17	,.20	= =,:::,= 10		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Medical Self Insurance	Fleet Services	Workers' Compensation Self Insurance	Total
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Other		\$ 1,009,645 36,599	\$ 913,569 	\$ 5,095,398 36,599
Total Operating Revenues	3,172,184	1,046,244	913,569	5,131,997
OPERATING EXPENSES: Administrative and general		971,362	266,903 981,033	1,289,436 3,955,947
Total Operating Expenses	3,026,085	971,362	1,247,936	5,245,383
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	146,099	74,882	(334,367)	(113,386)
NONOPERATING REVENUES: Investment income	7,695	796	4,507	12,998
Total Nonoperating Revenues	7,695	796	4,507	12,998
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	153,794	75,678	(329,860)	(100,388)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,342,849	121,799	746,986	2,211,634
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,496,643	\$ 197,477	\$ 417,126	\$ 2,111,246

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Medical f Insurance		Fleet Services	Co	Workers' empensation If Insurance	Total
Receipts from interfund services provided	. \$	3,172,184	\$	1,009,645	\$	913,569	\$ 5,095,398
Other receipts		-		33,031		-	33,031
Payments to suppliers		(2,872,937)		(544,766)		(925,204)	(4,342,907)
Payments to employees		-		(421,125)		(74,923)	(496,048)
Payments for interfund services.			_	(13,385)		(9,996)	(23,381)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)							
Operating Activities	·	299,247		63,400		(96,554)	266,093
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Interest received on investments		6,694		724		4,741	12,159
	_	,				.,	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH							
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		305,941		64,124		(91,813)	278,252
CACH AND CACH FOLINAL ENTER AT							
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT		1 544 463		170.596		1 165 555	2 990 602
BEGINNING OF YEAR	· —	1,344,462		170,586		1,165,555	2,880,603
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT							
END OF YEAR	\$	1,850,403	\$	234,710	\$	1,073,742	\$ 3,158,855
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income (loss)	. \$	146,099	\$	74,882	\$	(334,367)	\$ (113,386)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activites:							
(Increase) decrease in assets:							
Miscellaneous receivables		-		(3,568)		-	(3,568)
Inventory		-		(506)		_	(506)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:							
Accounts payable		1,049		(5,782)		(24,006)	(28,739)
Accrued wages and vacation		-		(1,626)		(1,102)	(2,728)
Claims payable		152,099	_	-		262,921	415,020
Total adjustments	·	153,148		(11,482)		237,813	379,479
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$_	299,247	\$	63,400	\$	(96,554)	\$ 266,093

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and other funds.

Trust and Agency Funds

Trust and agency funds include pension trust funds and agency funds. Pension trust funds are accounted for and reported similar to proprietary funds. Agency funds are accounted for and reported similar to governmental funds. The trust and agency funds maintained by the City are as follows:

<u>Pension Trust Funds</u> – Used to account for the receipt, investment, and distribution of retirement contributions for civilian, police and fire employees.

Agency Funds – Used to account for municipal court collections for bail bonds.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS MARCH 31, 2018

	Police Officers' and Fire Retirement	Civilian Employees Retirement	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and investments:			
Held by trustees:			
Short-Term reserves	\$ 4,203,023	\$ 1,824,096	\$ 6,027,119
Bond funds	2,478,867	1,383,309	3,862,176
Balanced funds	10,466,919	9,120,748	19,587,667
Domestic stock funds	20,432,234	5,700,382	26,132,616
International stock funds	3,672,936	1,376,278	5,049,214
Money market funds	886,905	130,561	1,017,466
Specialty stock funds	-	223,145	223,145
TIAA traditional annuity option	933,545	-	933,545
TIAA brokerage option fund	1,130,250	-	1,130,250
Restricted	129	172	301
Receivables, net of allowances:			
Interest	1,261	1,100	2,361
Contributions receivable	91,643	36,788	128,431
Prepaid expenses	5,475	5,549	11,024
Total Assets	44,303,187	19,802,128	64,105,315
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	 14,455	14,129	 28,584
Total Liabilities	 14,455	14,129	28,584
NET POSITION:			
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 44,288,732	\$ 19,787,999	\$ 64,076,731

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Police Officers' and Fire Retirement	Civilian Employees Retirement	Total
ADDITIONS:			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 1,131,130	\$ 431,518	\$ 1,562,648
Employee, net of refunds	573,617	-	573,617
Rollover contributions	5,574		5,574
Total Contributions	1,710,321	431,518	2,141,839
Investment income:			
Interest and dividends	1,395,455	512,825	1,908,280
Net appreciation in the fair value of	1,575, 155	312,023	1,500,200
plan investments.	2,223,652	1,169,565	3,393,217
Total Investment Income	3,619,107	1,682,390	5,301,497
I agai investment avenues	27.021	115	29.026
Less: investment expenses Net investment income	27,921 3,591,186	115	28,036 5,273,461
Net investment income	3,391,100	1,002,273	3,273,401
TOTAL ADDITIONS	5,301,507	2,113,793	7,415,300
DEDUCTIONS:			
Benefit payments	2,938,078	369,854	3,307,932
Benefit payments	2,750,070		3,301,732
Administrative and general expenses:			
Insurance, taxes and other premiums	80,147	78,599	158,746
Professional and administrative fees	48,162	52,297	100,459
Total Administrative	129 200	120.906	250 205
and General Expenses	128,309	130,896	259,205
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	3,066,387	500,750	3,567,137
CHANCE BUNET POCITION	2 225 120	1 (12 042	2.040.162
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,235,120	1,613,043	3,848,163
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS,			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	42,053,612	18,174,956	60,228,568
END OF VEAD	ф. 44.000 7 00	# 10 5 0 5 000	
END OF YEAR	\$ 44,288,732	\$ 19,787,999	\$ 64,076,731

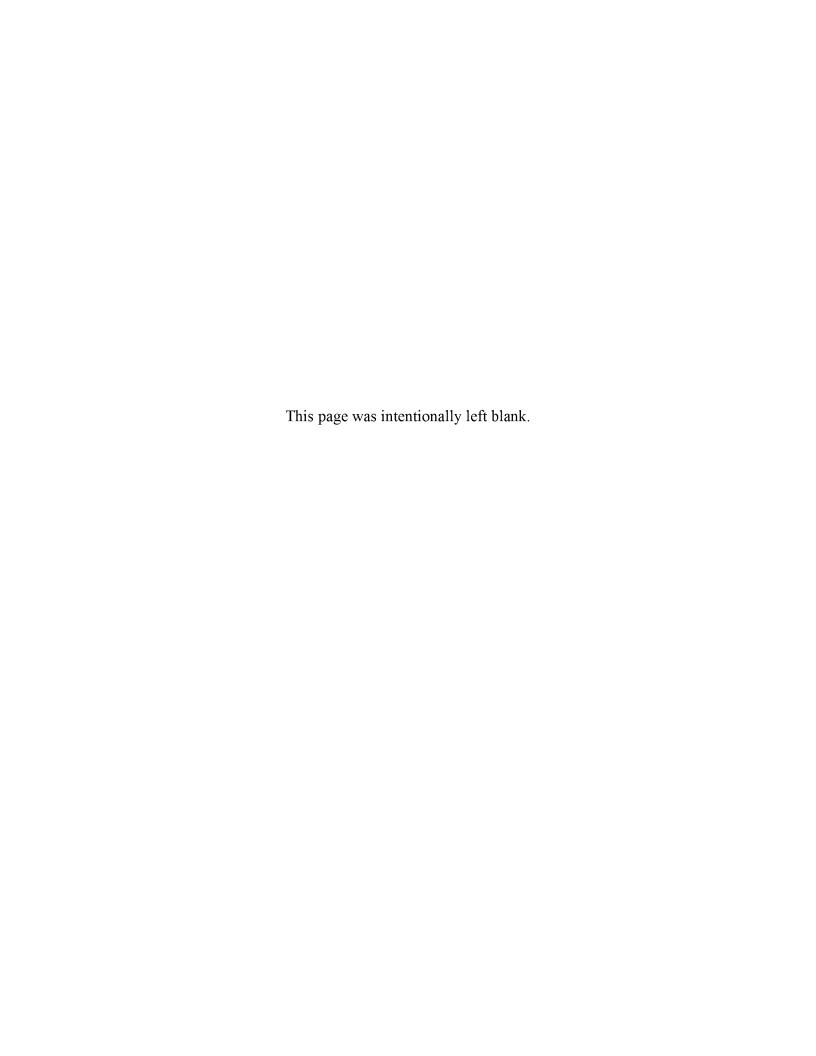
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - AGENCY FUND MARCH 31, 2018

ASSETS:	-	pearance Bond eposits
Cash and investments:		
Restricted	\$	10,200
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,200
LIABILITIES:		
Deposits payable	\$	10,200
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,200

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	A	alance April 1, 2017	A	dditions_	D	eletions_	M	Balance arch 31, 2018
Appearance Bond Deposits								
ASSETS: Cash and investments - restricted Total Assets		7,900 7,900	\$	21,677 21,677	<u>\$</u>	19,377 19,377	<u>\$</u>	10,200 10,200
LIABILITIES: Deposits payable Total Liabilities		7,900 7,900	\$ \$	21,677 21,677	<u>\$</u>	19,377 19,377	<u>\$</u>	10,200 10,200



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Industrial Development Authority of the City of Kirkwood, Misosuri (IDA)

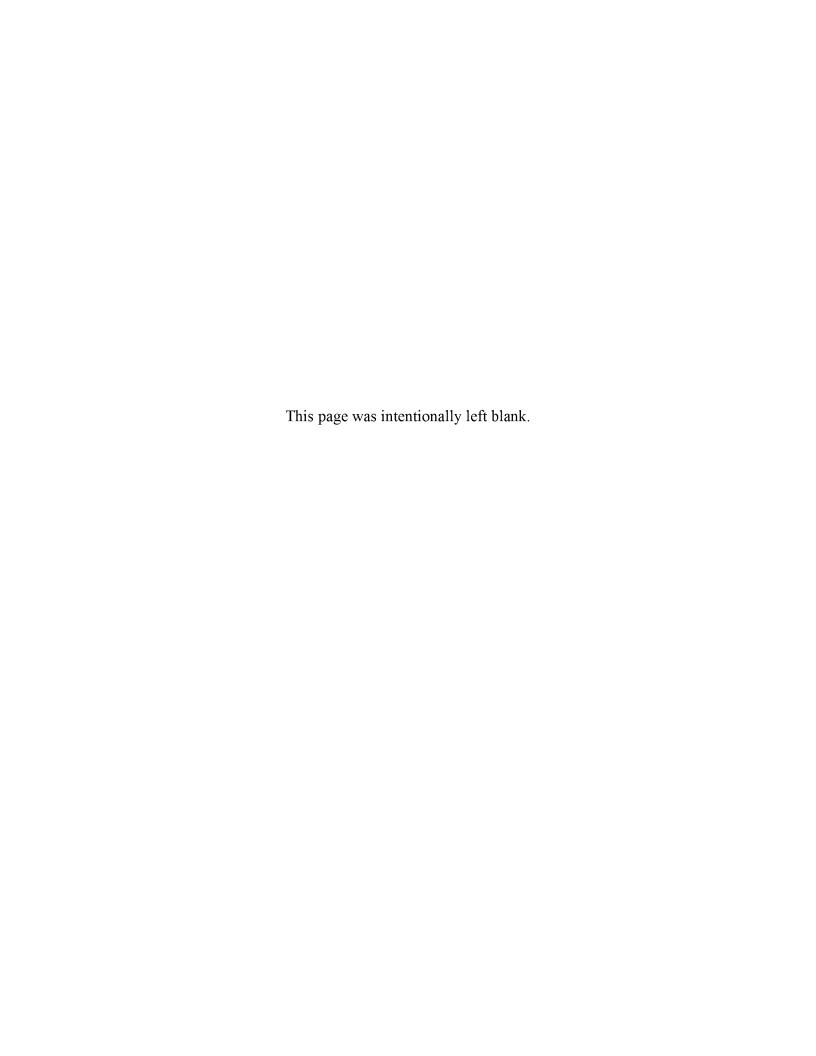
The IDA is a not-for-profit corporation established by an Ordinance of the City Council and formed under RSMo. Chapter 39, *The Industrial Development Corporations Act*. It is designed to develop, advance, encourage and promote commercial, industrial and manufacturing facilities in the City. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the IDA.

BALANCE SHEET - INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT) MARCH 31, 2018

	Total
ASSETS:	
Cash and investments: Unrestricted	\$ 88,483
Interest receivable.	 142
Total Assets	 88,625
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	
Total Current Liabilities	
NET POSITION Unrestricted	88,625
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 88,625

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (A DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Total
REVENUES: Investment income.	\$ 1,907
Other	85,000 86,907
EXPENDITURES: Administrative and general	198,681
Total Expenditures	198,681
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(111,774)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	200,399
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 88,625



City ofKirkwood

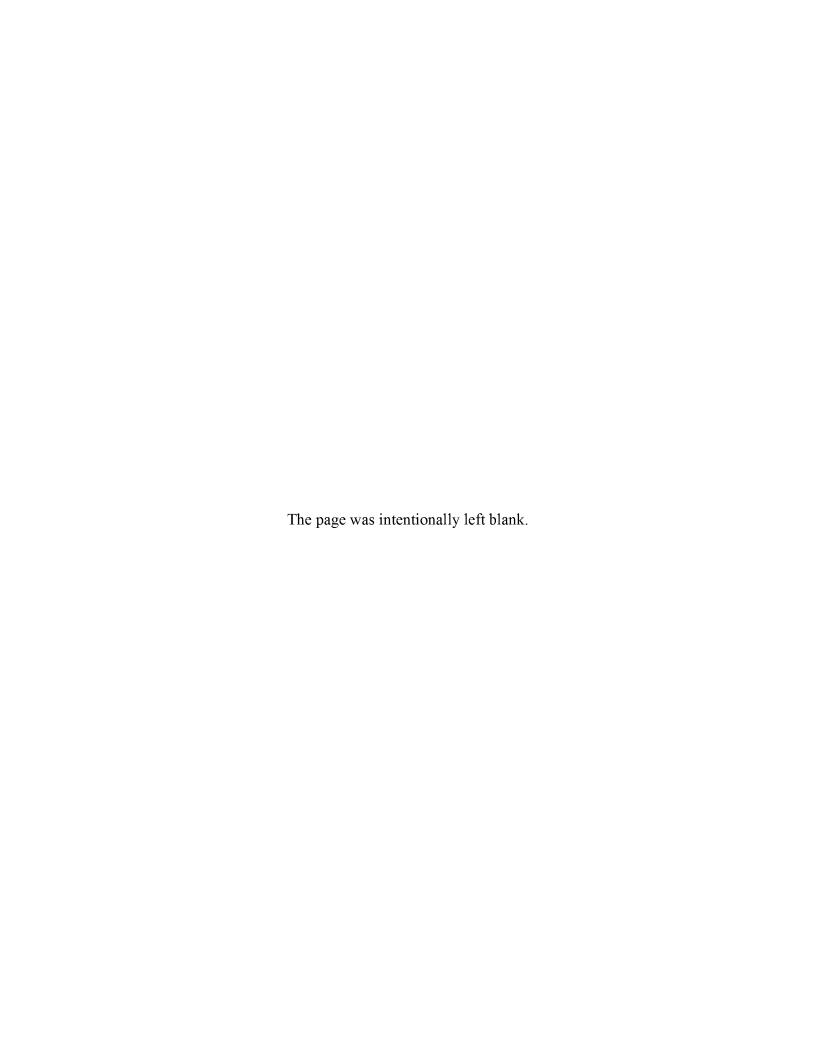
Statistical Section

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Kirkwood's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	
These pages contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	104
Revenue Capacity	
These pages contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	111
Debt Capacity	
These pages present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the	
City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	119
Demographic and Economic Information	
These pages offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	124
Operating Information	
These pages contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand	
how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	128

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in this section is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI

	2009**		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	$\ \ $	2015		2016°	$\ \ $	2017		2018
Governmental Activities: Not investment in capital assets	35,972,457	64	40,389,161	↔	46,153,655	€9	50,144,786	64	52,963,465	↔	54,136,854	69	55,385,115	€9	56,933,992	↔	59,955,716	€9	61,751,027
Capital projects	6,817,462		5,217,404		2,465,998		2,415,994		2,331,658		3,056,534		4,003,381		5,047,521		3,612,663		6,625,824
Debt service.	2,030,332		2,134,897		2,289,210		1,941,607		1,454,116		1,272,840		1,153,844		1,102,928		1,193,771		1,170,774
Law enforcement.	258,582		130,511		104,620		236,162		100,630		146,567		146,261		189,954		282,410		132,504
Park operations	•		1,164,982		1,244,613		1,384,988		1,433,102		1,544,679		1,534,683		1,486,942		1,512,157		1,600,709
Police and fire pension	3,458,067		3,479,833		3,279,934		3,118,751		2,973,222		2,779,281		2,395,294		1,977,258		1,436,867		948,799
Sewer lateral	•		463,476		596,602		771,756		867,327		918,456		808,909		795,862		673,200		537,998
Special business district	•		179,197		204,396		191,749		179,592		139,165		149,432		154,691		210,958		228,118
TIF bonds and notes	815,238		•		•		•		•		•				•		•		•
Unrestricted	6,669,276		6,585,255		7,335,848		6,748,336		8,674,045		8,989,005		9,084,425		10,017,247		10,824,747		8,821,468
Total Governmental Activities Net Position\$	56,021,414	ø	59,744,716	₩	63,674,876	↔	66,954,129	es.	70,977,157	↔	72,983,381	↔	74,751,344	€9	77,706,395	↔	79,702,489	↔	81,817,221
Business-Type Activities:																			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	8,086,717	es.	8,194,874	↔	10,249,193	€9	11,424,626	69	11,023,698	↔	11,856,557	€9	13,084,426	€9	14,369,570	€9	20,933,441	€9	26,081,706
Unrestricted	32,881,540		25,521,922		19,966,392		24,884,483		29,086,263		29,229,073		29,051,984		29,390,702		25,103,461		21,594,623
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position\$	41,234,503	69	34,421,156	↔	30,919,953	↔	37,013,490	69	40,785,000	↔	41,760,727	↔	42,923,570	64	44,593,164	↔	46,713,180	↔	48,357,348
Primary Government:																			
Net investment in capital assets	44,059,174	69	48,584,035	€9	56,402,848	€9	61,569,412	€9	63,987,163	↔	65,993,411	€9	68,469,541	€9	71,303,562	↔	80,889,157	↔	87,832,733
Capital projects	6,817,462		5,217,404		2,465,998		2,415,994		2,331,658		3,056,534		4,003,381		5,047,521		3,612,663		6,625,824
Debt service	2,296,578		2,839,257		2,993,578		2,645,988		2,129,155		1,947,937		1,941,004		1,935,820		1,870,049		1,851,793
Law enforcement	258,582		130,511		104,620		236,162		100,630		146,567		146,261		189,954		282,410		132,504
Park operations.	•		1,164,982		1,244,613		1,384,988		1,433,102		1,544,679		1,534,683		1,486,942		1,512,157		1,600,709
Police and fire pension.	3,458,067		3,479,833		3,279,934		3,118,751		2,973,222		2,779,281		2,395,294		1,977,258		1,436,867		948,799
Sewer lateral.	•		463,476		596,602		771,756		867,327		918,456		898,909		795,862		673,200		537,998
Special business district	•		179,197		204,396		191,749		179,592		139,165		149,432		154,691		210,958		228,118
Unrestricted	39,550,816		32,107,177		27,302,240		31,632,819		37,760,308		38,218,078		38,136,409		39,407,949		35,928,208		30,416,091
Total Primary Government Net Position\$	97,255,917	s	94,165,872	↔	94,594,829	↔	103,967,619	↔	111,762,157	es.	114,744,108	∽	117,674,914	69	122,299,559	69	126,415,669	↔	130,174,569

[&]quot;The following prior period adjustment were made in Fiscal Year 2009:

Governmental Activities
Restricted for: Police and Fire Pension was added in the amount of \$3.321,732. The pension levy portion has been separated and is reported as a special revenue fund, P&F Pension Property Tax Fund.
bThe following prior period adjustment was made in Fiscal Year 2010:
Governmental Activities
Unrestricted Assistices by \$556,645 to record safes tax revenue from modified accrual.
cThe following prior period adjustment was made in Fiscal Year 2016.
Business-type Activities
Not investment in capital assets was decreased by \$3.43,604 to expense amounts recorded as Construction in Progress.

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI CHANGES IN NET POSITIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	C vironesce.	2009	2010	2011		2012	2013	2014	i	2015	2016	9	2017		2018
9. 302,153 3. 5,22,100 3. 5,22,200	ntal Activities:	•													:
99/279 98/8581 44/578 44/389 377,883 38/801 53,507 684,922 49/279 49/2		e4 e4	w.	w)	€	3,822,665 370,231	crî	€				762,594			5,314,163
4,0579 90,0223 4,05910 47,234	Engineering		381.851	344,617		331,728	347.880		7,683	386,031		535,097	684,392		1,013,395
6,041,15 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 6,04,125 7,04,208 2,04,208 6,04,127 7,04,208 2,04,208	Building maintenance		392,958	419,619		477,318	464,338		3,534	479,287	•	463,526	538,735		505,663
6.366,13 6.366,13 6.366,13 6.366,13 6.366,13 6.366,13 6.366,13 6.366,13 7.00,068 1.208,288 2.368,20 5.882,37 5.864,38 2.464,38 2.546,48 2.599,44 2.90,448 1.208,288 2.481,74 2.720,49 2.575,38 5.864,38 2.599,44 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,449 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,449 2.90,448 2.90,448 2.90,449 2.90,44	Building commissioner		642,225	633,227		587,664	588,061		3,165	655,724	Ŭ	561,117	748,850		672.847
2.470,207 5.78(2)40 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.88(2,77) 5.78(2,248)	Police	6,365,135	6.540,285	6,994,710		7,324,109	7,363,086		023	7,906,959	8.	020,277	8.290,366		8,929,012
1208887 1248887 1248887 1247240 2457284 1247248 1247	Fire	5.479.307	5.769.209	5.788.620		5.852.373	5.814.394	5.080	.740	6,316,710	` c	469,721	7.012.980	,	7,015,376
1,500,255 1,500,279 1,50	Streets		2.348,174	2.472.040		2,502,988	2,455,034	2,536	5.437	2.564,618	5.7	749,944	2,906,468		3,630,913
2,42,671 2,883,76 2,883,76 2,774,489 2,670,425 2,673,291 2,683,79 2,774,489 2,42,671 1,021,834 7,73,895 2,616,015 2,670,425 2,673,291 2,683,79 2,574,489 2,42,671 2,486,671 2,616,015 2,670,425 2,670,425 2,670,425 2,774,489 1,502,773 2,486,671 2,676,475 1,778,224 1,778,224 2,774,489 2,774,489 2,486,613 2,286,613 2,676,475 2,676,475 2,774,249 4,772,246 4,772,246 3,486,172 2,486,613 2,472,476 2,472,246 4,772,246 4,772,246 4,772,246 3,486,172 2,486,613 2,472,476 2,472,246 2,772,472 2,772,466 4,772,246 3,486,172 2,486,613 2,472,476 2,472,476 2,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,466 4,772,46	Parks	•	1 446 396	1 559 311		1.608.918	1 777 302	1807	7.512	1 962 345	î	900,000	1 901 578		082 446
Section Control Cont	Recreation	7 400 541	2.478.971	2 580 364		2 573 528	2004/14		207	1962,502,		885.760	2774.489		2812414
1,500,773 24,501,282 24,5	Instituted on long town date	140,504,2	1/6,9/1001	4,760,304		027,577,2	005 005		(24.7	167,620,2	1	365,700	205,130		744 705
\$ 506/157 \$ 306/159 <t< td=""><td>otal Governmental Activities Expenses</td><td>24,245,712</td><td>24,861,856</td><td>24,903,605</td><td></td><td>26,059,373</td><td>25,621,454</td><td>27,525</td><td>5,277</td><td>27,490,492</td><td>28,</td><td>758,689</td><td>30,253,724</td><td>3.</td><td>32,621,014</td></t<>	otal Governmental Activities Expenses	24,245,712	24,861,856	24,903,605		26,059,373	25,621,454	27,525	5,277	27,490,492	28,	758,689	30,253,724	3.	32,621,014
3.267,137 3.608.889 4.061,031 4.011,031 4.203.06 4.177,695 4.177,695 3.267,137 2.308,137 2.208,032 2.208,044 2.511,030 2.613,040 2.613,0	usiness-Type Activities Expenses: Flectric	15 092 793	21.826.992	22 983 408		15.766.443	17 682 247			21.183.366) 61	064.132	20.624.925	,	152.997
\$ 45075255 \$ 52,000,730 \$ 54873189 \$ 48,307300 \$ 54,000,000 \$ 5,000,000	Worker	2000	3 505 850	4 055 703		4011031	1100100		200	20 0 0 0 0 0		70V 021	207 2267	1	70000
\$ 45,075.25 \$ 5,075.25 \$ 2,090.79 \$ 48,301.20 \$ 2,013.23 \$ 2,033.20 \$ 3,033.20 \$ 3,0	Watel.	5,267,137	9,000,000	4,036,703		4,011,031	4,214,911		/000	4,452,940	ı, ç	170,430	4,577,099		202,220
\$ 45,075,255 \$ 5,000,779 \$ 44,873,159 \$ 48,873,159 \$ 50,132,231 \$ 5,887,967 \$ 5,881,530 \$ 5,470,904 \$ 86,010,005 \$ 6,010,005	Santation	2,469,613	2,395,032	2,929,443		2,531,020	2,613,619		902,200	2,724,726	25,0	702,667	2,784,666		2,395,295
\$ 45,075.255 \$ 55,807.255 \$ 55,807.257 \$ 55,907.257<	oral Dustiless-1 ype recuvines Expelises	51,552,55	000,020,12	100,000,00		14,500,424	11/61/645	20,53	0606	20,114,050	, (2)	257625	0026101617		0.00
\$ 2.044514 \$ 2.063,903 \$ 2.137260 \$ 2.240,380 \$ 2.215,846 \$ 2.173,825 \$ 2.081,215 \$ 1,934,072 \$ 1,944,020 \$ 1,944,020 (68.134) \$ 82,756 \$ 82,757 \$ 2.173,825 \$ 2.173,825 \$ 87,572 \$ 97,1108 \$ 11,034,072 \$ 1,944,020 \$ 1,944,030	atal Primary Government Expenses	\$ 45,075,255	\$ 52,690,739	- 1	-	48,367,867	-	-	"	-	-	703,924		П	5,461,574
5 2,044,514 \$ 2,065,003 \$ 2,137,326 \$ 2,245,846 \$ 2,173,825 \$ 2,081,215 \$ 1,994,002 \$ 1,994,002 \$ 1,994,002 \$ 1,994,002 \$ 1,198 \$															
568.134 382,335 70,889 650,011 710,233 86,1478 86,1478 86,1478 87,572 97,1198 568.134 302,847 302,847 308,132 37,236 48,475 46,263 77,1198 600,494 567,230 674,579 725,835 787,223 831,292 777,923 820,457 1,099,220 1,566,561 1,679,237 1,689,948 1,669,546 1,744,550 1,734,579 1,850,223 1,941,066 1 1,14,080 116,5842 1,83,538 1,143,690 1,86,525 194,135 225,084 300,332 1,41,066 1 1,566,540 1,566,545 1,41,599 1,41,599 1,41,457 225,094 166,445 183,518 1,566,540 1,566,546 1,546,585 1,41,599 1,41,599 1,41,457 225,044 300,332 342,887 1,700,407 5,700,407 5,976,175 5,703,104 5,703,104 5,703,104 5,703,104 5,703,104 5,703,104 5,703,104 5,703,104		€	C1	\$ 2,137,260		2,240,380	2.	\$		2.	-	934,072	_		1,828,344
258,459 302,81 300,813 281,192 285,725 484,442 462,601 470,818 620,444 502,248 502,484 72,884 481,122 287,256 484,442 462,601 470,818 1,566,561 1,679,237 1,659,948 1,669,546 1,745,590 1,721,692 1,734,579 1,850,523 1,941,006 1,14,080 1,16,982 1,83,438 1,143,090 1,745,590 1,742,04 249,904 164,455 183,518 1,135,842 1,135,842 1,143,090 1,143,090 1,143,090 1,142,04 249,904 164,455 180,201 1,135,847 5,709,407 6,138,904 7,341,873 6,346,585 6,210,304 6,512,462 7,042,889 14,221,834 14,278,400 19,989,393 20,634,585 5,240,329 2,1785,886 21,125,937 2,230,1051 27 4,117,968 4,513,344 4,710,065 5,257,765 5,204,369 5,104,589 2,733,461 2,733,461 2,733,461 2,733,461 2,733,461 <td< td=""><td>Building commissioner</td><td>668,134</td><td>582,796</td><td>823,535</td><td></td><td>750,809</td><td>626,011</td><td></td><td>5,253</td><td>867,478</td><td>•</td><td>897,572</td><td>971,198</td><td></td><td>924,622</td></td<>	Building commissioner	668,134	582,796	823,535		750,809	626,011		5,253	867,478	•	897,572	971,198		924,622
1660,494 567,230 674,579 725,835 787,223 881,222 797,923 820,457 1,000,220 1,600,494 567,237 1,605,948 1,605,948 1,605,948 1,71,609 1,71,609 1,74,579 1,805,223 1,941,066 1,745,590 1,74,204 249,904 164,545 1,83,188 183,938 397,780 186,525 194,135 22,5084 30,332 342,857 1,941,066 1,74,204 1,14,509 2,14,588 1,71,568 1,71,608 2,14,588 2,14,599 2,14,588 2,14,588 2,14,589 2,14,599 2,14,589 2,14,599 2,14,	Police	258,459	302,081			281,192	285,732		7,256	484,432		462,601	470,818		524,758
156656 1,679,237	Fire	690,494	567,230			725,835	787,223		,292	797,923	•	820,457	1,009,220		936,849
14,080 116,015 155,442 133,241 181,099 174,004 249,004 164,545 183,518 183,519 183,518 183,519 183,518 183,5	Recreation	1,566,561	1,679,237	1,659,948		1,669,546	1,745,590	_	1,692	1,734,579	~	850,523	1,941,066		1,881,769
231,333 151,388 183,938 397,780 186,525 194,135 225,684 300,332 342,887 135,842 51,062 51,262 203,389 1,143,090 518,659 103,384 101,787 489,443 180,201 135,842 5,709,407 5,709,407 6,316,59 6,915,54 7,042,898 7 14,221,834 14,278,400 19,989,393 20,632,374 21,373,776 2,240,329 5,161,698 5,942,006 6,139,679 6,6139,679 6,6139,679 6,6139,679 6,6139,679 6,6139,679 6,6139,679 6,6139,679 6,6139,679 6,6139,679 2,703,699 2,720,661 2,733,461 2,703,399 2,703,699 2,714,389 2,720,661 2,703,499 2,703,699 2,70	Other activities	114,080	116,915	155,442		133,241	181,099		1,204	249,904		164,545	183,518		212,566
135.842 512.625 203.389 1,143.090 518.559 103.884 101.787 489.443 180.201 1,143.090 1,143.090 518.559 103.884 101.787 489.443 180.201 1,143.090 1,143.	Operating grants and contributions	231,323	151,388	183,938		397,780	186,525		4,135	225,084		300,332	342,857		180,809
5,709,407 5,976,175 6,138,904 7,341,873 6,546,585 6,272,041 6,542,402 6,919,545 7,042,898 7,7042,898	Capital grants and contributions	135,842	512,625	203,389		1,143,090	518,559		3,384	101,787	•	489,443	180,201		716,604
14,221,834 14,278,400 19,989,393 20,632,374 21,373,776 22,403,293 21,785,886 21,125,937 22,301,051 2,688,607 2,493,754 2,556,415 2,668,880 2,617,301 2,714,589 2,720,061 2,733,461 2,703,399 1,015 202,558 176,465 2,599 2,714,589 2,720,061 2,733,461 2,703,399 1,018 202,558 176,465 2,999 95,992 94,278 94,278 345,032 1,041,690 21,373,258 27,564,114 28,843,779 29,890,689 36,10,203 94,278 91,523 345,032 1,8 27,340,433 8,370,7018 8,36,350,589 36,350,204 8,36,302,44 8,36,302,59 8,532,059<	otal Governmental Activities Program Revenues	5,709,407	5,976,175	6,138,904		7,341,873	6,546,585		2,041	6,542,402	6,9	919,545	7,042,898		7,206,321
1. 14,221,834 14,278,400 19,989,339 20,632,374 21,373,776 22,403,293 21,785,886 21,125,937 22,301,051 2,638,607 4,513,334 4,710,066 3,257,765 5,509,160 5,296,369 5,161,698 5,942,006 6,139,679 4,518,374 2,556,415 2,668,890 2,617,301 2,714,89 2,713,461 2,713,461 2,713,461 2,713,461 4,015 100,683 108,285 106,483 106	usiness-Type Activities: Charges for Services:														
4117968 4513334 4710.065 5,237765 5,709,160 5,206,369 5,161,698 5,910,00 6,139,679 6,6139,679 7,6139,679	Electric	14,221,834	14,278,400	19,989,393		20,632,374	21,373,776	21	3,293	21,785,886	21,	125,937	22,301,051	2	7,104,935
2,658,607 2,493,754 2,556,415 2,668,890 2,617,301 2,714,589 2,720,061 2,733,461 2,703,399 2, 2,733,461 43,281 41,015 202,588 106,453 2,999 94,278 94,278 345,032 345,032 21,041,690 21,373,258 27,568,114 28,843,779 29,809,688 30,510,203 94,278 91,523 345,032 21,041,690 21,373,258 37,508,114 29,809,688 30,510,203 29,437,78 31,489,161 36 21,041,690 31,770,018 3,740,701 36,785,672 3,747,244 3,643,427 3,643,247 3,853,209 3,43	Water	4,117,968	4,513,334	4,710,065		5,257,765	5,709,160		369	5,161,698	5,0	942,006	6,139,679		5,432,978
43,281 41,015 202,558 176,465 2,999 45,281 6,473 108,283 106,433 108,285 106,433 108,283 106,433 108,283 108,2	Sanitation	2,658,607	2,493,754	4		2,668,890	2,617,301		1,589	2,720,061	7,	733,461	2,703,399		2,892,236
	Operating grants and contributions	43,281	41,015			176,465	2,999		ı	1		ı	ı		r
21,041,690 21,373,258 27,568,114 28,843,779 29,809,689 30,510,203 29,761,923 29,892,927 31,489,161 8 26,751,097 8 27,340,433 8 33,707,018 8 36,185,652 8 36,782,244 8 36,780,435 8 36,812,472 8 38,532,059 8	Capital grants and contributions	t	46,755	109,683		108,285	106,453	56	5,952	94,278		91,523	345,032		217,104
8 26,71,097 8 27,349,433 8 33,707,018 8 36,356,224 8 36,304,425 8 36,304,425 8 38,332,059 8	otal Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	21,041,690	21,373,258	27,568,114		28,843,779	29,809,689	30,510	,203	29,761,923	29,	892,927	31,489,161	Š	5,647,253
	14al Primary Government Program Revenues	76 751 097	\$ 27.349.433		64	36.185.652		6			3,92	812.472		64	853.57

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI CHANGES IN NET POSITIONS (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position: Taxes: Taxes: Property taxes: Sales taxes: Other taxes: Investment earnings. Other taxens of debt. Transfers: Total Government Activities. Investment Activities: Investment Act	\$ (18,324,138) \$ (18,324,138) \$ 5,441,110 \$ 9988,315 7,047,854 683,612 92,921 92,921 92,921 92,921 93,177,055 25,822,316 1,128,570 1,128,570 1,128,570 1,128,570 1,128,570 1,128,570	\$ (18,885,681) \$ (6,455,625) \$ (4,455,625) \$ (4,863,382) \$ (9,864,99) 7,1155,966 328,843 417,228 877,065 519,343 \$ (877,065) (877,065)	\$ (18,764,701) \$ (2,401,440) \$ (2,11,66,141) \$ 8,576,654 7,060,830 149,812 24,571 49,419 1,527,065 267,698 159,604 (1,527,065) (1,099,763)	\$ (18,717,500) \$ (5,335,285 \$ (12,182,215) \$ 4,301,948 \$,818,010 7,005,331 3,004,38 70,873 3,49,562 1,081,571 21,996,733 30,574 (1,081,571) (519,100)	\$ (19,074,869) \$ 5,298,912 \$ 4,562,003 9,236,008 7,217,597 125,888 403,990 1,683,406 23,228,952 25,186 (1,683,406) (1,683,406)	\$ (21,253,236) 2,177,513 \$ (19,075,723) \$ 4,568,455 9,432,200 7,392,191 38,727 380,887 1,440,000 (1,201,786)	\$ (20,948,090) 1,420,885 \$ (19,527,205) \$ 4,545,472 9,802,534 7,275,507 121,404 49,761 346,862 574,513 22,716,033 (574,513) (574,513)	\$ (21,839,144) 3,947,692 \$ (4,71,266 10,187,522 6,963,303 3,24,208 3,77,806 2,470,000 2,470,000 1,494 (2,470,000) 5,34,012 1,494 (2,470,000)	\$ (23,5)	(19,508,951) 3,701,875 (19,508,951) 4,739,916 11,007,313 6,987,578 92,619 534,163 1,845,331 7,040 256,432 7,040 (1,845,331) (1,845,331) (1,845,331)
Total Primary Government	, 23,773,831	\$ 22,251,261	\$ 21,595,098	\$ 21,477,653	\$ 21,871,575	\$ 22,057,674	\$ 22,458,011	\$ 22,859,701	\$ 23,63	23,625,061
Change in Net Position: Governmental activities	7,286,011 (1,836,338) 5,449,673	\$ 3,723,302 (6,813,347) \$ (3,090,045)	\$ 3,930,160 (3,501,203) \$ 428,957	\$ 3,279,253 6,016,185 \$ 9,295,438	\$ 4,154,083 3,941,535 \$ 8,095,618	\$ 2,006,224 975,727 \$ 2,981,951	\$ 1,767,963 1,162,843 \$ 2,930,806	\$ 2,955,051 2,013,198 4,968,249	\$ 1,98 \$ 4,11	1,996,094 2,120,016 4,116,110
Total Primary Government Net Position Governmental activities Net position, beginning. Prior period adjustment. Net position, beginning, as restated. Net position, ending.	, 45,413,669 3,321,734 48,735,403 56,021,414	\$ 56,021,414 	\$ \$9,744,716 - 59,744,716 63,674,876	\$ 63,674,876 63,674,876 66,954,129	\$ 66,954,129 (131,055) 66,823,074 70,977,157	\$ 70,977,157 - 70,977,157 72,983,381	\$ 72,983,381 - 72,983,381 74,751,344	\$ 74,751,344 - 74,751,344 77,706,395	37,77 \$ <u>77,77</u> 77,97	
Business-type activities Net position, beginning	43,070,841 - 43,070,841 41,234,503	41,234,503 41,234,503 34,421,156	34,421,156 34,421,156 30,919,953	30,919,953 30,919,953 36,936,138	36,936,138 (92,673) 36,843,465 40,785,000	40,785,000 40,785,000 41,760,727	41,760,727 41,760,727 42,923,570	42,923,570 42,923,570 44,936,768	44,93 (34 44,59 46,71	44,936,768 (343,604) 44,593,164 46,713,180

NOTES:

(a) Purchasing is now included in General government and finance. This change was made to be consistent in putting all administrative and service departments in this category.

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program: Governmental Activities:										
General government and finance. \$ 2,103,319	\$ 2,103,319	\$ 2,123,036	\$ 2,165,451	\$ 2,244,379	\$ 2,237,845	\$ 2,184,835	\$ 2,101,817	\$ 1,967,800	\$ 1,995,537	\$ 1,846,955
Engineering	77,255	52,050	75,545	75,125	84,645	669,66	169,180	115,504	133,921	160,475
Building commissioner	668,134	582,796	823,535	750,809	626,011	716,253	867,478	897,572	971,198	924,622
Police	395,856	378,783	447,086	655,922	430,280	518,402	678,339	769,499	760,563	658,740
Fire	690,494	590,515	676,579	728,835	787,223	831,292	797,923	820,682	1,009,220	936,849
Streets	•	17,325	122,329	644,744	155,128	525	•	3,345	36,617	52,823
Parks	91,510	147,902	59,083	63,521	87,509	77,018	95,739	72,078	58,383	80,896
Recreation	1,682,839	2,083,768	1,769,296	2,178,538	2,137,944	1,844,017	1,831,926	2,273,065	2,077,459	2,544,961
Subtotal Governmental Activities	5,709,407	5,976,175	6,138,904	7,341,873	6,546,585	6,272,041	6,542,402	6,919,545	7,042,898	7,206,321
Business-Type Activities:										
Electric	14,221,834	14,278,400	19,989,393	20,632,374	21,373,776	22,403,293	21,785,886	21,125,937	22,557,748	27,237,356
Water	4,117,968	4,560,089	4,819,748	5,366,050	5,815,613	5,392,321	5,255,976	6,033,529	6,228,014	6,517,661
Sanitation	2,701,888	2,534,769	2,758,973	2,845,355	2,620,300	2,714,589	2,720,061	2,733,461	2,703,399	2,892,236
Subtotal Business-Type Activities	21,041,690	21,373,258	27,568,114	28,843,779	29,809,689	30,510,203	29,761,923	29,892,927	31,489,161	36,647,253
Total Primary Government	\$ 26,751,097	\$ 27,349,433	\$33,707,018	\$36,185,652	\$36,356,274	\$ 36,782,244	\$36,304,325	\$36,812,472	\$38,532,059	\$ 43,853,574

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

11	2009	20	2010	2	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	2018	18
General Fund: Nonspendable:																			
Inventories §	- \$	s	71,342	s	75,303	S	76,868	S	73,950	S	75,070	S	75,332	\$	74,276	\$	61,245	\$	55,308
Prepaid assets	1		6,062		8,072		3,897		13,391		8,718		14,469		10,610		9,169		9,038
Long-term interfund advance	1		ı		1		•		1		•		1		10,000		1		ı
Assigned to:																			
Projected use of reserves	1	2,	2,811,462	2,	2,530,257		1,332,554		1,909,810		1,420,265		1,325,561		950,528	1	,854,331	1,5	1,570,813
Unassigned:	1	5,5	5,841,312	6,	6,213,145	9	6,378,603	~	6,732,252		7,276,151		7,360,130	S	8,175,236	7	7,736,383	5,1	5,149,330
Reserved	81,193		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		1
Unreserved	8,719,619		1		1		•		1		ļ		•		1		•		1
. "	\$ 8,800,812	\$ 8,	8,730,178	\$ 8,	8,826,777	\$ 7,	7,791,922	s s	8,729,403	s	8,780,204	s	8,775,492	8	9,220,650	6 \$	9,661,128	\$ 6,7	6,784,489
All Other Governmental Funds:																			
Restricted for:																			
Capital projects §	- \$	\$ 5,2	5,217,404	\$ 2,	2,465,998	\$	2,415,994	S	2,331,658	S	3,056,534	S	3,645,968	\$	4,753,801	8	3,290,660	\$ 30,3	30,335,364
Debt service	1	2,	2,142,334	Ι,	1,586,419	-1	1,592,510		1,082,438		905,833		790,007		728,988		808,765	1,8	1,859,202
Law enforcement	1		130,511		104,620		236,162		100,630		146,567		146,261		189,954		282,410	-	132,504
Park operations	1	1,	1,118,546	1,	1,244,613		,384,988	. –	1,433,102		1,544,679		1,444,312	-	1,449,015	1	1,478,029	1,5	1,559,621
Police and fire pension	1	3,4	3,442,950	က်	3,279,934	<i>ω</i>	3,118,751	. 1	2,973,222		2,779,281		2,308,225	-	1,940,337	1	,403,024	2	908,927
Sewer lateral	1	4	463,476		596,602		771,756		867,327		918,456		898,909		795,862		673,200	4)	537,998
Special business district	1		164,190		204,396		191,749		179,592		139,165		118,412		145,771		203,111	6.4	209,958
TIF bonds and notes	1	_	99,766		680,217		354,091		371,996		364,204		382,225		390,803		383,448		1
Reserved	9,104,098		1		•		•		1		1		•		•		•		1
Unreserved, reported in:																			
Special revenue funds	6,129,017				•				•				•				•		1
				:		:													
Governmental Funds \$	\$ 15,233,115	\$ 13,	\$ 13,349,177	\$ 10	(0,162,799	\$ 10	\$ 10,066,001	×	9,339,965	×	9,854,719	se.	9,734,319	S	\$ 10,394,531	×	8,522,647	\$ 35,543,574	43,574

Note:

In February 2009 the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied. The City chose to present the fund balance information prospectively, although GASB encouraged retroactive application.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

11	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues: Taxes		\$ 20,427,387 461,501 2,527,056 310,834 2,234,267 452,828 715,179	\$ 20,489,250 \$22,915 2,890,393 139,449 2,312,891 116,893 692,495	\$ 20,231,294 479,014 3,159,029 341,129 2,376,950 1,044,132 654,804	\$ 20,939,301 425,188 2,794,934 112,395 2,513,499 516,163 648,060	\$ 21,140,400 484,153 2,887,464 35,659 2,534,545 101,391	\$ 21,475,444 606,148 3,000,167 108,286 2,508,851 98,869 689,589	\$ 21,964,593 593,983 2,914,121 286,323 2,653,757 397,922 693,110	\$ 22,685,471 606,650 2,982,152 82,685 2,934,253 130,868 878,124	\$ 23,516,468 684,806 2,773,459 112,420 2,802,124 636,702
lotal Kevenues	28,17,991	27,129,052	27,104,286	78,286,352	27,949,540	27,783,803	28,481,354	29,503,809	50,300,203	51,565,438
General government	3,343,109 314,537	3,243,396 334,393	3,337,487 350,191	3,475,859 366,809	3,504,637 381,138	4,048,516	4,066,910	4,353,129	4,359,967	4,587,228
Engineering	292,086 343,642	375,395 334,676	337,229 379,951	332,089 393,92 5	331,305 428,068	363,980 451,232	380,904 453,158	525,630 451,573	656,624 474,864	983,417 492,328
Building commissionerPolice.	610,481	636,016	635,226	579,708	580,761	612,942	646,783	655,718	737,827	668,472
Fire. Streets	5,087,210	5,229,074	5,313,435	5,362,889	5,372,685	5,513,560	5,680,975	5,913,338	6,464,492	6,483,512
Recreation.	1,880,742	1,912,785	1,987,716	2,027,186	2,057,419	2,073,442	2,106,468	2,071,442	2,126,830	2,160,188
Parks	1,079,354 3,708,496	1,174,145 5,640,735	1,211,238 7,018,006	1,229,760 6,005,542	1,301,437 4,628,866	1,328,485 3,533,070	1,354,233 3,774,329	1,375,098 4,615,055	1,399,135 5,744,123	1,409,202 5,898,560
Debt service:	1	58,700	1	1	113,813	1	,	ı	,	253,371
Interest. Principal.	1,990,000 983,744	840,620 2,099,204	2,155,000 737,681	567,047 1,640,000	407,148 1,419,000	381,985 1,454,000	33 4,5 62 1,514,000	279,007 1,576,000	222,827 1,643,000	271,247 2,012,795
Payments to escrow agent	27,395,844	311,200 30,081,208	31,821,839	30,647,159	29,132,413	28,687,885	29,449,987	31,077,955	33,544,555	35,228,645
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	780,147	(2,952,156)	(4,657,553)	(2,360,807)	(1,182,873)	(904,082)	(962,633)	(1,574,146)	(3,244,352)	(3,863,207)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt Discount on debt Premium on debt Payments to escrow agent Proceeds from sale of caninal asserts.		4,185,000 (27,202) - (4,099,098)		1 1 1 1	5,000,0000 - 63,818 (5,394,474)		1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	23,515,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	137,484	61,819	40,709	147,382	41,568	29,636	58,546	155,119	70,492	120,980
Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,003,159 (426,104) 1,714,539	1,860,288 (983,223) 997,584	2,132,530 (605,465) 1,567,774	3,424,009 (2,342,237) 1,229,154	2,517,630 (834,224) 1,394,318	2,754,105 (1,314,105) 1,469,636	1,487,693 (907,693) 837,521	3,652,473 (1,182,473) 2,679,516	2,391,675 (851,675) 1,812,946	6,296,402 (3,776,842) 28,007,495
Net Change In Fund Balances\$	3 2,494,686	\$ (1,954,572)	\$ (3,089,779)	\$ (1,131,653)	\$ 211,445	\$ 565,554	\$ (125,112)	\$ 1,105,370	\$ (1,431,406)	\$ 24,144,288
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.4%	11.9%	11.5%	8.8%	7.4%	7.2%	7.1%	6.8%	6.6%	7.5%

(a) Purchasing is now included in General government and finance. This change was made to be consistent in putting all administrative and service departments in this category.

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

%8.6 \$ 21,417,215 20,427,387 20,489,250 20,231,294 20,939,301 21,140,400 21,475,444 21,964,593 23,516,468 22,685,471 Total -27.8% Cigarette 77,335 78,565 76,296 73,250 70,575 82,428 74,772 73,695 66,108 \$ 91,503 52.0% Franchise 333,332 392,896 403,980 439,097 497,158 430,968 490,472 435,251 \$283,567 470,713 100.0% Public Safety 599,999 County S 0.2%Highway Road 746,093 741,313 741,644 721,122 747,752 694,097 786,380 778,061 788,138 794,974 and Bridge S 7.8% Gasoline/Motor 1,097,557 1,032,608 1,017,004 1,053,301 1,022,331 983,792 1,008,285 .057,443 1,083,459 ,113,344 Vehicle Sales S -6.3% Utility Gross 4,966,983 \$ 4,853,797 4,798,038 4,786,762 4,978,547 5,123,579 4,961,101 4,521,274 4,569,514 4,549,042 Receipts -8.3% \$ 5,381,046 4,861,566 4,331,358 4,565,887 4,561,918 4,239,182 4,760,010 4,751,546 4,891,680 4,936,507 Property 22.7% Sales & Use 8,889,445 9,186,519 \$ 8,988,314 8,429,854 8,533,126 9,154,959 9,962,574 10,242,203 10,927,472 1,032,362 Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2009-2018 Change 2015 2016 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2017 2018

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Ended Ended	Residential Real	Commercial Real	Regular Personal	Total Taxable	Total Direct Tax	Estimated Actual	Value as a Percentage of
March 31,	Estate Property	Estate Property	Property	Assessed Value	Kate	Taxable Value	Actual Value
2009	\$ 565,433,950	\$ 118,665,747	\$ 79,119,443	\$ 763,219,140	0.664	\$ 3,584,180,684	21.294%
2010	526,140,160	117,452,818	73,310,002	716,902,980	0.631	3,356,150,794	21.361
_	529,101,680	117,221,517	66,185,197	712,508,394	0.624	3,349,638,373	21.271
~	518,688,130	105,102,560	65,525,970	689,316,660	0.645	3,254,980,596	21.177
	535,251,010	105,038,340	71,502,050	711,791,400	0.636	3,359,882,994	21.185
4	533,417,190	104,833,670	72,778,170	711,029,030	0.621	3,353,420,459	21.203
2015	535,967,140	111,423,282	77,050,535	724,440,957	0.661	3,400,252,163	21.306
9	557,258,520	117,332,508	76,549,720	751,140,748	909.0	3,529,275,794	21.283
2017	557,019,130	117,477,577	77,572,845	752,069,552	0.618	3,531,538,869	21.296
2018	616,118,550	124.532.915	78.757.581	819,409,046	0.600	3.868.190.943	21.183

Source: Office of the St. Louis County Assessor

commercial, and 33-1/3 of value for personal property. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value Note: St. Louis County assesses property at approximately 19 percent of actual value for residential, 32 percent for by those percentages. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RATE PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2009 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
City of Kirkwood Direct Rates: General Fund	0.276 0.130 0.138	0.280 0.132 0.129	0.274	0.293 0.138 0.136	0.295 0.139 0.137	0.295 0.133 0.128	0.333 0.134 0.129	0.286 0.128 0.125	0.293 0.131 0.127	0.276
Debt Service Fund	0.120	0.090	0.090	0.078	0.0636	0.621	0.065	0.067	0.067	0.600
Overlapping Rates: County and State	0.588	0.553	0.553	0.553	0.553	0.553	0.553	0.545	0.545	0.519
Kirkwood Public Library	0.286	0.302	0.302	0.302	0.302	0.302	0.302	0.303	3.070	0.286
School Districts.	5.042	5.236	5.400	5.520	5.516	5.715	5.733	5.590	5.633	5.778
Sewer DistrictsOther	0.303	0.323	0.160	0.166	0.148	0.173	0.174 0.370	0.171	0.120	0.116 0.353

Source: St. Louis County Department of Revenue

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2018			2009	
Tax Payer	Taxa	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Assessed Value
Ashfield Active Living and Wellness	\$	11,868,910	- (1.45%		•	
KITKWOOD COMMONS LLC		5,993,910 5,857,830	7 0	0.73%	5,594,000	- v	0.73%
Mills Timberlake Apartments.		5.451.000) 4	0.67%	3.284.330) L	0.43%
1001 Kirkwood LLC		4,720,640	5	0.58%			
Kirkwood Station Plaza LLC		4,356,630	9	0.53%			
Pioneer Place LLC.		4,119,130	7	0.50%	4,483,490	4	0.59%
RJC Partnership LLC		3,721,500	8	0.45%	2,640,670	10	0.35%
Dayton Hudson Corporate		3,534,750	6	0.43%	3,676,630	9	0.48%
Lowes Home Centers Inc		3,400,640	10	0.42%	3,232,000	8	0.42%
Novus Investment LLC		1	1	•	5,274,110	2	0.69%
Geneva Exchange Fund XXXIII LLC		ı	1	1	4,990,110	33	0.65%
SSM Health Care St Louis		1	1	1	3,058,370	6	0.40%
Total	€	53,024,940		6.47%	\$ 40,425,360		5.29%

Source: Office of the St. Louis County Assessor

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

ons to Date	Percentage of	Levy	99.02 %	98.47	98.33	97.35	96.61	96.64	96.55	96.52	96.72	85.89
Total Collections to Date		Amount	\$ 4,901,880	4,365,242	4,332,465	4,117,388	4,315,602	4,315,799	4,344,551	4,385,856	4,492,147	4,221,678
	Delinguent Tax	Collections	\$ 462,711	415,857	359,446	316,576	354,081	412,756	388,786	327,774	349,634	ı
n the Fiscal Evy	Percentage of	Levy	% 19.68	89.09	90.17	89.86	88.68	87.40	87.91	89.31	89.19	85.89
Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Amount	\$ 4,439,169	3,949,385	3,973,019	3,800,812	3,961,521	3,903,043	3,955,765	4,058,082	4,142,513	4,221,678
	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal	Year	\$ 4,950,386	4,433,098	4,405,908	4,229,527	4,467,045	4,465,960	4,499,609	4,543,913	4,644,369	4,914,995
	Fiscal Year Ended March	31,	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Source: Office of the St. Louis County Assessor

ELECTRICITY SOLD BY TYPE OF CUSTOMER (IN MEGAWATT HOURS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

I	2009		2010	2011		2012	2013	3	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Type of Customer: Residential Commercial by type	97,988	∞	260'96	114	,458	101,132	10.	102,392	101,411	98,250	96,631	98,164	98,327
Electric Primary	22,800	0	10,880	6	,647	8,526		8,293	7,886	7,581	7,573	7,696	7,508
Small Commercial Large User	43,365 58,713	က က	42,292 55,501	45 64.	5,693 1,492	40,244 62,225	3 Q	38,694 66,003	39,122 $66,106$	37,833 64,778	45,992 52,067	37,153 64,478	36,891 63,496
Total	222,866		204,765	234,290	290	212,127	21.	215,382	214,525	208,442	202,263	207,491	206,222
Total direct rate per megawatt hour	\$ 61.87		\$ 67.25	\$	24 \$	94.75	6 \$	95.95	\$ 101.85	\$ 102.26	\$ 102.45	\$ 104.77	\$ 107.40

Source: City of Kirkwood Finance Department

WATER SOLD BY TYPE OF CUSTOMER (IN HUNDRED CUBIC FEET) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

•	2009	2010		2011	20	2012	2013		2014		2015	20	2016	2017	7	2018	
Type of Customer: Residential	904,757 459,273	884,399 392,984	66 88 88	953,661 418,779	96	965,730 434,473	1,078,098	,098 ,561	963,864 439,534		917,012 418,359	84	848,767 417,272	860	860,371 422,797	931,273 447,241	273
Total	1,364,030	1,277,383		1,372,440	1,4(1,400,203	1,560,659	 	1,403,398		1,335,371	1,26	1,266,039	1,283,168	,168	1,378,514	514
Total direct rate per hundred cubic feet	\$ 2.74	↔	3.17 \$	3.12	↔	3.38	↔	3.34	3.43	€9	3.50	\$	3.46	↔	3.63	∞	3.56

Source: City of Kirkwood Finance Department

CITY OF KIRKWOOD, MISSOURI SALES TAX REVENUES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Sales Tax Type	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Regular Sales (1.0%)	\$ 3,087,002	\$ 2,899,775	\$ 3,000,714	\$ 3,130,827		\$ 3,238,937	\$ 3,534,540	\$ 3,421,397	\$ 3,343,609	\$ 3,376,574
Local Option (0.25%) ^a	935,098	837,875	842,044	884,730		920,605	968,474	964,481	950,892	1,026,695
Fire Protection (0.25%)	1	1	ı	ı		1	ı	514,497	1,266,907	1,275,039
Local Use Tax	279,409	196,872	247,572	271,770	330,356	333,506	359,611	344,324	394,164	500,609
Capital Improvement (0.50%) ^b	2,004,175	1,954,106	1,921,405	1,999,992	2,068,301	2,050,842	2,216,989	2,177,662	2,157,604	2,169,726
Stormwater and Parks (0.50%).	2,319,429	2,268,143	2,244,674	2,342,214	2,422,225	2,402,275	2,604,584	2,561,285	2,538,355	2,552,618
TIF EATs (All sources)	363,201	273,083	276,717	259,912	291,711	240,354	278,376	258,557	275,941	131,101
Total	\$ 8,988,314	\$ 8,429,854	\$ 8,533,126	\$ 8,889,445	\$ 9,154,959	\$ 9,186,519	\$ 9,962,574	\$ 10,242,203	\$ 10,927,472	\$ 11,032,362

NOTES:

The sales tax rate in the City is 8.613%, which includes 4.225% for the State of Missouri, 1.888% for St. Louis County, and 2.5% as the City's direct rate.

All sales tax revenues are collected by the Missouri Department of Revenue for a 1% collection fee.

Source: Basic Financial Statements

two sales tax revenue sources from the "Point of Sale" area and 11% from the "Pooled" area. It is because of the complex tax distribution formula that actual tax receipts are not The regular (1%) and the local option (0.25%) sales taxes are remitted to St. Louis County for redistribution to municipal taxing authorities. St. Louis County collects 1.8242083% annexation and incorporation adjustment. St. Louis County distributes the remaining taxes based on "Point of Sale" cities or "Pooled" cities. Kirkwood derives 89% of these proportionate to the tax percentages presented.

^oCapital improvement sales tax in addition to the State's 1% collection fee, has 15% retained by the State in subaccount of the trust fund for reallocation per statute and 85% is remitted to the City.

^cIn FY2008 the Kirkwood Commons TIF bonds were retired in full and the TIF district was terminated; however, public improvement revenue notes remain and the city pledge the "bottom half" of the EATs from this district to service the principal and interest on these notes. The City's obligation for the public improvement revenue notes ended November 2017. In FY2012, the Pioneer Place TIF bonds were retired in full and the TIF district was terminated.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
City of Kirkwood Direct Rates: General Corporate Sales Tax Local Option Use Tax Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fire Protection Sales Tax Park and Stormwater Sales Tax	1.00 0.25 0.50 -	1.00 0.25 0.50 - 0.50	1.00 0.25 0.50 - 0.50	1.00 0.25 0.50 - 0.50	1.00 0.25 0.50 - 0.50	1.00 0.25 0.50 - 0.50	1.00 0.25 0.50 - 0.50	1.00 0.25 0.50 0.25 0.50	1.00 0.25 0.50 0.25 0.25	1.00 0.25 0.50 0.25 0.25
Subtotal Direct Rate	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.50	2.50	2.50
Overlapping Rates: State State St. Louis County Transportation St. Louis County Regional Parks & Trails Children's Service Fund Emergency Communitions Metro Parks/Arch Subtotal Overlapping Rate	4.225 0.500 0.250 0.100 - - - 5.075	4.225 0.500 0.250 0.100 0.250 - - 5.325	4.225 0.500 0.750 0.100 0.250 0.100 - - - 8.175	4.225 0.500 0.750 0.100 0.250 0.100 -	4.225 0.500 0.750 0.100 0.250 0.100 -	4.225 0.500 0.750 0.100 0.250 0.100 - 5.925	4.225 0.500 0.750 0.100 0.100 0.108 0.188 6.113	4.225 0.500 0.750 0.100 0.250 0.100 0.188 6.113	4.225 0.500 0.750 0.100 0.250 0.100 0.188 6.113	4.225 0.500 0.750 0.100 0.250 0.100 0.188 6.113

Source: St. Louis County Department of Revenue and Missouri Department of Revenue

NOTE: Kirkwood has a new development that council approved a 1% transportation development district tax. The development is a one block area in downtown Kirkwood.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Per Capita^a of Personal 1.09% 1.29% 1.16% 1.08% 0.98% 0.93% 1.00% 0.83% 0.70% 1.71% Percentage Income^a Total Primary 20,868,565 19,040,143 20,285,660 17,678,405 36,781,425 \$ 21,023,387 22,506,932 18,914,807 14,985,023 24,971,091 Government Certificates of Participation 9,629,345 9,280,296 \$ 3,665,454 9,973,395 9,066,442 8,667,248 1,958,482 11,337,695 10,701,911 10,051,127 Business-Type Activities 1,736,975 938,360 532,879 267,904 ,339,711 Capital Leases S 805,927 Capital Leases S 4,197,204 3,668,000 Revenue Bonds 3,168,000 2,608,000 2,364,000 2,090,000 ,781,000 1,440,000 ,057,000 Tax Increment and Notes S Governmental Activities 4,299,701 3,540,584 2,766,467 1,977,350 1,178,233 24,626,467 Certificates Participation 7,095,313 6,476,320 Revenue Bonds 5,842,327 5,269,312 Leasehold Obligation Bonds 6,065,416 3,310,000 2,880,000 2,440,000 1,985,000 4,853,376 3,867,260 3,710,957 1,515,000 1,030,000 General S Fiscal Year March 31, Ended 2010 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2011

817 758

769 907

691 687 737 642 544

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^a See page 125 for personal income and population data.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Per Capita ^b	148	130	115	101	68	77	71	55	41	20
Percentage of Estimated Actual Tax Value of Property ^a	0.11%	0.11%	0.09%	0.09%	0.07%	0.06%	0.06%	0.04%	0.03%	0.01%
Total	4,037,362	3,586,884	3,156,684	2,774,685	2,460,516	2,128,863	1,965,238	1,525,698	1,133,579	545,488
Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	2,028,054	1,266,492	710,576	716,667	661,251	594,276	474,762	459,302	381,421	484,512
General Obligation Bonds	6,065,416	4,853,376	3,867,260	3,491,352	3,121,767	2,723,139	2,440,000	1,985,000	1,515,000	1,030,000
Fiscal Year Ended March 31,	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^a Property value data can be found on page 112: Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property.

^b Population data can be found on page 125: Demographic and Economic Statistics.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

•	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Assessed valuation	\$763,219 \$716,903	\$716,903	\$712,508	\$689,317	\$711,791	\$711,029	\$724,441	\$751,141	\$752,070	\$819,409
Debt limit - 10% of assessed valuation	\$ 76,322	\$ 71,690	\$ 71,251	\$ 68,932	\$ 71,179	\$ 71,103	\$ 72,444	\$ 75,114	\$ 75,207	\$ 81,941
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit: Total general obligation bonded debt Less: Amount available in debt	6,065	4,853	3,867	3,491	3,122	2,723	2,440	1,985	1,515	1,030
service fund	(2,028)	(2,028) (1,266)	(711)	(717)	(661)	(594)	(475)	(459)	(381)	(485)
Bonded indebtedness applicable to debt limit	4,037	3,587	3,156	2,774	2,461	2,129	1,965	1,526	1,134	545
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 72,285 \$ 68,103	\$ 68,103	\$ 68,095	\$ 66,158	\$ 68,718	\$ 68,974	\$ 70,479	\$ 73,588	\$ 74,073	\$ 81,396
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	94.71%	95.00%	95.57%	95.98%	96.54%	97.01%	97.29%	97.97%	98.49%	99.33%

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^aAmount available in debt service fund.

^bUnder the statutes of the State of Missouri, the limit of bonded indebtedness is 10% of the most recent assessed valuation.

The legal debt margin is the City's available borrowing authority under the statutes of the State of Missouri and is calculated by subtracting the net debt applicable to the legal debt limit from the legal debt limit.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF MARCH 31, 2018

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding ^a	Estimated Percentage Applicable ^b	 imated Share Overlapping Debt ^c
St. Louis County	\$ 92,215,000	3.33%	\$ 3,070,760
General obligation bonds	35,330,000	57.89%	20,452,537
Leasehold revenue bonds	15,915,000	57.89%	9,213,194
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			32,736,491
City of Kirkwood, Direct Debt			
General obligation bonds			1,030,000
Cetificate of Participation			 23,880,000
Subtotal, Direct Debt			 24,910,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 57,646,491

Source: Bond amounts were provided by the respective taxing districts or publicly available documents. Assessments were provided by the Office of the St. Louis County Collector.

^a Excludes overlapping taxing districts with assessed valuations applicable to the City that are less than 1%.

^b Estimated based on 2017 real and personal property.

^c Excludes lease obligations of overlapping taxing districts and taxing districts whose assessed valuation represents less than 1% of the City's total assessment.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Coverage	1 15	CT:T	0.94	1.10	99.0	1.05	0.98	1.04	1.02	0.99	0.30
	Í			Interest	386 690	00,000	350,394	290,605	250,268	216,530	195,495	170,638	143,367	112,285	87,230
	Debt Service				4)									
3	Debt S			Principal	490 000	000,001	529,204	500,000	560,000	244,000	274,000	309,000	341,000	383,000	455,000
nd Notes					4)									
Tax Increment Financing Bonds and Notes			Total Available	Revenue	1 006 415	7,000,1	825,427	872,087	536,134	483,746	461,703	499,034	492,942	489,299	160,731
ent Fina			Tota		¥)									
Tax Increm	8		Business License	Revenue	183 805	100,001	183,826	177,368	171,067	165,348	193,282	192,311	192,910	184,664	290
	ue Sources		Busir	ا ۳	4)									
	Revenue			Sales Tax	418 445	71.011	314,685	344,600	325,303	318,398	268,421	306,723	300,032	304,635	160,141
				Š	¥)									
				Property Tax	404 165	101,100	326,916	350,119	39,764	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1
				Prc	¥)									
		Fiscal Year	Ended March	31,	2009	7007	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	Unemployment Rate	5.9%	7.5%	8.7%	5.1%	6.3%	4.7%	5.6%	2.6%	4.2%	2.9%
	School Enrollment	5,026	5,000	5,083	5,132	5,554	5,608	5,595	5,681	5,702	5,760
n Level	Bachelor's Degree or Higher (%)	51.5%						59.4%	51.5%	%9.89	62.8%
Education Level	High School Graduate (%)	94.2%						%0.96	94.2%	96.7%	96.7%
	Median Age ^a	41.0						44.5	42.8	42.8	42.7
	Per Capita Personal Income	70,888						73,750	77,420	77,574	77,917
	Pers	∽						\$	S	\$	\$
	Personal Income (thousand of dollars)	1,936,944						2,031,075	2,132,147	2,136,388	2,145,834
	Pers	∽						↔	S	∽	\$
	Population	27,324	27,324	27,540	27,540	27,540	27,540	27,540	27,540	27,540	27,540
	Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Source: U.S. Census Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2012-2016 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates and Kirkwood School District ^aMedian age was not available.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	ı	2018		2009	
Employer	Product or Service	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank
Kirkwood School District R-7	Education	714		611	П
The Lutheran Church-Missouri Synod	Church Headquarters	381	2	387	3
Junior College District of St. Louis, St. Louis County Missouri	Education	343	e	450	2
City of Kirkwood	City Government	321	4	257	4
Shop 'n Save Supermarket	Retail Grocer	185	5	205	9
Ashfield Active Living and Wellness(Aberdeen)	Retirement Residence	143	9		
Lowes	Retail	117	7	104	6
Wal-Mart.	Retail	113	8	219	5
St. Agnes Home.	Long-Term Care	86	6	28	10
Arrow Box Company	Manufacturing	69	10		
AT&T (Formerly SBC Communications)	Telephone			115	8
Target	Retail	*	ı	126	7

Source: Office of the Chief Administrative Officer

Total

Note: Percentage of total city employment column has been omitted for both 2018 and 2009 because accurate information is unavailable.

* Target has historically ranked around the 5th to 7th major employer but has made it a policy decision not to disclose this information.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

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Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General government:										
City clerk	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Administration	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.0	4.0
$\mathrm{MIS}^{\mathrm{a}}$. 5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	0.9	0.9	0.9	5.0
Personnel	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Community development	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Finance	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Municipal court	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
Special Business District	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
Purchasing	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.5	3.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	3.5
Engineering	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	7.3	6.3
Building maintenance	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.5	3.5
Building commissioner	8.0	8.0	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.5	7.7	8.7	7.0	7.0
Police:										
Commissioned Officers	56.0	58.0	59.0	0.09	0.09	0.09	62.0	0.09	61.0	62.0
Civilians	14.0	11.8	13.3	13.0	13.0	13.7	14.0	15.1	20.5	19.5
Fire:										
Officers, firefighters, and EMS	45.0	46.0	46.0	46.0	46.0	44.0	46.0	54.0	52.0	53.0
Civilians	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Streets	14.0	13.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	14.0
Parks	10.8	12.7	12.3	12.3	12.5	13.0	13.0	13.4	16.0	15.0
Recreation	18.8	17.5	18.8	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	16.0	18.7	16.8
Electric	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	22.0	21.0	19.5	19.5
Water	15.0	16.0	18.0	17.0	18.0	17.0	18.0	19.0	18.3	17.8
Sanitation ^d	. 19.0	20.6	17.8	16.0	17.8	16.8	14.9	15.8	15.2	15.0
Workers compensation	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Fleet services	8.9	7.3	7.3	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Total	267.5	271.6	273.2	268.6	272.5	270.2	275.5	283.9	292.1	287.5
1.229										

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Source: City of Kirkwood Finance Department

^aGIS technician position included in MIS is funded by the Water Fund.

^bOffice manager, (2) utility billing clerks, and customer service representative included in Finance are funded equally by the Electric, Water, and Sanitation Funds.

^CDirector of Public Works included in Engineering is funded 40% by Sanitation.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General government:										
Business/Liquor Licenses Issued	1,067	1,054	1,096	1,056	1,110	1,046	1,140	1,011	1,022	1,184
AP Checks Issued	5,455	4,875	4,754	4,838	4,466	3,994	3,332	3,715	3,941	3,212
Electronic Vendor Payments Processed	ı	419	009	571	536	963	1,840	2,198	2,111	2,652
Payroll Checks Issued	147	128	122	125	42	28	12	32	11	14
Purchasing:										
Purchase Orders Issued	828	865	884	686	866	1,013	1,019	1,113	1,245	1,206
Invoices Processed	1,928	1,973	2,325	2,297	2,371	2,582	2,744	2,847	2,932	2,991
Formal Bids	54	93	100	187	197	212	218	185	267	217
Engineering:										
Concrete Street Replacement (Square Yds)	7,293	13,226	13,570	16,499	20,385	17,978	12,516	29,676	22,065	12,164
Asphaltic Concrete Overlays (Tons)	6,247	9,464	124,227	8,667	46,320	6,594	•	1,137	4,302	4,439
Planning & Zoning Applications including										
Performance Guarantee Administration	25	22	20	31	22	27	26	21	26	29
Excavation Deposits	84	141	148	162	200	225	296	274	271	141
Sewer Lateral Insurance Applications	144	94	140	120	141	174	165	173	191	175
Single Family Site Plan Reviews	30	25	19	28	41	52	99	54	99	62
Building Maintenance:										
Work Orders Completed	499	525	812	491	726	614	675	623	593	813
	1000	ò	6 /00/	,000	,000	11/0/	1000	Č.	ç	400,
Cost Kecovery Kate	109%	%76	143% -	130%	108%	116%	130%	12/%	121%	140%
Building	2,162	1,952	1,943	1,994	929	2,371	3,110	4,541	2,832	3,034
Occupancy	1,331	1,461	1,517	1,544	1,471	1,477	1,528	1,564	1,472	1,464
Inspections Performed:										
Construction	5,862	5,079	4,755	5,267	5,532	6,339	8,525	9,057	9,465	8,724
Re-Occupancy	2,429	2,856	3,026	3,049	2,746	2,490	2,586	2,809	2,554	2,343
Board of Adjustment Cases	24	14	19	25	27	33	44	29	43	30
Architectural Review Cases	89	43	57	49	204	216	247	272	252	238
Police:										
Number of Calls.	20,712	18,442	18,451	20,893	22,929	22,730	24,223	24,009	24,738	25,383
Number of Code Violation Complaints	1,011	2,578	2,999	1,694	2,109	1,461	1,773	2,561	1,244	1,818

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

1											
-1	Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
_	Fire:										
	Number of Calls										
	Fire.	1,305	1,170	1,234	1,317	1,096	1,088	1,162	1,353	1,666	1,685
	EMS	2,236	2,207	2,180	2,703	2,568	2,625	2,840	2,698	3,091	3,112
	Percentage of "At Risk" Property Saved	97.55%	95.71%	93.24%	97.74%	%86.86	%08.86	98.46%	93.91%	93.47%	85.50%
-1	Streets:										
	Maintenance - Asphaltic Concrete (Tons)	426	998	15,462	440	424	387	597	597	1,008	920
	Maintenance - Crack Seal after FY2003 (Pounds)	1,332	4,107	2,143	4,847	4,551	6,750	666	1,369	1,480	1,813
	Ground/Forestry Maintenance (Hours)Snow Removal:	3,269	3,053	4,137	4,804	5,067	5,021	4,642	3,502	4,637	2,080 ^b
	Salt Used (Tons)	1,548	1,920	3,413	919	1,206	3,008	1,120	819	453	456
,	Labor (Hours)	1,490	1,163	1,809	469	1,173	2,031	666	099	479	478
	Parks:										
_	Park Maintenance Cost per AcreRecreation:	\$ 3,493	\$ 3,617	\$ 3,719	\$ 3,739	\$ 3,941	\$ 4,108	\$ 4,075	\$ 4,441	\$ 4,355	\$ 4,261
	Aquatic Facility Attendance	71,812	62,995	74,014	67,519	61,754	55,048	66,132	49,030	76,936	62,382
	Ice Rink Facility Attendance	26,073	28,383	27,623	33,734	37,528	41,675	41,675	39,978	127,584	108,433
_	Cost Recovery Rate	%98	%06	85%	84%	87%	84%	84%	%68	91%	%88
	Number of Customer Accounts:										
	Residential	8,832	8,948	8,804	8,763	8,878	8,790	8,872	8,769	8,737	8,820
	Commercial	1,317	1,405	1,349	1,259	1,276	1,263	1,268	1,261	1,256	1,267
	Personnel Cost/Customer Accounts	\$ 167	\$ 174	\$ 185	\$ 188	\$ 196	\$ 200	\$ 209	\$ 202		\$ 201
	Distribution Cost Per Circuit Line Mile	\$ 13,555	\$ 11,490	\$ 11,552	\$ 18,088	\$ 20,475	\$ 19,738	\$ 20,218	\$ 21,751	\$ 22,587	\$ 20,735
	Number of Customer Accounts:										
	Residential	9,468	9,633	9,465	9,252	9,470	9,444	9,488	9,458	9,512	9,389
	Personnel Cost/Customer Accounts	\$ 120	\$ 124	\$ 137	\$ 144	\$ 135	\$ 132	\$ 139	\$ 141	\$ 140	\$ 137

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Sanitation:										
Number of Customer Accounts										
Residential	9,247	9,275	9,338	9,324	9,325	9,187	9,167	9,154	9,142	9,200
Commercial	145	144	150	144	150	167	223	216	224	,
Personnel Cost/Customer Accounts	. \$ 124	\$ 120	\$ 123	\$ 120	\$ 117	\$ 114	\$ 106	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 105
Material Collected:										
Recycling Material Collected (Tons)	3,096	2,733	2,929	4,163	4,162	4,203	4,238	4,347	2,299	4,175
Waste Disposal (Tons)	9,228	8,923	8,378	6,974	6,737	7,071	7,944	7,634	7,923	6,280
Landfill Diversion Rate (% Recycled/Total)	25%	23%	26%	37%	38%	37%	41%	22%	48%	37%
Yard Waste (Cubic Yards)	7,724	6,955	7,034	7,814	6,437	7,748	7,587	7,479	7,929	6,885
Workers Compensation										
Number of Claims	52	31	21	15	43	38	30	30	31	29
Average Cost per Claim	\$ 15,936	\$ 24,580	\$ 12,459	\$ 5,511	\$9,648	\$12,190	\$6,166	\$5,215	\$14,977	\$20,849
Fleet Services:										
Average Age of Vehicles	6.7	8.4	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.3	6.7	6.9	6.3	6.3
Maintenance Cost per Vehicle	\$ 6,339	\$ 5.827	\$ 6,115	\$ 6,139	\$ 7,084	\$ 5,720	\$ 5.608	\$ 3.684	\$ 4.848	\$ 4,966

Source: Various city departments

^aIncludes permit for Aberdeen of \$282,456

 $^{^{\}text{b}}\textsc{Beginning FY18}$ additional forestry and ground maintenance is outsourced.

^cFY18 commercial sanitation was terminated.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government:	C	c	c	C	c	C	-	-	-	-
Purchasing:	١	1	1	1	1	1	7	-	-	7
Vehicles	_	2	2			_			_	
Warehouse Vehicles	I	1	1	į	1	1	0	1.5	0.5	0.5
Engineering: Vehicles	ĸ	4	ю	m	n	æ	ю	æ	4	4
Building Maintenance: Vehicles	4	8	2	2	7	æ	3	2.5	3.5	3.5
Building commissioner: Vehicles	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	\$
Stations	_	_	_					\leftarrow		
Vehicles	25	29	27	28	29	29	31	30	32	33
Fire: Stations	8	8	æ	ю	ĸ	ю	n	ĸ	т	ω
Vehicles	_	_	_	r	r	-	-	_	_	_
Aerial Ladder	+ —	+	+ —		o —	+	+	, –	+	+
Ambulance	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	4	5
Hazmat/Rescue/Utility	2	2	2	2	2	5	5	3	3	B
Command Vehicles	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	4	3
Streets:										
Miles of Streets	109	109	109	221	221	221	221	221	221	248
Miles of Sidewalks	1111	1111	1111	1111	1111	111	1111	111	1111	120
Vehicles	19	22	21	21	20	21	21	21	21	21
Parks and Recreation:										
Acres of Parks	325	325	326	330	330	330	330	324.5	324.5	330
Community Center	-				1		1	1	-	-

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Parks and Recreation (Continued):										
Outdoor Amphitheater	_		-			,	_	1	-	
Aquatic Facility	-			-			_			
Enclosed Ice Rink	-	_	-		П	_			_	П
Ball Diamonds	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	5	5	7
Tennis Courts	10	10	10	10	10	10	6	6	6	6
Handball Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Pickleball Courts	1	,	i	1	ı	1				
Vehicles	12	16	14	14	12	13	16	15	15	15
Electric:										
Substations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Miles of Line	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132
Street Lights	2,316	2,316	2,316	2,316	2,316	2,316	2316	2316	2316	2316
Traffic Lights	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121
Vehicles	12	12	14	14	16	16	16	17	16	16
Water:										
Pumping Stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	4	4	9
Inter Connect Valves	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	9	2
Miles of Water Line	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135
Vehicles	14	17	15	15	15	14	16	16	17	17
Sanitation:										
Collection Trucks	8	∞	8	8	8	12	10	14	14	14
Other Vehicles	4	9	4	4	4	9	5	8	2	3
Recycling Equipment	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
Vehicles	4	2	5	4	4	ю	8	æ	ю	ю

Source: Various city departments